

New South Wales

# **Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2008**

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

The Building Professionals Amendment Bill 2008 and the Strata Management Legislation Amendment Bill 2008 are cognate with this Bill.

### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to reform the planning system, and for that purpose to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (the *EPA Act*) and other Acts and instruments.

### **Environmental planning**

The environmental planning reforms in Schedule 1 to the Bill seek to simplify and provide flexibility to the plan-making process, while retaining community and related consultation procedures. In particular, the reforms:

(a) make provision for a gateway determination at an early stage of the process so that early decisions are made on whether a planning proposal will proceed, on the detailed community and other consultation required, on the time-frames for further stages of the process and on whether the final making of the plan can be delegated to the council, Director-General or other relevant planning authority, and

- (b) require explanations and justifications for planning proposals for gateway determination and consultation purposes, rather than technical legally drafted documents, and
- (c) enable comprehensive and other major plans to be provided with more detailed community and agency consultation than minor plans, and
- (d) enable independent advice to be obtained to deal with planning proposals that have stalled, and
- (e) place on a permanent footing in the EPA Act provisions contained in a regional environmental plan to prevent development consent being granted in Sydney hydrological drinking water catchment unless it has a neutral or beneficial effect on the quality of water, and
- (f) make other amendments to simplify and improve the plan-making process.

### **Development assessment**

The objects of the development assessment reforms in Schedule 2 to the Bill are as follows:

- (a) to establish the Planning Assessment Commission (the *PAC*) and to give the PAC approval and planning functions relating to projects under Part 3A of the EPA Act and other planning, development consent, advisory and review functions,
- (b) to enable the establishment of joint regional planning panels (*regional panels*) and to enable them to be given planning and development consent functions for parts of the State, the planning and other functions of councils whose functions are removed under the EPA Act and other development consent, advisory and review functions,
- (c) to enable councils to appoint independent hearing and assessment panels to advise them about development applications and other planning matters,
- (d) to provide a right for applicants to seek reviews by planning arbitrators of determinations by councils relating to certain development applications and development consents (*planning arbitrator matters*) and to provide for a new third party right to seek a review of development determinations about certain residential and commercial and mixed use developments,
- (e) to restrict appeals to the Land and Environment Court relating to planning arbitrator matters unless they have been reviewed by a planning arbitrator or the council consents to the appeal being made and to generally reduce the period for making an appeal to that Court in a development assessment matter from 12 months to 3 months,
- (f) to re-enact the current limitations on the power of consent authorities to refuse or impose conditions on Crown developments, with certain procedural changes, and confer on regional panels power to determine disputes about council determinations about Crown developments,

- (g) to enable development consents relating to extended hours of operation of certain premises to be subject to later review and change,
- (h) to add to the council functions that may be removed from councils for misconduct reasons and exercised by a planning administrator, planning assessment panel or regional panel,
- (i) to prevent administrative law and other proceedings being taken in respect of the exercise by the Minister of certain functions relating to the appointment of planning administrators or planning assessment panels or conferral on regional panels of certain council functions,
- (j) to require the Director-General of the Department of Planning to consult public authorities on environmental assessment requirements for projects under Part 3A of the EPA Act only if required to do so by applicable guidelines,
- (k) to enable the Independent Commission Against Corruption to recommend the removal from office of members of the PAC or regional panels and planning arbitrators on corruption grounds,
- (1) to apply the provisions of the *Ombudsman Act 1974* to planning arbitrators,
- (m) to make other amendments relating to development assessment, development consents and complying development.

### **Development contributions**

Schedule 3 to the Bill replaces existing provisions of the EPA Act for development contributions with a new Part 5B that provides for community infrastructure contributions, State infrastructure contributions, planning agreements and development contributions for affordable housing.

Significant features of the new provisions are as follows:

- (a) local infrastructure contributions (currently known as section 94 and 94A contributions) will be replaced by community infrastructure contributions,
- (b) local councils will be limited to community infrastructure contributions for *key community infrastructure* (as prescribed by the regulations) and any additional community infrastructure approved for the council by the Minister, with provision for a council seeking such an approval to provide the Minister with a business plan and independent report in support of the application,
- (c) councils, the Minister and other planning authorities will be required to have regard to specified key considerations for development contributions, including affordability, in relation to community infrastructure contributions, State infrastructure contributions and planning agreements,
- (d) the Minister will be able to give directions as to the time within which community infrastructure contributions must be applied,

- (e) the regulations will be able to impose requirements for reporting by planning authorities about the determination, collection, application and use of development contributions and the provision of public infrastructure by them,
- (f) transitional provisions will revoke all existing contributions plans on 31 March 2010, with provision for the Minister to remake existing contributions plans on behalf of councils to cover contributions for infrastructure that is not key community infrastructure when there are binding arrangements in place for the provision of the infrastructure concerned,
- (g) a Community Infrastructure Trust Fund is established under the control of the Treasurer to fund the provision of public infrastructure by public authorities out of community infrastructure contributions levied in the North West and South West Growth Centres of Sydney.

### **Certification of development**

Schedule 4.1 to the Bill amends the EPA Act:

- (a) in relation to the requirements applying to the issue of Part 4A certificates and complying development certificates, and
- (b) in relation to the obligations of certifying authorities and, in particular, the obligations of certifying authorities to give directions with respect to certain matters involving the carrying out of development and to report on those matters, and
- (c) to require design certificates from appropriately accredited persons for certain aspects of development, and
- (d) to strengthen the powers under the EPA Act to prevent or deal with development that contravenes that Act, including enabling the issue of orders to cease building work or subdivision work, enabling authorised persons to ask questions of accredited certifiers and others involved in development and enabling consent authorities to require security to ensure compliance with development consents in the carrying out of building work and subdivision work, and
- (e) to provide for the Minister to take action to suspend a council's certification functions following an adverse report from the Building Professionals Board on the results of an investigation, and
- (f) to make other amendments to improve the certification processes.

Schedule 4.2 to the Bill amends the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* (the *EPA Regulation*) in relation to applications for, and the issue of, Part 4A certificates and complying development certificates, critical stage inspections and fees for building certificates in certain circumstances.

Schedule 4.3 amends the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* in relation to the issue of strata certificates under that Act.

Schedule 4.4 amends the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* in relation to the issue of strata certificates under that Act.

#### Miscellaneous amendments

Schedule 5 to the Bill contains miscellaneous amendments, including amendments:

- (a) to enact a scheme for the development of paper subdivisions, and
- (b) to omit provisions relating to places of public entertainment that are no longer necessary following the integration of separate licensing provisions under the *Local Government Act 1993* into the planning approvals and control processes of the EPA Act, and
- (c) to remove or modify some requirements for concurrence and referrals in relation to planning matters, and
- (d) to provide for the making of consequential savings and transitional regulations.

### Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

**Clause 3** is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and other Acts and instruments set out in Schedules 1–5.

**Clause 4** repeals the *Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) Repeal and Amendment Act 1979* as a consequence of the remaining operative provisions of that Act ceasing to have any operation following the amendments proposed by Schedule 1.

**Clause 5** provides for the repeal of the proposed Act after all the amendments made by the proposed Act have commenced. Once the amendments have commenced the proposed Act will be spent and section 30 of the *Interpretation Act 1987* provides that the repeal of an amending Act does not affect the amendments made by that Act.

# Schedule 1 Amendments relating to environmental planning

Schedule 1.1 Principal amendments to Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

### General matters relating to plan-making

**Schedule 1.1** [1]–[3] amend section 4 of the EPA Act as a consequence of the changes made to the plan-making process to update the definition of *environmental planning instrument*, omit the definition of *regional environmental plan* and insert a definition of *relevant planning authority*.

**Schedule 1.1 [4]** amends section 24 of the EPA Act to confirm existing arrangements that State environmental planning policies (*SEPPs*) may be made by the Governor and local environmental plans (*LEPs*) may be made by the Minister (or delegate).

**Schedule 1.1 [5]** amends section 26 of the EPA Act to allow an environmental planning instrument to make provision for the temporary or limited zoning of land.

**Schedule 1.1 [6]** amends section 33A of the EPA Act to enable a LEP that adopts the standard instrument to be made without complying with the statutory conditions precedent for making the LEP if it replaces an existing LEP and does not make substantial changes to the general effect of the existing instrument.

