

New South Wales

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995*:

- (a) to provide that certain classes of persons (*restricted persons*), including inmates of correctional centres, persons on remand and forensic patients, may not make an application to change their name unless the supervising authority has approved of the change of name, and
- (b) to provide that the Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages (*the Registrar*) may not register the change of name of a restricted person unless that approval has been obtained, and
- (c) to provide that the Registrar must not, during a specified period, register the name of a person who was a serious offender unless the approval of the Commissioner of Corrective Services and the Commissioner of Police has been obtained, and
- (d) to set out the criteria for granting approvals, and
- (e) to provide a right to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for the review of certain decisions under the new provisions, and

(f) to provide a right of appeal in relation to certain decisions of the Mental Health Review Tribunal under the new provisions.

The Bill also makes consequential amendments to the *Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000*, the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Regulation 2011* and the *Mental Health Regulation 2007*.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995 No 62

Schedule 1 [1] defines certain terms used for the purposes of Part 5 of the Act which deals with the registration by the Registrar of name changes of persons.

Schedule 1 [2] inserts a new Division 3 into Part 5 of the Act which contains the following provisions:

Proposed section 31A provides that the proposed Division contains requirements and restrictions that are additional to the other requirements and restrictions of Part 5 and excludes the application of the proposed Division in certain circumstances, such as where a court orders a change of name.

Proposed section 31B defines *restricted person* to mean inmates of correctional centres, persons on remand in correctional centres, persons that are subject to certain supervision orders made by a court but are not in custody, persons on parole, periodic detainees, forensic patients and correctional patients (within the meaning of Part 5 of the *Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990*). The regulations may include and exclude certain classes of persons from the definition.

Proposed section 31C makes it an offence for a restricted person, or a person acting on behalf of a restricted person, to apply to the Registrar, or to the Registrar's counterpart in another State or Territory, for the registration of a change of the restricted person's name unless the approval of the supervising authority has been obtained. The supervising authority is generally the Commissioner of Corrective Services or, in the case of a forensic patient, the Mental Health Review Tribunal.

Proposed section 31D provides that a supervising authority may give approval for the registration of a restricted person's change of name only if satisfied that the change of name is in all the circumstances necessary or reasonable. The proposed section also specifies circumstances in which the approval must not be given, for example, if it is reasonably likely that it will threaten the security of premises at

which the person is held, that it is for the purpose of evading or hindering supervision of the person or that the proposed name would be regarded as offensive by a victim of crime or an appreciable sector of the community.

In the case of a forensic patient who is also an inmate, on remand, subject to a supervision order, on parole or a periodic detainee, the Mental Health Review Tribunal must consult with and obtain the concurrence of the Commissioner of Corrective Services to the change of name before giving approval.

Proposed section 31E prevents the Registrar registering a change of name of a restricted person if an approval under the proposed Division has not been given by the supervising authority.

Proposed section 31F prevents the Registrar registering a change of name of a person who is a former serious offender unless the Commissioner of Corrective Services and the Commissioner of Police have approved of the change of name. The restriction will not apply if a 10-year period has passed during which the person has not served a term of imprisonment for an offence.

Proposed section 31G enables the Registrar to alter the Register maintained under section 43 of the Act if a change of name of a person has been registered contrary to the requirements of the proposed Division.

Proposed section 31H enables regulations to be made for the purposes of the proposed Division.

Schedule 1 [3] inserts proposed sections 31I–31L into the Act.

Proposed section 31I provides for supervising authorities and the Commissioner of Corrective Services to provide information on restricted persons and former serious offenders to the Registrar to enable the Registrar to appropriately deal with applications for a change of name by those persons.

Proposed section 31J provides a right of review to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal in relation to certain decisions under the proposed provisions. **Schedule 1 [4]** makes a consequential amendment.

Proposed section 31K provides a right of appeal from certain decisions of the Mental Health Review Tribunal under the proposed provisions.

Proposed section 31L enables the Commissioner of Corrective Services or the Commissioner of Police to classify certain information as security sensitive information. Security sensitive information need not be disclosed by those Commissioners when giving reasons for certain decisions under the proposed provisions. Also, the Administrative Decisions Tribunal, when reviewing those decisions, is to ensure that such information is not disclosed without the approval of the Commissioner who made the decision.

Schedule 1 [5] and [6] contain provisions of a savings and transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 2 Consequential amendment of other legislation

Schedule 2.1 amends the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Regulation 2011* to prescribe certain exclusions from the definition of *restricted person*.

Schedule 2.2 amends the *Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000* to make it clear that the requirements of Part 3A of that Act relating to the change of name of a registrable person within the meaning of that Act are in addition to the requirements under proposed Division 3 of Part 5 of the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995*.