**Schedule 1.1** [7] substitutes section 34A of the EPA Act to clarify consultation procedures for threatened and other species. Consultation is only required with the Director-General of the Department of Environment and Climate Change before making an environmental planning instrument if, in the opinion of the Director-General of the Department of Planning or the relevant planning authority, there could be an adverse impact on critical habitat or threatened species, populations or ecological communities, or their habitats. The new provision also reduces the period for comments by the Director-General from 40 days to 21 days.

**Schedule 1.1 [8]** inserts section 34B into the EPA Act to place on a permanent footing in the Act provisions contained in a regional environmental plan to prevent development consent being granted in the Sydney hydrological drinking water catchment unless it has a neutral or beneficial effect on the quality of water.

**Schedule 1.1 [12]** extends the operation of section 73A of the EPA Act (which dispenses with compliance with conditions precedent for the making of instruments dealing with certain minor amendments) to instruments that the Minister considers do not have any significant adverse impact on the environment or adjoining land.

**Schedule 1.1 [13]** amends section 73A of the EPA Act to make it clear that the section applies to the amendment or replacement of maps adopted by an instrument.

**Schedule 1.1 [14]** amends section 74B of the EPA Act to make a consequential amendment relating to development control plans.

**Schedule 1.1 [15]** amends section 74C of the EPA Act to remove the ability of a development control plan to provide for notification requirements for complying development.

### State environmental planning policies

**Schedule 1.1 [9]** substitutes Division 2 of Part 3 of the EPA Act relating to the making of State environmental planning policies by the Governor for the purpose of environmental planning by the State. Policies may be made with respect to any matter that is, in the opinion of the Minister, of regional as well as State environmental planning significance. The current requirement for a draft SEPP to be submitted by the Director-General of the Department of Planning to the Minister has been removed.

### Regional environmental plans

**Schedule 1.1 [10]** repeals Division 3 of Part 3 of the EPA Act to remove provisions relating to regional environmental plans. Existing regional environmental plans will be deemed to be SEPPs under Schedule 1.2 and matters of regional environmental planning significance may be the subject of future SEPPs.

### Local environmental plans

**Schedule 1.1 [11]** repeals Divisions 4 and 4A of Part 3 of the EPA Act relating to LEPs and inserts instead a new Division 4. The new Division establishes a new process for making LEPs.

Proposed section 53 enables the Minister (or delegate) to make local environmental plans for environmental planning in local government areas and in such other areas of the State as the Minister determines.

Proposed section 54 identifies the relevant planning authority for proposed LEPs, namely the council, the Director-General or any other person or body prescribed by the regulations. The Director-General or any such other person or body may be designated as the relevant planning authority, instead of the council, in specified circumstances, including where the proposed LEP relates to matters of State or regional environmental planning significance or the council has, in the opinion of the Minister, failed to comply with its obligations with respect to the proposed LEP or has not carried out those obligations in a satisfactory manner.

Proposed section 55 requires a planning proposal to be prepared by the relevant planning authority explaining the intended effect of a proposed environmental planning instrument and the justification for making the instrument. The proposed section also sets out the matters to be included in the planning proposal.

Proposed section 56 enables a planning proposal to be forwarded to the Minister for a gateway determination, that is, a determination as to whether the matter is to proceed or should be resubmitted, as to the community and other consultation requirements before the instrument is made, whether there should be a public hearing by the PAC, the time limits for the stages of the procedure for making the instrument and who is to make the instrument. Regulations may be made setting out community consultation requirements for categories of instruments. The Minister may arrange for a review of a planning proposal to be undertaken by the PAC or a regional panel.

Proposed section 57 sets out the community consultation requirements for the making of LEPs.

Proposed section 58 enables a relevant planning authority to vary a planning proposal as a result of community consultation and provides that, if such a change is made, further consultation is not required unless the Minister so directs.

Proposed section 59 provides for the Director-General to make arrangements for the drafting of LEPs and to consult with the relevant planning authority on the terms of draft plans. The proposed section also provides for the making of LEPs and enables matter to be deferred.

Proposed section 60 enables regulations to be made with respect to the making of environmental planning instruments.

### Schedule 1.2 Consequential and other amendments to Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

**Schedule 1.2** [1]–[5] make consequential amendments to definitions in section 4 of the EPA Act.

Schedule 1.2 [6], [9]–[11], [13]–[16], [19]–[21], [23]–[26] and [28]–[36] amend various sections of the EPA Act as a consequence of the proposed changes to plan-making for LEPs.

**Schedule 1.2 [7] and [8]** repeal sections 25 and 26 of the EPA Act as a consequence of the changes made to plan-making generally.

Schedule 1.2 [12], [17], [18], [22] and [27] amend and repeal various sections of the EPA Act as a result of the repeal of provisions relating to regional environmental plans.

**Schedule 1.2 [37]** amends Schedule 6 to the EPA Act to insert savings and transitional provisions consequent on the environmental planning amendments. The provisions save existing environmental planning instruments (including regional environmental plans which are deemed to be SEPPs) and provide for a review of those existing regional environmental plans.

#### Schedule 1.3 Amendment of Fisheries Management Act 1994 No 38

**Schedule 1.3** makes a consequential amendment on the changes to the public consultation procedures for environmental planning instruments (*EPIs*).

#### Schedule 1.4 Amendment of Heritage Act 1977 No 136

**Schedule 1.4** repeals Part 5 (Environmental planning instruments affecting certain land) of the *Heritage Act 1977*. Appropriate consideration of heritage matters is to be included as part of the proposed gateway determination for proposed LEPs.

### Schedule 1.5 Amendment of Sydney Water Catchment Management Act 1998 No 171

**Schedule 1.5 [3] and [4]** amend sections 48 and 52 of the *Sydney Water Catchment Management Act 1998* to provide that regulations for special areas or controlled areas do not prevail over the provisions of SEPPs.

**Schedule 1.5** [5] repeals Division 4 of Part 5 of that Act, which required the preparation of a regional environmental plan for the catchment area (see now proposed section 34B). **Schedule 1.5** [1] and [2] make consequential amendments.

### Schedule 1.6 Amendment of Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 No 101

**Schedule 1.6** makes a consequential amendment on the changes to the public consultation procedures for EPIs.

### Schedule 1.7 Amendment of Water Management Act 2000 No 92

**Schedule 1.7** amends section 322 of the *Water Management Act 2000* to provide that regulations for special areas do not prevail over the provisions of SEPPs.

### Schedule 1.8 Amendment of Drinking Water Catchments Regional Environmental Plan No 1

**Schedule 1.8** makes consequential repeals.

# Schedule 2 Amendments relating to development assessment

### Schedule 2.1 Principal amendments to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

### New planning bodies—general matters

**Schedule 2.1** [1] amends section 4 of the EPA Act to omit definitions as a consequence of the repeal of provisions relating to Commissions of Inquiry. The current functions of Commissioners of Inquiry, and additional functions, are to be undertaken by the PAC.

**Schedule 2.1 [2]** amends section 4 of the EPA Act to recognise the PAC and regional panels as consent authorities for the purposes of the Act, as a consequence of the conferral of functions on those bodies by the proposed Act.

**Schedule 2.1 [3]** amends section 4 of the EPA Act to insert definitions relating to the new planning bodies created by the proposed Act.

**Schedule 2.1 [4]** repeals section 20 of the EPA Act, which establishes the Local Government Liaison Committee.

**Schedule 2.1** [5] repeals section 22 of the EPA Act, which enables the establishment of other committees. **Schedule 2.1** [6] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 2.1 [8]** amends section 23 of the EPA Act to enable the Minister, the Director-General or the Ministerial corporation to delegate functions under the Act or any other Act to the PAC or a regional panel. **Schedule 2.1 [7] and [11]** make consequential amendments.

**Schedule 2.1** [9] amends section 23 of the EPA Act to enable the PAC, with the Minister's approval, to delegate functions to a council. The amendment also enables a regional panel, with the Minister's approval, to delegate its functions. **Schedule 2.1** [10] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 2.1 [12]** amends section 23 of the EPA Act to enable the Minister to delegate the function of determining whether to approve a project, or a concept plan, under Part 3A of the Act, other than approvals of critical infrastructure projects or concept plans for such projects. Currently, the Minister may not delegate these functions.