Schedule 2.3 amends the *Mental Health Regulation 2007* to provide for the way in which the Mental Health Review Tribunal is to be constituted when exercising functions under proposed Division 3 of Part 5 of the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995*.



New South Wales

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

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New South Wales

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

No , 2012

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995* in relation to change of name restrictions for certain persons; and for other purposes.

	Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name)
Clause 1	Bill 2012

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Act 2012.	3
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation	F

Scl	nedu	le 1	Amendment of Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995 No 62	1
[1]	Part	5 Chang	ge of name	3
	Inser	t after th	e heading to the Part:	4
	Divi	ision 1	Preliminary	5
	25F	Definit	ions	6
]	In this Part:	7
		(Commissioner of Corrective Services has the same meaning as Commissioner in the Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.	8 9 10
			correctional centre has the same meaning as in the Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.	11 12
			correctional patient has the same meaning as in Part 5 of the Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990.	13 14
			forensic patient has the same meaning as in the Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990.	15 16
		j	former serious offender means a person who was a serious offender but is no longer a serious offender.	17 18
			inmate has the same meaning as in the Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.	19 20
		(interstate Registrar means an authority responsible under a corresponding law for the registration of births, deaths and marriages.	21 22 23
		j	mental health facility has the same meaning as in the Mental Health Act 2007.	24 25
			Mental Health Review Tribunal means the Mental Health Review Tribunal constituted under the <i>Mental Health Act 2007</i> .	26 27
		1	parolee means a person who:	28
			(a) is released on parole in accordance with the <i>Crimes</i> (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999, or	29 30
			(b) is the subject of a parole order that was made under a law of another State or a Territory and that is registered under the <i>Parole Orders (Transfer) Act 1983</i> .	31 32 33
			Deriodic detainee means a person who is subject to a periodic detention order made under section 6 of the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 before the repeal of that section by the Crimes (Sentencing Legislation) Amendment (Intensive Correction Orders) Act 2010 and that is in force.	34 35 36 37 38

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

Schedule 1

Amendment of Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995 No 62

Division 2	General requirements relating to change of	30				
(b)	a community supervision order within the meaning of Part 4A of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> or an intensive correction order or home detention order within the meaning of that Act.	26 27 28 29				
(a)	an interim supervision order or extended supervision order under the <i>Crimes (Serious Sex Offenders) Act 2006</i> , or	24 25				
	rvision order means:	23				
(c)	in relation to any restricted person not referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), the Commissioner of Corrective Services.	20 21 22				
(b)	in relation to a restricted person who is not a forensic patient and who is of a class of restricted persons for whom a supervising authority is prescribed by the regulations, that supervising authority, or	16 17 18 19				
(a)	in relation to a restricted person who is a forensic patient, the Mental Health Review Tribunal, or	14 15				
supei	rvising authority means:	13				
mean	s, result in the person being a serious offender within the ing of that Act.	11 12				
(Adm who l impri the po	6 7 8 9 10					
	us offender has the same meaning as in the Crimes	5				
restricted person—see section 31B.						
centre	centre in connection with proceedings for an offence committed, or alleged to have been committed, by the person.					
person on remand means any person the subject of a warrant or order by which a court has committed the person to a correctional						

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name

[2]		5, Divi t after	sion 3 section 31:	
	Divi	sion	Change of name restrictions for certain persons	;
	31A	Appl	ication of Division	į
		(1)	The requirements and restrictions contained in this Division are in addition to any other requirements and restrictions contained in this Part.	-
		(2)	This Division does not apply to a change of name resulting from the exercise of a power, or the operation of an Act, referred to in section 29C (3).) 1(1 ⁻
			Note. The <i>Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000</i> contains additional requirements and restrictions in relation to the change of name of registrable persons within the meaning of that Act.	12 13 14
	31B	Rest	ricted persons	15
		(1)	For the purposes of this Part, a <i>restricted person</i> means any of the following persons:	16 17
			(a) an inmate,	18
			(b) a person on remand,	19
			(c) a parolee,	20
			(d) a periodic detainee,	2
			(e) a person who is subject to a supervision order,	22
			(f) a forensic patient,	23
			(g) a correctional patient,	24
			(h) a person of a class included by the regulations under subsection (2).	25 26
		(2)	The regulations may include as a class of <i>restricted person</i> any person of a class that comprises the whole or any part of either or both of the following classes:	25 28 29
			(a) persons that are in lawful custody,	30
			(b) persons that are the subject of an order made under an Act authorising some form of supervision or conditional release of the person concerned in connection with the commission, or the alleged commission, of an offence	3: 3: 3: 3:

	(3)	(3) Despite subsection (1), a <i>restricted person</i> does not include any person of a class prescribed by the regulations as not being a class of restricted persons.				
31C	Applications for change of name by or on behalf of restricted person					
	(1)	A restricted person must not do any of the following without having first obtained the written approval of the supervising authority:	6 7 8			
		(a) apply to the Registrar to register a change of his or her name under this Act,	9 10			
		(b) apply to an interstate Registrar to register a change of his or her name under a corresponding law.	11 12			
		Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.	13			
	(2)	A person must not, on behalf of a restricted person, do any of the following without having first obtained the written approval of the supervising authority:	14 15 16			
		(a) apply to the Registrar to register a change of the restricted person's name under this Act,	17 18			
		(b) apply to an interstate Registrar to register a change of the restricted person's name under a corresponding law.	19 20			
		Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.	21			
31D	Арр	roval by supervising authority	22			
	(1)	The supervising authority may approve the making of an application to the Registrar for registration of a change of name of a restricted person only if the authority is satisfied that the change of name is in all the circumstances necessary or reasonable.	23 24 25 26 27			
	(2)	The supervising authority must not approve the making of an application to the Registrar for registration of a change of name of a restricted person if the authority is satisfied that:	28 29 30			
		(a) the change of name would, if registered, be reasonably likely:	31 32			
		(i) to adversely affect the security, discipline or good order of any premises or facility at which the restricted person is held or accommodated, or	33 34 35			
		(ii) to jeopardise the restricted person's or another person's health or safety, or	36 37			
		(iii) to be used to further an unlawful activity or purpose, or	38 39			

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		(b) to the Commissioner of Police when the Registrar registers the name of a person who is a restricted person and a registrable person (within the meaning of the <i>Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000</i>).	1 2 3 4
31F		itional requirements for registration of change of name of ner serious offender	5 6
	(1)	The Registrar must not register a change of name of a former serious offender unless the Registrar has first obtained the written approval of the Commissioner of Corrective Services and the Commissioner of Police.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	However, the Registrar is not required to obtain the approval of the Commissioner of Police under this section if the Commissioner has given approval under Part 3A of the <i>Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000</i> to the making of the relevant application to change the name.	11 12 13 14 15
	(3)	The Commissioner of Corrective Services and the Commissioner of Police may approve the making of an application to the Registrar for registration of a change of name of a former serious offender only if satisfied that the change of name is in all the circumstances necessary or reasonable.	16 17 18 19 20
	(4)	The Commissioner of Corrective Services and the Commissioner of Police must not give an approval under this section if satisfied that:	21 22 23
		(a) the change of name would, if registered, be reasonably likely:	24 25
		(i) to jeopardise the former serious offender's or another person's health or safety, or	26 27
		(ii) to be used to further an unlawful activity or purpose, or	28 29
		(b) the proposed name would be reasonably likely to be regarded as offensive by a victim of crime or an appreciable sector of the community.	30 31 32
	(5)	This section does not apply to the change of name of a person who is a former serious offender if:	33 34
		(a) at any time since the release date, the person has had a prison-free period of 10 consecutive years, or	35 36
		(b) at the time of making the application for the change of name, the person is a restricted person, or	37 38

		(c) the person's conviction for an offence as a result of which the person became a serious offender has been quashed or set aside.	2
	(6)	This section applies to a former serious offender despite the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> .	
	(7)	In this section:	6
		<i>prison-free period</i> , in relation to a person who is a former serious offender, means any period during which the person has not served any part of a term of imprisonment (whether in New South Wales or elsewhere) as a result of being convicted of any offence.	7 8 9 10
		<i>release date</i> , in relation to a person who is a former serious offender, means:	1° 12
		(a) the date on which the last sentence of imprisonment that the person served wholly or partly as a serious offender (whether in New South Wales or elsewhere) expired or, if the person was serving one or more other sentences of imprisonment consecutively or concurrently with that sentence of imprisonment, the date on which the combined terms of all of the sentences expired, or	10 14 18 16 17 18
		(b) if the person was a serious offender and a forensic patient, the date on which the person ceased to be a serious offender.	20 21 22
31G	Regi	strar may correct Register	23
	(1)	The Registrar may correct the Register under section 45 if a change of name of a person has been registered in contravention of this Division.	24 25 26
	(2)	This section does not limit the power of the Registrar under section 45 to correct the Register.	27 28
31H	Regi	ulations for purposes of Division	29
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the making of applications under this Division, the giving of approvals and concurrences under this Division, consultation requirements for supervising authorities, exemptions from the requirements of any of the provisions of this Division and the modification of the application of the provisions of this Division in any specified circumstances.	3(3: 3: 3: 3: 3: 3:

[3]		art 5, Division 4 sert before section 32:				
	Division 4		Misc	cellaneous	,	
	311	Infor	matio	n-shari	ing between relevant authorities and Registrar	4
		(1)	A su	pervisii	ng authority:	
		· ,	(a)	as to t super	ensure that the Registrar is provided with information the identity of the restricted persons for whom it is the vising authority, including the following information lation to each of those persons (if known to the brity):	6 - 8 9
				(i)	the name (including any other name by which a restricted person is or has previously been known),	1° 12
				(ii)	the date and place of birth of each restricted person,	13
				(iii)	the residential address or addresses of each restricted person, and	14 15
			(b)	agree	provide that information in the form and manner d to from time to time between the authority and the strar, and	16 17 18
			(c)	perso previo	notify the Registrar as soon as practicable after a in ceases to be a restricted person if the Registrar has ously been notified by the authority that the person is ricted person.	19 20 21 21
		(2)	The	Commi	ssioner of Corrective Services:	23
			(a)	as to offend to each	ensure that the Registrar is provided with information the identity of persons who are former serious ders, including the following information in relation the of those persons (if known to the Commissioner):	24 25 20 27
				(i)	the name (including any other name by which each such person is or has previously been known),	28 29
				(ii)	the date and place of birth of each such person,	30
				(iii)	the residential address or addresses of each such person,	3 ²
				(iv)	the release date of each such person (within the meaning of section 31F), and	30 34
			(b)	agree	provide that information in the form and manner d to from time to time between the Commissioner he Registrar.	35 36 37
		(3)	This	section	has effect despite any law to the contrary.	38

31J	Review by Administrative Decisions Tribunal of certain decisions under this Part				
	A person may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of the following decisions in relation to the making of an application to the Registrar for the change of name of the person:				
		(a)	a decision of the supervising authority (other than the Mental Health Review Tribunal) under Division 3 to refuse to approve the making of the application,	. 8	
		(b)	a decision by the Commissioner of Corrective Services to refuse to give concurrence under section 31D (3) to the making of the application,	10 11 12	
		(c)	a decision by the Commissioner of Corrective Services or the Commissioner of Police to refuse to give approval under section 31F to the making of the application.	1; 14 1;	
31K	Appeals from decisions of Mental Health Review Tribunal under this Part				
	(1)	A restricted person may appeal to the Forensic Division of the Mental Health Review Tribunal against a decision of the Tribunal under Division 3 to refuse to approve the making of an application to the Registrar for registration of a change of name of the restricted person.			
	(2)	appe Tribi	stricted person may appeal against the determination of an eal by the Forensic Division of the Mental Health Review unal under this section to the Supreme Court in accordance section 163 of the <i>Mental Health Act 2007</i> .	23 24 25 26	
	(3)	the N	section does not give a right of appeal against a decision of Mental Health Review Tribunal that was made only because Commissioner of Corrective Services refused to give surrence under section 31D (3).	27 28 29 30	
	(4)	Revi	nis section, the <i>Forensic Division</i> of the Mental Health ew Tribunal has the same meaning as in Part 5 of the <i>Mental th (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990</i> .	3 ² 32	
31L	Protection of security sensitive information				
	(1)	This	section applies to the following decisions:	3	
		(a)	a decision of the Commissioner of Corrective Services to refuse to give approval or concurrence under section 31D or 31F on a ground referred to in section 31D (2) (a),	30 31 38	

	(b)	a decision of the Commissioner of Police to refuse to give approval under section 31F on a ground referred to in section 31F (4) (a).	2
(2)	The Commissioner of Corrective Services or the Commissioner of Police is not, under this or any other Act or law, required to give any reasons for a decision of the Commissioner's to which this section applies to the extent that the giving of those reasons would disclose any security sensitive information.		
(3)	whic (and	etermining an application for a review of any decision to h this section applies, the Administrative Decisions Tribunal any Appeal Panel in determining any appeal against such a ew under the <i>Administrative Decisions Tribunal Act 1997</i>):	9 10 12 12
	(a)	is to ensure that it does not, in the reasons for its decision or otherwise, disclose any security sensitive information without the approval of the Commissioner who made the decision, and	1; 14 1; 16
	(b)	in order to prevent the disclosure of any such security sensitive information, is to receive evidence and hear argument in the absence of the public, the applicant for review, the applicant's representative and any other interested party, unless that Commissioner approves otherwise.	17 18 19 20 21 22
(4)	In this section, <i>security sensitive information</i> means information classified by the Commissioner of Corrective Services or the Commissioner of Police for the purposes of this section as security sensitive information, being information the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected:		
	(a)	to prejudice criminal investigations, or	28
	(b)	to enable the discovery of the existence or identity of a confidential source of information relevant to law enforcement, or	29 30 3°
	(c)	to endanger a person's life or physical safety, or	32
	(d)	to adversely affect the security, discipline or good order of a correctional centre, correctional complex or residential facility (within the meaning of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i>), or	3: 34 3: 36
	(e)	to adversely affect the supervision of any parolee or person subject to a supervision order.	37 38