Schedule 2.1 [13] inserts proposed Part 2A into the EPA Act. Division 6 (proposed sections 23M–23P) contains provisions relating to councils and the new planning bodies. The provisions prohibit the making of decisions by the PAC or a regional panel that may have a significant adverse financial impact on a council unless the council has been consulted, place obligations on councils to provide assistance and not to obstruct planning bodies or planning arbitrators and require general managers of councils to carry out reasonable instructions of the PAC or a regional panel. Councils are also required to pay certain costs of the PAC, regional panels and planning arbitrators and to indemnify planning arbitrators for costs relating to certain appeals.

**Schedule 2.1 [53]** amends section 158 of the EPA Act to extend protections for personal liability for things done in good faith under the Act to members of the PAC, regional panels and independent hearing and assessment panels and planning arbitrators. **Schedule 2.1 [54]** makes a consequential amendment.

### **Planning Assessment Commission**

Schedule 2.1 [13] inserts proposed Part 2A into the EPA Act. Division 2 (proposed sections 23B–23F) establishes the PAC as a statutory body representing the Crown, the affairs of which are to be managed by its chairperson. The functions of the PAC are to determine Part 3A projects and concept plan approvals (if delegated by the Minister) and, if requested by the Minister, to advise the Minister as to matters relating to planning and environmental planning instruments and administration, to review aspects of projects or concept plans under Part 3A, to review environmental aspects of proposed development and to review other matters that may currently be the subject of inquiries by a Commission of Inquiry. The PAC may also, at the Minister's request, exercise the functions of a panel under the Act, including a regional panel (if there is no regional panel for an area). Regulations may be made for or with respect to matters relating to the procedures of the PAC. There will be no appeal or review under the Act from a decision of the PAC if the decision is made after a public hearing.

**Schedule 2.1 [55]** inserts proposed Schedule 3 into the EPA Act, which contains provisions relating to the members of the PAC. The PAC is to have not less than 3 members and not more than 8 members, and a chairperson (either part-time or full-time). Members other than the chairperson are to be part-time members. Members are to have expertise in at least 1 of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and public administration.

### Joint regional planning panels

**Schedule 2.1 [13]** inserts proposed Part 2A into the EPA Act. Division 3 (proposed sections 23G and 23H) enables the Minister, by order published in the Gazette, to establish a regional panel for a particular part of the State. The area covered by a regional panel will generally consist of 2 or more council areas. The functions of a regional panel are to act as a consent authority if it is required to do so by an environmental planning instrument, to exercise planning functions removed from

councils under Part 6 of the Act and to advise the Minister as to matters relating to planning and environmental planning instruments. Regulations may be made for or with respect to matters relating to the procedures of regional panels and the provision of reports and information by regional panels.

Schedule 2.1 [38] amends section 118 of the EPA Act to enable the Minister to appoint a regional panel to exercise the planning and plan-making functions of a council in circumstances where the Minister may currently appoint a planning assessment panel or a planning administrator to do so. Schedule 2.1 [39], [40], [42], [43] and [45]–[49] make consequential amendments.

**Schedule 2.1 [41]** amends section 118 of the EPA Act to add the functions of a council relating to classification of council land (as either operational or community land) under the *Local Government Act 1993* to the functions that a planning administrator, planning assessment panel or regional panel may exercise under section 118 of the EPA Act.

**Schedule 2.1 [44]** amends section 118 of the EPA Act to provide for functions to be conferred on regional panels under that section by order of the Minister published in the Gazette. The amendment also requires the Minister to notify a council of a proposed conferral of functions under the section and to give it 21 days to show cause why the action should not be taken. The Minister must consider any submissions made within that period.

**Schedule 2.1 [55]** inserts proposed Schedule 4 into the EPA Act, which contains provisions relating to the members of regional panels. A regional panel is to have 5 members, of whom 3 are to be appointed by the Minister and 2 are to be nominees of councils of areas for which the panel is constituted. One of the members appointed by the Minister is to be chairperson. The members appointed by the Minister and at least 1 council nominee are required to have expertise in similar fields as are required for PAC members.

#### Independent hearing and assessment panels

**Schedule 2.1 [13]** inserts proposed Part 2A into the EPA Act. Division 4 (proposed sections 23I and 23J) enables councils to constitute panels of experts to assess aspects of development applications or other planning matters. Members are to be selected from a list of persons approved by the Director-General for the purposes of the proposed section. Regulations may be made for or with respect to matters relating to the procedures of the panels.

#### Planning arbitrators

**Schedule 2.1 [13]** inserts proposed Part 2A into the EPA Act. Division 5 (proposed sections 23K and 23L) provides for a register of planning arbitrators to be kept by the Director-General. Planning arbitrators must have expertise in planning, architecture, heritage, urban design, law or engineering. Regulations may be made for or with respect to planning arbitrators, including as to their registration, appointment and removal and conduct and complaints about them. The main function of planning

arbitrators is to conduct reviews of development application determinations by councils under proposed Division 7A of Part 4 (see Schedule 2.1 [35]).

### Complying development

**Schedule 2.1** [15] amends section 76A of the EPA Act to clarify that an environmental planning instrument may specify classes of development as complying development.

**Schedule 2.1 [16]** amends section 76A of the EPA Act to remove the limitations on the kind of development that may be specified as complying development by an environmental planning instrument. Such limitations may still be specified in environmental planning instruments.

**Schedule 2.1 [23]** amends section 85A of the EPA Act to remove the ability of development control plans to specify notification requirements for applications for complying development.

**Schedule 2.1 [24]** amends section 85A of the EPA Act to remove the current requirement that an application for a complying development certificate be determined by a council or an accredited certifier within 7 days and to replace it with a requirement that a determination be made within the period prescribed by the regulations.

**Schedule 2.1 [25]** amends section 85A of the EPA Act to insert an additional requirement that the determination of an application for a complying development certificate be notified to any person prescribed by the regulations.

**Schedule 2.1 [26]** amends section 86A of the EPA Act to enable regulations to be made specifying the circumstances when development is or is not taken to be physically commenced. Under that section a complying development certificate lapses if development is not physically commenced within 5 years of the date of the certificate.

#### Appeals and reviews

**Schedule 2.1 [18]** inserts proposed section 79AA into the EPA Act, to provide for public notification of development in respect of which new third party applications for review may be made.

**Schedule 2.1 [19]** amends section 79C of the EPA Act to enable a consent authority to reject a submission by an objector to a development application in respect of which new third party applications for review may be made, if the consent authority considers the objection has been made primarily to secure or maintain a direct or indirect commercial advantage. The effect of rejection is that the objection is taken not to have been made, so that notification and review rights under the Act will not apply.

**Schedule 2.1 [35]** inserts proposed Division 7A of Part 4 (proposed sections 96B–96L) into the EPA Act. The proposed Division establishes a right for applicants for development consent to make review applications for review by a planning arbitrator of determinations by councils relating to development applications and

consents, being determinations of a class to be prescribed by the regulations (proposed section 96C). It also re-enacts the existing right for a review by a council of its own determination under section 82A of the EPA Act (proposed section 96D), other than for planning arbitrator matters. There will also be a right for objectors to certain classes of development prescribed by regulations to apply for reviews by planning arbitrators (in the case of development applications determined by a council) or by the PAC (in the case of development applications determined by regional panels) (proposed section 96E). Currently, the only right of appeal of an objector is in respect of designated development under section 98 of the EPA Act. A planning arbitrator will also have the function of reviewing whether a council should have rejected a development application and may require a council to consider such an application (proposed section 96I). The proposed Division contains provisions relating to procedures of reviewing bodies and reviews, including provision for notification of applications, periods of review, the extent to which an amended development application may be considered, notice of review determinations and the effect of a review determination. A reviewing body is to have all the functions of the original consent authority and may consider additional matters. The proposed Division also provides for the circumstances in which a planning arbitrator will be taken to have refused an application (so that an appeal to the Land and Environment Court may be made) if a planning arbitrator fails to determine a matter or is not appointed (proposed section 96K). It will be an offence for a planning arbitrator not to act impartially or to seek or offer a benefit on his or her own behalf or on behalf of another person, or for another person to give or offer such a benefit, on an understanding that the planning arbitrator will act less than impartially (proposed section 96L). Schedule 2.1 [20] and [32]-[34] make consequential amendments.

**Schedule 2.1 [36]** inserts proposed sections 97–97B into the EPA Act. Proposed section 97 re-enacts the existing right of an applicant for a development application to appeal to the Land and Environment Court against a decision of a consent authority and other rights to appeal relating to development consents. The proposed section also prohibits an applicant who has a right to apply for a review by a planning arbitrator from appealing unless the applicant has the consent of the consent authority or is appealing against the planning arbitrator's decision. Provisions relating to rights to appeal against decisions relating to modification of consents have also been put into this section, rather than the section relating to modification. Proposed section 97A now contains the provisions relating to notices of appeals. Proposed section 97B is a new provision that requires the Land and Environment Court to order an applicant to pay the costs incurred by a consent authority in respect of an original application and proceedings relating to that application, if the Court permits the filing of an amended development application. Proposed section 97 also reduces the period within which appeals against decisions may be made from 12 months to 3 months.

**Schedule 2.1 [37]** amends section 99 of the EPA Act to provide for the Land and Environment Court to deal with a review application by an objector to development jointly with an appeal made to the Court by the applicant for consent.

### **Crown development**

Schedule 2.1 [27] inserts proposed Division 4 of Part 4 into the EPA Act (proposed sections 88–89C). The proposed Division prohibits a consent authority from refusing development consent to, or imposing a condition on, a development application made by or on behalf of the Crown except with the approval of the Minister or the applicant (in the case of a condition). A Crown development application may be referred to a regional panel for determination if a council fails to determine it within the period prescribed by the regulations. If the regional panel fails to determine it, the application is to be referred to the Minister. In the case of a consent authority other than a council, a Crown development application may be referred directly to the Minister if the consent authority fails to determine it. The Minister may direct the relevant consent authority as to how to determine the application. The proposed Division also applies to applications to modify a Crown development consent.

#### Miscellaneous matters

**Schedule 2.1 [14]** amends section 75F of the EPA Act to require the Director-General to consult public authorities on environmental assessment requirements for a project under Part 3A of the EPA Act only if guidelines in respect of the project require them to be consulted.

**Schedule 2.1 [17]** amends section 78A of the EPA Act to require a development application to be accompanied by a statement of environmental effects, if it is not required to be accompanied by an environmental impact statement or a species impact statement.

**Schedule 2.1 [21]** amends section 80A of the EPA Act to enable a development consent that imposes conditions enabling specified hours of operation and extended hours of operation, or increases the limit on the number of persons permitted in a building when used for specified purposes, to be reviewed by a consent authority at intervals specified in the consent. On a review, the condition as to extended hours and additional persons may be changed.

Schedule 2.1 [22] omits a note.

**Schedule 2.1 [28]** amends section 95 of the EPA Act to provide that development consent for the erection of a building, the subdivision of land or the carrying out of work will lapse, even if it has physically commenced before it would usually lapse, if work is not substantially commenced within 2 years after the date on which it would usually lapse.

**Schedule 2.1 [29]** amends section 95 of the EPA Act to enable regulations to be made specifying the circumstances when development is or is not taken to be substantially or physically commenced. Under that section a development consent lapses if development is not physically commenced within 5 years of the date of the consent (or within such other period as the consent may specify).

**Schedule 2.1 [30]** amends section 95A of the EPA Act to enable a development consent that is subject to a deferred commencement condition to be extended for 1 year on application made before the original period within which it will lapse expires,

if the original period is less than 5 years. **Schedule 2.1 [31]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 2.1 [50]** amends section 118 of the EPA Act to enable planning and plan-making and other functions of a council to be conferred under that section on a planning administrator, planning assessment panel or regional panel if the council fails to comply with a gateway determination relating to the making of an environmental planning instrument or fails to provide staff and facilities to the PAC, a regional panel or a planning arbitrator in accordance with the Act.

**Schedule 2.1 [51]** amends section 118AD of the EPA Act to make it an offence for a general manager not to carry out any reasonable direction of a planning administrator or planning assessment panel when they are exercising functions of the council.

**Schedule 2.1 [52]** inserts proposed section 118AG into the EPA Act. The proposed section prevents administrative law and other proceedings being taken in respect of the exercise by the Minister of a function relating to the appointment of a planning administrator or planning assessment panel, or conferral of functions on a regional panel, under Division 1AA of Part 6 of the EPA Act.

### Schedule 2.2 Consequential amendments to Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

**Schedule 2.2** [1] omits Division 4 of Part 2 of the EPA Act, which contains provisions relating to Commissioners of Inquiry.

**Schedule 2.2 [2]** omits a provision relating to independent hearing and assessment panels, as a consequence of the enactment of proposed Division 4 of Part 2A and the conferral of functions relating to projects under Part 3A of the EPA Act on the PAC. **Schedule 2.2 [7]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 2.2 [3]** amends section 75I of the EPA Act as a consequence of the conferral on the PAC of the function of reviewing matters relating to proposed projects under Part 3A of the Act. **Schedule 2.2 [4]–[6]** make similar consequential amendments.

**Schedule 2.2** [8] amends section 75O of the EPA Act as a consequence of the conferral on the PAC of the function of reviewing matters relating to proposed concept plans for projects under Part 3A of the EPA Act. **Schedule 2.2** [9] and [11] make similar consequential amendments.

Schedule 2.2 [10], [19], [33], [39], [46], [55], [56] and [57] amend various provisions of the EPA Act as a consequence of amendments made by the proposed Act relating to Crown developments.

Schedule 2.2 [12]–[16], [27], [47]–[54], [69] and [72] amend various provisions of the EPA Act as a consequence of the conferral of functions on the PAC of reviewing matters relating to proposed development and activities and other matters and the repeal of provisions relating to Commissioners of Inquiry.

**Schedule 2.2 [17] and [18]** amend section 81 of the EPA Act to provide for the notification of development application determinations to objectors who make a review application under proposed section 96E.

**Schedule 2.2 [20]–[23]** amend section 82 of the EPA Act as a consequence of the insertion of provisions relating to review applications.

**Schedule 2.2 [24]** omits section 82A of the EPA Act, the current provision enabling review by councils of development application, which is being replaced by proposed section 96E.

Schedule 2.2 [25], [26] and [28]–[32], [34]–[38] and [43]–[45] amend various provisions of the EPA Act as a consequence of the insertion of provisions relating to review applications.

**Schedule 2.2 [40]–[42]** amend section 109J of the EPA Act to extend requirements restricting the issue of subdivision certificates until the period for objections has passed to matters for which review applications may be made by objectors under proposed section 96E.

**Schedule 2.2 [58]** renumbers provisions relating to the certification of Crown building work and Crown development for public entertainment so as to relocate the provisions at the end of Part 4A of the EPA Act.

**Schedule 2.2 [59]–[68]** amend various provisions of the EPA Act as a consequence of the conferral of functions on regional panels under Division 1AA of Part 6 of the EPA Act

**Schedule 2.2** [70] repeals provisions of the EPA Act relating to the holding of inquiries by Commissioners of Inquiry. Such functions are conferred on the PAC.

**Schedule 2.2 [71]** amends section 121 of the EPA Act to enable a member of the PAC to be appointed to hold an inquiry and report on a dispute between the Department of Planning or the Director-General of that Department and a public authority (including a council), or between public authorities, with respect to a matter relating to functions under or the operation of the EPA Act, the regulations or an environmental planning instrument. These functions are currently exercised by Commissioners of Inquiry.

**Schedule 2.2** [73] amends section 152 of the EPA Act to remove the unlimited right of a person to be represented where there is a right to be heard under the EPA Act, as a consequence of the insertion of powers to make regulations prohibiting or limiting the rights of persons under the EPA Act to be represented at reviews by the PAC or before certain other planning bodies.

**Schedule 2.2 [74]** amends Schedule 5B to the EPA Act to omit provisions relating to procedures of planning assessment panels, as a consequence of the insertion of provisions relating to procedures of planning bodies in regulations under the EPA Act.

**Schedule 2.2 [75]** inserts savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of Schedule 2 to the proposed Act.

### Schedule 2.3 Amendment of Heritage Act 1977 No 136

**Schedule 2.3** amends the *Heritage Act 1977* to replace references in that Act to Commissioners of Inquiry and Commissions of Inquiry under the EPA Act with references to the PAC and to make other consequential amendments.