[4]	Sect	ion 56	Review by the Administrative Decisions Tribunal	1	
	Inse	t at the	e end of the section:	2	
		(2)	This section does not give a right of review of a decision of the Registrar to refuse to register a change of name that was made only because the Commissioner of Corrective Services or the Commissioner of Police refused to give approval under section 31F.	3 4 5 6 7	
[5]	Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions				
	Inse	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):			
			Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Act 2012	10 11	
[6]	Schedule 3, Part 7			12	
	Insert after Part 6:			13	
	Part 7		Provisions consequent on enactment of	14	
			Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration	15	
			Amendment (Change of Name) Act 2012	16	
	22	Defir	nition	17	
			In this Part, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Act 2012.</i>	18 19	
	23	Аррі	ovals required for change of name of restricted persons	20	
			Division 3 of Part 5 (as inserted by the amending Act) does not	21	
			apply to or in respect of a change of name of a restricted person (within the meaning of that Part) if the application for the change	22 23	
			of name was made before the commencement of that Division.	23 24	
	24	Char	nge of name of former serious offenders	25	
			A reference in section 31F (as inserted by the amending Act):	26	
			(a) to a former serious offender includes a reference to a person who ceased to be a serious offender before the commencement of the section, and	27 28 29	

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

Schedule 1 Amendment of Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995 No 62

(b)	to a release date is a reference to a release date whether occurring before or after the commencement of the section, and	1 2 3
(c)	to any period of time includes a reference to any period of time occurring wholly or partly before the commencement of the section.	5 6

Schedule 2			Consequential amendment of other legislation		1
2.1	Birt	hs, D	eaths	s and Marriages Registration Regulation 2011	3
	Clau	se 16 <i>A</i>	A		4
	Inser	t after	clause	: 16:	5
	16A	Exer Act	nptior	ns from certain provisions of Division 3 of Part 5 of the	6
		(1)	inma corre beca	the purposes of section 31B of the Act, persons who are ates, parolees, periodic detainees, forensic patients or ectional patients, or are subject to a supervision order, solely use of one or more of the following reasons are prescribed as being a class of restricted person:	8 9 10 11 12
			(a)	because of the commission or alleged commission of an offence under a law of the Commonwealth,	13 14
			(b)	because the person is the subject of a warrant under section 170 (1) (a) of the <i>Defence Force Discipline Act</i> 1982 of the Commonwealth by which an authorised officer under that Act has committed the person to a correctional centre pursuant to a punishment of imprisonment imposed under that Act,	15 16 17 18 19 20
			(c)	because the person is a detainee within the meaning of the <i>Migration Act 1958</i> of the Commonwealth and who is held in a correctional centre as referred to in paragraph (b) (ii) of the definition of <i>immigration detention</i> in section 5 of that Act,	21 22 23 24 25
			(d)	because the person is in the keeping of a correctional officer under section 250 of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> .	26 27 28
		(2)	form alleg	erson is exempt from section 31F of the Act if the person is a ser serious offender only because of the commission or ged commission of an offence under a law of the amonwealth.	29 30 31 32
		(3)		is clause, terms defined in Part 5 of the Act have the same nings as they have in that Part.	33 34

Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Amendment (Change of Name) Bill 2012

Schedule 2 Consequential amendment of other legislation

2.2	Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000 No 42 Section 19C Application of Part			
	(2)	For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of Division 3 of Part 5 of the <i>Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995</i> apply to a change of name of a registrable person in addition to the provisions of this Part.		
	2.3	Mental Health Regulation 2007		
Clause 21 Constitution of Tribunal for certain proceedings				
	Insert at the end of the clause:			
	(2)	The Tribunal must be constituted by the President or a Deputy President for the purpose of exercising the function of determining whether to grant an approval to the making of an application for a change of name of a forensic patient as a supervising authority under Division 3 of Part 5 of the <i>Births</i> , <i>Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995</i> .	1: 12 1: 14 1:	