### Schedule 2.4 Amendment of Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988 No 35

**Schedule 2.4** amends section 74C of the *Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988* to enable the Independent Commission Against Corruption to recommend in a report that consideration be given to the removal from office of a member of the PAC or of a regional panel or a planning administrator, because of corrupt conduct. Under the amendments made to the EPA Act by the proposed Act, this will be a ground for removal from office.

#### Schedule 2.5 Amendment of Ombudsman Act 1974 No 68

**Schedule 2.5** amends section 5 of the *Ombudsman Act 1974* to make planning arbitrators public authorities for the purposes of that Act, and thus subject to that Act's provisions.

### Schedule 2.6 Amendment of Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002 No 43

**Schedule 2.6** amends the *Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002* to remove references to Commissioners of Inquiry under the EPA Act.

### Schedule 2.7 Amendment of Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (1976 No 4)

**Schedule 2.7** amends the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975* to remove references to Commissioners of Inquiry under the EPA Act.

### Schedule 2.8 Amendment of Water Act 1912 No 44

**Schedule 2.8** amends the *Water Act 1912* to replace references in that Act to Commissioners of Inquiry, Commissions of Inquiry and inquiries under the EPA Act with references to the PAC and reviews by the PAC.

#### Schedule 2.9 Amendment of Water Management Act 2000 No 92

**Schedule 2.9** amends the *Water Management Act 2000* to replace references in that Act to Commissioners of Inquiry, Commissions of Inquiry and inquiries under the EPA Act with references to the PAC and reviews by the PAC.

### Schedule 2.10 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

**Schedule 2.10 [1]** amends clause 51 of the EPA Regulation to extend from 7 days to 14 days the period within which a consent authority may refuse to accept a development application.

**Schedule 2.10 [3]–[8]** amend various provisions of the EPA Regulation to provide for the giving of public notice of, and procedures for objections to, development in respect of which an objector may seek a review under proposed Division 7A of Part 4 of the EPA Act. The procedures are to be the same as those for other advertised development, except that notice is to be given to persons owning or occupying land up to 1km of the land subject to the proposed development. **Schedule 2.10 [2]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 2.10 [9]** omits clause 113A of the EPA Regulation as a consequence of the proposed repeal of section 82A of the EPA Act.

**Schedule 2.10 [10]** inserts proposed Division 14 of Part 6 of the EPA Regulation (proposed clauses 124A–124D). The proposed Division prescribes development for the purposes of entertainment facilities, function centres, nightclubs, pubs and registered clubs as development for which a condition enabling review of a development consent permitting extended hours of operation or increasing the maximum numbers of persons permitted in a building may be imposed and the matters that must be included in such a consent. It also provides for review procedures, including notice of a review and the right to make submissions.

**Schedule 2.10 [11]** amends clause 264 of the EPA Regulation to require a council to include details of the outcome of any review of a review condition in its register of development applications and consents.

**Schedule 2.10 [12]** inserts proposed Part 16B (proposed clauses 268C–268K) into the Regulation. The proposed Part contains provisions relating to procedures of planning bodies, that is, the PAC, regional panels and planning arbitrators. It also specifies that a planning arbitrator may remain on the register of planning arbitrators for 3 years and sets out circumstances in which a planning arbitrator may be removed from the register.

**Schedule 2.10 [13]** inserts proposed clause 285 into the EPA Regulation, setting out the categories of development for which objectors may make a review application under the EPA Act. The categories are residential development exceeding 2 storeys, or containing more than 5 dwellings on a site exceeding 2,000m<sup>2</sup>, that exceeds an applicable floor space ratio or height development standard by more than 25% or commercial or mixed use development that exceeds 9m in height, on a site exceeding 2,000m<sup>2</sup>, that exceeds an applicable floor space ratio or height development standard by more than 25%.

# Schedule 3 Amendments relating to development contributions

### Schedule 3.1 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

**Schedule 3.1** [4] omits Divisions 6 and 6A of Part 4 of the EPA Act.

**Schedule 3.1 [6]** inserts proposed Part 5B into the EPA Act containing the operative provisions for development contributions.

**Division 1** contains provisions of general operation throughout Part 5B. Local councils may require development contributions for community infrastructure under **Division 2**. The State may require development contributions for the provision of public infrastructure under **Division 3**. Planning authorities can enter into voluntary planning agreements for the provision of public infrastructure and other public benefits under **Division 4**. Local councils may require development contributions for affordable housing under **Division 5**. The State Infrastructure Fund is established by **Division 6**.

### Division 1 Preliminary

**Division 1** is preliminary. It contains definitions used in the Part and other interpretative provisions relating to community infrastructure and public infrastructure. It sets out the key considerations for development contributions and the accountability requirements of planning authorities for development contributions. Finally, the Division sets out how development contributions are to be used.

**Proposed section 116A** is an interpretative provision [cf section 93C of EPA Act]. Local contributions will now be community infrastructure contributions. Special infrastructure contributions will be renamed State infrastructure contributions and special contributions areas will be renamed State contributions areas.

**Proposed section 116B** provides that the Part applies to development that requires development consent. The proposed section also provides for the application of the Part to projects under Part 3A.

**Proposed section 116C** defines community infrastructure, public infrastructure, and the provision of public infrastructure. Unlike the current provisions of the EPA Act, these terms are used consistently throughout the Part.

Public amenities and public services, but not including water supply and sewerage services, are now defined as community infrastructure [cf section 93C of the EPA Act].

Public infrastructure includes public amenities and public services, affordable housing and transport infrastructure but does not include water supply and sewerage services. The new definition of *public infrastructure* extends the meaning of public infrastructure [cf section 93F (2) and section 94ED (1) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116D** sets out the key considerations for planning authorities in making a contributions plan, a State infrastructure determination, entering into a voluntary planning agreement or making a determination in relation to additional community infrastructure.

**Proposed section 116E** is a regulation making power to provide for the collection and publication of information by planning authorities about the determination, collection, application and use of development contributions under the Part.

**Proposed section 116F** sets out how development contributions are to be used [cf section 93E of the EPA Act].

### Division 2 Community infrastructure contributions

**Division 2** provides for community infrastructure contributions by local councils [cf sections 94–94B and 94E of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116G** provides that a consent authority can require community infrastructure contributions by way of a direct contribution (the current **section 94**) or by way of an indirect contribution (the current **section 94A**) but not both [cf **section 94A (2)** of the EPA Act]. The proposed section also provides that once a direct contribution has been required in respect of the subdivision of land, no further community infrastructure contribution can be required in respect of further development on the land except to the extent of any increased demand for public infrastructure attributable to the further development.

**Proposed section 116H** requires council to have a contributions plan before it can require either kind of contribution [cf sections 94 and 94A of the EPA Act]. If there is no contributions plan or the contributions plan is inadequate the Minister may authorise a council to require a contribution [cf section 94E of the EPA Act]. Both the council and Minister are to have regard to the key considerations for development contributions when approving a contributions plan or giving a direction.

**Proposed section 116I** provides that a contributions plan can require contributions only for key community infrastructure (as defined in the regulations) or for additional community infrastructure approved by the Minister. The provision also enables the Minister to waive the requirement for approval in certain circumstances. It also contains a provision for regulations to set out the information that councils are to supply in order to seek approval for additional community infrastructure.

**Proposed section 116J** sets out the nexus requirements for direct contributions [cf section 94 (1) and (2) of the EPA Act]. It also provides for the recoupment of the cost of existing infrastructure [cf section 94 (3) of the EPA Act] and that a direct contribution cannot be required if a contribution is sought for the same infrastructure under **Division 3**.

**Proposed section 116K** provides that no nexus is required for indirect contributions [cf section 94A (4) of the EPA Act]. It also provides that a condition cannot be imposed in a State contributions area without prior ministerial (or a delegate's) approval [cf section 94A (2A) of the EPA Act], and contains a regulation making power for estimating cost and imposing a maximum percentage [cf section 94A (5)]

of the EPA Act]. Further, a new power is introduced allowing the Minister to vary the maximum percentage by direction and provide for public notification.

**Proposed section 116L** sets out the Minister's direction powers about community infrastructure contributions [cf section 94E of the EPA Act]. This includes a direction as to what constitutes a reasonable time for the application of contributions and a direction as to the maximum amount of an indirect contribution.

**Proposed section 116M** provides that an EPI can no longer contain "satisfactory arrangements" clauses that require a community infrastructure contribution to be made [cf section 93D of the EPA Act]. The provision will not apply to EPIs made before the clause commences, or for State infrastructure contributions.

The provision will not prevent an EPI including provision requiring consent authorities to consider whether public infrastructure will be available to support the proposed development.

The provision means that councils will not be able to obtain development contributions except under Divisions 2, 4 and 5 of proposed Part 5B.

**Proposed section 116N** provides that the procedural matters applying to community infrastructure contributions are set out in **Part 1 of Schedule 1** to the EPA Act.

#### Division 3 State infrastructure contributions

**Division 3** provides for State infrastructure contributions [cf sections 94ED–94EH of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116O** enables the Minister to determine State infrastructure contributions within a State contributions area [cf section 94ED of the EPA Act]. The Minister is to have regard to the key considerations for development contributions when doing so.

**Proposed section 116P** sets out the threshold requirements for determination of a State infrastructure contribution, including Treasury concurrence [cf section 94EE of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116Q** makes it clear that a State infrastructure contribution is in addition to a community infrastructure contribution [cf section 94EF (4) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116R** provides that an EPI can require development contributions but only if a State infrastructure contribution is required. This provision recognises the continuation of the "satisfactory arrangements" clauses in various EPIs requiring development contributions for State infrastructure [cf **section 93D** of the EPA Act]. The Minister is to have regard to the key considerations for development contributions when making such a clause.

**Proposed section 116S** provides that the procedural matters applying to State infrastructure contributions are set out in **Part 2 of Schedule 1** to the EPA Act.

### Division 4 Voluntary planning agreements

**Division 4** sets out the non-procedural provisions relating to voluntary planning agreements, which together with proposed **Part 3 of Schedule 1** to the EPA Act, will be substantially the same as the existing provisions of **sections 93F–93L** of the EPA Act except for proposed sections 116U and 116V.

**Proposed section 116T** sets out who can enter into a voluntary planning agreement [cf section 93F (1) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116U** provides that planning authorities must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions before entering into a planning agreement.

**Proposed section 116V** provides a council can enter into a voluntary planning agreement for key community infrastructure as defined in the regulations without ministerial approval, but that contributions cannot be required for additional community infrastructure as defined in the regulations without prior ministerial approval. The provision also enables the Minister to waive the requirement for approval in certain circumstances. It also contains a provision for regulations to set out the information that councils are to supply in order to seek approval for additional community infrastructure.

Proposed section 116W sets out how voluntary planning agreements can limit other types of development contributions [cf section 93F (3A), (5)–(5A) and (6) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116X** provides that the procedural matters applying to voluntary planning agreements are set out in **Part 3 of Schedule 1** to the EPA Act.

### Division 5 Development contributions for affordable housing

**Division 5** sets out how consent authorities can obtain a development contribution for affordable housing [cf sections 94F–94G of the EPA Act]. The provisions are substantially the same as current **Part 4 Division 6A** of the EPA Act.

**Proposed section 116Y** sets out the scheme and requirements for imposing a development contribution for affordable housing [cf section 94F (1)–(3) and (6) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116Z** requires consent authorities to take into account any other contribution for affordable housing when imposing a contribution [cf section 94F (4) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116ZA** provides that a consent authority can impose other conditions about the provision, maintenance and retention of affordable housing [cf section 94F (5) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed section 116ZB** sets out how affordable housing contributions may be used [cf **section 94G** of the EPA Act]. It contains directions powers. The Minister will now be able to direct a consent authority as to what constitutes a reasonable time for transferring land to be made available for affordable housing.

#### Division 6 State Infrastructure Fund

**Division 6** establishes the State Infrastructure Fund (*the Fund*). The Division is substantially the same as **sections 94EI–94EM** of the current Act relating to the Special Contributions Areas Infrastructure Fund except administration of the fund will be the responsibility of the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Director-General.

**Proposed sections 116ZC–116ZG** provide for the establishment of the Fund and its administration, payments into and out of the Fund and investment powers.

**Schedule 3.1** [7] enacts Schedule 1 to the EPA Act. **Schedule 1** contains the procedural provisions similar to those in **Division 6 of Part 4** of the current Act.

### Part 1 Community infrastructure contributions

**Part 1 of Schedule 1** [clauses 1–13] contains provisions relating to community infrastructure contributions.

**Proposed clause 1** requires community infrastructure contributions to be imposed by a condition of consent [cf sections 94 (1) and 94A (1) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 2** sets out the limitations on appeals for direct contributions [cf section 94B (3) of the EPA Act], and indirect contributions [cf section 94B (4) of the EPA Act]. It also sets out that there can be no appeal, including any action under section 123 of the EPA Act where the Minister has approved or directed the amendment of a contributions plan [cf section 94EAA (4) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 3** sets out the provisions for the dedication of land or the accepting of a material public benefit for direct contributions [cf section 94 (5) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 4** provides for other contributions to be taken into account when requiring direct and indirect contributions [cf section 94 (6) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 5** provides that a community infrastructure contribution can satisfy a requirement imposed by another public authority under another Act [cf section 94 (7) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 6** sets out how a contributions plan is made [cf section 94EA of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 7** sets out the Minister's direction powers for contribution plans [cf section 94EAA (1)–(3) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 8** provides that consent authorities that are not a council only have to have regard to contributions plans [cf section 94B (2) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 9** provides for judicial notice to be taken of contribution plans and for a limitation on legal proceedings [cf section 94EB of the EPA Act]

**Proposed clause 10** provides for contributions plans and complying development [cf section 94EC of the EPA Act]. It also provides that a consent authority can impose a condition on a development consent for a contribution if the accredited certifier failed to do so.

**Proposed clause 11** enables contributions plans to be made across local government area boundaries [cf section 94C of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 12** sets out the circumstances where public infrastructure can be provided outside New South Wales [cf section 94CA of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 13** sets out special provisions applying to the Minister or Director-General when imposing community infrastructure contributions [cf section 94D of the EPA Act].

#### Part 2 State infrastructure contributions

Part 2 of Schedule 1 [clauses 14–20] contains provisions relating to State infrastructure contributions.

**Proposed clause 14** provides that the Minister may direct a consent authority to impose State infrastructure contributions [cf section 94EF (1) and (3) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 15** sets out how the Minister is to consult in determining the level and nature of State infrastructure contributions [cf section 94EE (4)–(5) of the EPA Act].

Proposed clause 16 sets out the restrictions on appeals against determinations and conditions and for modification of conditions [cf sections 94EE (6) and 94EF (6)–(7) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 17** provides for the dedication of land and the acceptance of a material public benefit for State infrastructure contributions [cf section 94EF (5) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 18** sets out special provisions for community and certain other infrastructure where that is included in a state infrastructure determination [cf section 94EE (3A)–(3B) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 19** provides that the Minister can direct the consent authority to sell or transfer any land it receives from a State infrastructure contribution [cf section 94EH of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 20** sets out how the Minister makes State contributions areas [cf section 94EG of the EPA Act].

#### Part 3 Planning agreements

Part 3 of Schedule 1 [clauses 21–28] contains provisions relating to voluntary planning agreements.

**Proposed clause 21** sets out who can be additional parties to a planning agreement [cf section 93F (7)–(8) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 22** establishes certain limitations for planning agreements [cf section 93F (9)–(10) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 23** sets out what planning agreements must contain [cf section 93F (3)–(4) of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 24** provides that planning agreements can run with the land when registered [cf section 93H of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 25** sets out when a planning agreement can or cannot be required to be made [cf section 93I of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 26** sets out when appeals can be made about planning agreements [cf section 93J of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 27** sets out the determinations and directions the Minister can make about planning agreements [cf section 93K of the EPA Act].

**Proposed clause 28** provides a regulation making power to set out the requirements for the form, subject matter, making, amendment and revocation and giving of public notice of planning agreements [cf sections 93G (1)–(2) and 93L of the EPA Act].

**Schedule 3.1 [9]** inserts new savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of Schedule 3 to the proposed Act.

The provisions relate to existing contributions, agreements and actions and the State Infrastructure Fund, and to regulations. They also provide a regime for the repeal of existing contributions plans on 31 March 2010.

**Schedule 3.1** [1]–[3] make consequential amendments to Part 3A of the EPA Act.

**Schedule 3.1** [5] effects a consequential renumbering of existing provisions.

**Schedule 3.1 [8]** makes a consequential amendment to the heading to Schedule 5A to the EPA Act.

### Schedule 3.2 Amendment of Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974 No 49

**Schedule 3.2** amends the *Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974* (*the GC Act*).

Schedule 3.2 [1] inserts proposed sections 25 and 26 into the GC Act.

**Proposed section 25** establishes the Community Infrastructure Trust Fund (*the Trust Fund*) to be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury who may delegate to the chief executive officer of the relevant growth centre. It provides for the payments into and out of the Trust Fund, and investment powers. The provision requires all community infrastructure contributions paid within a Community Infrastructure Trust Fund area to be paid into the Trust Fund. The provision stipulates that only land within a growth centre can be made to a Community Infrastructure Trust Fund area.

**Proposed section 26** provides that the Minister may make, amend or repeal a community infrastructure trust fund area provided it is within a growth centre.

**Schedule 3.2 [2]** inserts proposed **Schedule 3** into the GC Act which sets out the proposed Community Infrastructure Trust Fund area. This is land within the North West and South West Growth Centres of Sydney.

### Schedule 3.3 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

**Schedule 3.3** amends the EPA Regulation.

**Schedule 3.3 [1]** replaces **clause 25D** of the EPA Regulation. It provides that public notice of planning agreements is to be given by making the explanatory note for the agreement publicly available for 28 days before the planning authority enters into the agreement. The clause sets out how that public notice is to be given in various circumstances.

**Schedule 3.3** [2] is a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 3.3 [3]** inserts proposed **clause 25EA** into the EPA Regulation setting out the requirements for planning authorities to provide copies of planning agreements to relevant public authorities and to report on compliance on agreements that remain in force in their annual reports [cf section 93G (3)–(5) of the EPA Act].

Schedule 3.3 [4] inserts proposed clauses 31A and 31B into the EPA Regulation.

**Proposed clause 31A** sets out the infrastructure that is key community infrastructure and the infrastructure that cannot be additional community infrastructure.

Key community infrastructure is:

- (a) local roads,
- (b) local bus facilities,
- (c) local parks,
- (d) local sporting, recreational and cultural facilities and local social facilities,
- (e) local car parking facilities,
- (f) drainage and stormwater management works,
- (g) land for any community infrastructure, except land for riparian corridors,
- (h) district infrastructure of the kind referred to in paragraphs (a)–(e) but only if there is a direct connection with the development to which the contribution relates.

All other community infrastructure can be approved as additional community infrastructure except land for riparian corridors.

**Proposed clause 31B** sets out the requirements that a council must comply with when seeking ministerial approval to obtain a contribution for additional community infrastructure.

### Schedule 3.4 Amendment of City of Sydney Act 1988 No 48

Schedule 3.4 amends the City of Sydney Act 1988 (the CS Act).

**Schedule 3.4** [1]–[4] amend **section 61** of the CS Act to remove references to the existing **section 94A** and **Division 6 of Part 4** of the EPA Act and replace them with appropriate references to the proposed Part 5B.

# Schedule 4 Amendments relating to certification of development

### Schedule 4.1 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203

### Amendments relating to certifying authorities

**Schedule 4.1 [6]** amends section 81A of the EPA Act to require a person having the benefit of a development consent to notify the principal certifying authority at least 2 days before commencing to erect a building or to carry out subdivision work. **Schedule 4.1 [7]** amends section 81A to increase the penalties for contravening that section from 300 penalty units to 1,000 penalty units.

**Schedule 4.1 [8]** amends section 85A of the EPA Act to ensure that any applicable long service leave levy payments have been made before a council or certifying authority can forward a complying development certificate to an applicant.

**Schedule 4.1 [9]** amends section 86 of the EPA Act to require a person having the benefit of a complying development certificate to notify the principal certifying authority at least 2 days before commencing to erect a building or to carry out subdivision work.

**Schedule 4.1 [12]** amends section 109D of the EPA Act to enable an environmental planning instrument, when authorising an accredited certifier to be a certifying authority in respect of subdivision, to place restrictions on the issue of subdivision certificates by accredited certifiers.

**Schedule 4.1 [13]** amends section 109E of the EPA Act to require the person who has the benefit of a development consent or complying development certificate for development to appoint a certifying authority in respect of building work involved in the development and a certifying authority in respect of subdivision work involved in the development. The amendments enable different certifying authorities to be appointed in respect of building work and subdivision work. **Schedule 4.1 [14]** amends section 109E consequentially.

**Schedule 4.1 [15]** amends section 109EA of the EPA Act to enable the current principal certifying authority for development, the proposed principal certifying authority for development and a person who is eligible to appoint a principal certifying authority for the development to agree on a change of principal certifying authority. At present, the person who appointed the original principal certifying authority has to agree and the Building Professionals Board, the relevant council and the consent authority have to be notified in order for the change in principal certifying authority to take effect.

**Schedule 4.1 [16]** inserts proposed section 109EB into the EPA Act to require certifying authorities for development to issue notices identifying failures of the development to comply with certain conditions of development consent and other requirements of the EPA Act and to direct the taking of action to remedy the failures. A certifying authority must notify the consent authority if any such direction is not

complied with. Proposed section 109EB replaces the provisions enabling the issuing of notices under section 109L of the EPA Act which is omitted by **Schedule 4.1** [18].

**Schedule 4.1 [19]** inserts proposed section 109PA into the EPA Act which provides that before issuing a construction certificate for building work or subdivision work, or a final occupation certificate, a certifying authority may seek advice from the consent authority as to whether the consent authority considers that the design and construction of any building or work is consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.

**Schedule 4.1 [23]** inserts proposed section 117B into the EPA Act to enable action to be taken after the investigation under the *Building Professionals Act 2005* of the activities of a council as a certifying authority. The Building Professionals Board will be able to recommend to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government that certain measures should be taken or may recommend to the Minister that an order be made under the proposed section. On such a recommendation from the Building Professionals Board and after consultation with the Minister for Local Government, the Minister may, by order, suspend a council's authority to exercise some or all of the functions of a certifying authority until appropriate measures are taken by the council.

#### **Design certificates**

**Schedule 4.1 [17]** inserts proposed section 109IA into the EPA Act which provides that a design certificate is to be obtained from a person appropriately accredited under the *Building Professionals Act 2005* before a Part 4A certificate can be issued in relation to an aspect of development, but only if the regulations so require.

Schedule 4.1 [1] and [2] make consequential amendments to section 4 of the EPA Act.

#### Security to ensure compliance with development consent

**Schedule 4.1 [3]** amends section 80A of the EPA Act to enable a consent authority to impose a condition on development consent, or to enter into an agreement with an applicant for development consent, requiring the applicant to provide security to ensure compliance with the terms of the consent during the carrying out of any building work or subdivision work.

**Schedule 4.1 [4]** amends section 80A of the EPA Act to enable regulations to be made setting maximum amounts that may be required as security under the amendments.

**Schedule 4.1 [5]** amends section 80A of the EPA Act to provide for the way in which such security may be handled by the consent authority concerned and when the person who provided the security can request its return.

**Schedule 4.1 [10] and [11]** amend section 98A of the EPA Act to provide for an appeal in relation to a consent authority's failure to return security provided by a person.

### Powers of investigation and enforcement in relation to development

**Schedule 4.1 [25]** inserts proposed section 118BA into the EPA Act which sets out a procedure by which persons authorised by a council under Division 1A of Part 6 of the EPA Act may require accredited certifiers and other persons involved in the carrying out of development to attend a specified place and answer questions to assist the council in carrying out its functions under the EPA Act. **Schedule 4.1 [24]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 4.1 [26]** substitutes section 118N of the EPA Act (which currently contains an offence of obstructing an authorised person in carrying out functions under Division 1A of Part 6) to extend the offence to refusing to answer questions asked under proposed section 118BA or providing false information in response to such questions.

**Schedule 4.1 [27]** amends section 121B of the EPA Act to enable the Minister, a council and specified other persons to issue an order under that section to the owner of land or a person apparently engaged in carrying out building work or subdivision work to cease carrying out the work if the EPA Act is being contravened or the work affects the support of adjoining premises. **Schedule 4.1 [29]** amends section 121D of the EPA Act to exclude a person making the new section 121B order from the need to comply with specified procedures.

**Schedule 4.1 [28]** inserts proposed section 121CA into the EPA Act to enable a person who gives an order under section 121B of the EPA Act to serve a compliance cost notice on the person to whom the order was given requiring the payment of an amount to cover the reasonable costs associated with monitoring and ensuring compliance with the order.

**Schedule 4.1 [30]** inserts proposed section 121ZKA into the EPA Act to provide a right of appeal against a compliance cost notice.

### Other amendments relating to certification matters and building work

**Schedule 4.1 [20] and [21]** amend section 109Q of the EPA Act to enable the regulations to prescribe documents to be provided and matters to be notified to consent authorities, councils or certifying authorities for the purposes of Part 4A of the EPA Act. The amendments also enable regulations to be made with respect to applications for, and the form and content of, Part 4A certificates and the manner in which complaints in respect of development are to be dealt with by certifying authorities.

**Schedule 4.1 [22]** amends section 109ZK of the EPA Act to ensure that the period during which an action for loss or damage may be brought in relation to defective building work is consistent with the period for which accredited certifiers are required to be covered by insurance under the *Building Professionals Act 2005*.

**Schedule 4.1 [31]** amends section 157 of the EPA Act to enable the regulations to prescribe documents to be provided and matters to be notified to consent authorities, councils or certifying authorities under the EPA Act.

**Schedule 4.1 [32]** inserts savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of Schedule 4 to the proposed Act.

### Schedule 4.2 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

**Schedule 4.2 [1]** inserts clause 129B into the EPA Regulation to prevent a certifying authority issuing a complying development certificate unless a council or an accredited certifier has carried out a site inspection.

**Schedule 4.2 [2]** amends clause 139 of the EPA Regulation to provide that an application for a construction certificate may only be made by a person who is eligible to appoint a principal certifying authority for the development. **Schedule 4.2 [13]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 4.2 [3]** inserts proposed clause 143B into the EPA Regulation to prevent a certifying authority issuing a construction certificate where there is an existing building on the site unless a council, a consent authority or an accredited certifier has carried out an inspection of the building.

**Schedule 4.2 [4]** amends clause 145 of the EPA Regulation to provide that a certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for building work unless the design and construction of the building is consistent with the development consent. At present, clause 145 provides that the design and construction must not be inconsistent with the development consent.

**Schedule 4.2** [5] amends clause 149 of the EPA Regulation to provide that an application for an occupation certificate may only be made by a person who is eligible to appoint a principal certifying authority for the development.

**Schedule 4.2 [6]** inserts proposed clause 154D into the EPA Regulation to require a certifying authority to record any inconsistencies in the design and construction of a building with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate when issuing an interim occupation certificate for the building. The proposed clause also provides that a final occupation certificate may not be issued unless the design and construction of the building concerned is consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.

**Schedule 4.2** [7] amends clause 157 of the EPA Regulation to provide that an application for a subdivision certificate may only be made by the owner of the land concerned or another person who has the consent of the owner.

**Schedule 4.2 [8]–[10]** amend clause 162A of the EPA Regulation to require certain additional inspections during the course of carrying out building work. The amendments also remove the requirement for inspections to be undertaken at the commencement of certain building work.

**Schedule 4.2 [11]** amends clause 162C of the EPA Regulation to remove the requirement that principal certifying authorities are to send copies of records made in relation to missed inspections to the Building Professionals Board.

**Schedule 4.2 [12]** amends clause 260 of the EPA Regulation to increase the fees for an application for a building certificate for a building under section 149A of the EPA

Act if the application is made by the person who erected the building or on whose behalf the building was erected and the building was erected in specified circumstances involving a contravention of the Act.

### Schedule 4.3 Amendment of Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 No 68

**Schedule 4.3** [1] inserts proposed section 36A into the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* to specify who may make an application for a strata certificate under that Act.

**Schedule 4.3 [2]** inserts proposed section 37AA into the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* to require a council or an accredited certifier to be satisfied that any inspections prescribed by the regulations have been carried out before issuing a strata certificate under that Act.

**Schedule 4.3 [3]** amends section 37E of the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* to ensure that all relevant provisions of the *Building Professionals Act 2005* apply to accredited certifiers issuing strata certificates.

### Schedule 4.4 Amendment of Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 No 219

**Schedule 4.4** [1] inserts proposed section 65A into the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* to specify who may make an application for a strata certificate under that Act.

**Schedule 4.4 [2]** inserts proposed section 66AA into the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development)* Act 1986 to require a council or accredited certifier to be satisfied that any inspections prescribed by the regulations have been carried out before issuing a strata certificate under that Act.

**Schedule 4.4 [3]** amends section 66E of the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* to ensure that all relevant provisions of the *Building Professionals Act 2005* apply to accredited certifiers issuing strata certificates.

### Schedule 5 Miscellaneous Amendments

### Places of public entertainment

**Schedule 5.1 [1], [3]–[6] and [8]** omit provisions relating to places of public entertainment that are no longer necessary following the integration of separate licensing provisions under the *Local Government Act 1993* into the planning approvals and control processes under the EPA Act. **Schedule 5.7** makes a consequential amendment to the standard local environmental plan under the *Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006*.

### Paper subdivisions

**Schedule 5.1** [7] inserts proposed section 155 into the EPA Act, which gives effect to proposed Schedule 5 which contains a scheme relating to certain subdivisions that have not been developed.

Schedule 5.1 [9] inserts proposed Schedule 5 (Paper subdivisions) into the EPA Act. The proposed Schedule contains a scheme enabling the development of existing subdivisions that exist on paper but, because of the size or location of the lots or other factors, have never been able to be developed as subdivisions. The scheme is commenced by the making of a subdivision order by the Minister specifying an authority as the relevant subdivision authority, the planning purpose of the order, the functions under the proposed Schedule of the authority and the subdivision land. It will also specify the subdivision works (if any) to be undertaken by the subdivision authority. The Minister must be of the opinion that the order is desirable to promote and co-ordinate the orderly and economic use of the land concerned before making the order. An order may not be made unless there is or will be a development plan for the land and at least 60% of the owners of the land, and the owners of at least 60% of the land, have consented to the development plan. There must also be an environmental planning instrument or planning proposal to facilitate the proposed planning purpose. The relevant authority is required to give effect to the planning purpose and must prepare the development plan. The development plan is to contain a proposed plan of subdivision and details of subdivision works and costs and how those costs are to be borne by owners of the land. A development plan may also contain details of any scheme for land trading or for compulsory acquisition of land for payment of subdivision costs and rules as to the form of, and calculation of, compensation if land is acquired by the relevant authority. The operation of the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 relating to valuation of land for compensation purposes may be disapplied or modified by a development plan. The proposed Schedule sets out powers that may be conferred on a relevant authority, including land acquisition powers, contribution powers, powers to carry out subdivision works, road powers and other ancillary powers. The proposed Schedule also provides for voluntary contributions agreements between owners of subdivision land and the relevant authority and for the registration of such agreements, so that the terms of the agreement bind successive land owners. It will be an offence to obstruct, hinder or interfere with an authorised person carrying out functions under the proposed Schedule.

#### **Concurrence and referral requirements**

**Schedule 5.1 [2]** will enable the consent authority under the EPA Act to consent to the carrying out of development on bush fire prone land if the council is provided with a certificate by a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment stating that the development conforms with the relevant requirements set out in the RFS's Planning for Bushfire Protection guidelines. As a consequence of the amendment, the consent authority will not need to consult with the RFS before it can grant consent to the carrying out of development on bush fire prone land.

**Schedules 5.2** [1] and 5.3 remove the requirement for the concurrence of the Minister for Climate Change and the Environment when carrying out development in the coastal zone, but only if it is development that requires development consent under the EPA Act, is exempt development under that Act or is carried out in accordance with a coastal zone management plan under Part 4A of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979*. In those cases where the concurrence of the Minister is still required for development in the coastal zone, **Schedule 5.2** [2] and [3] provide that the period for consideration of the proposal or application by the Minister will be reduced from 40 to 21 days.

**Schedule 5.4** [1] removes the requirement for local council approval under the *Local Government Act 1993* to operate a public car park. **Schedule 5.5** makes a consequential amendment to the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*.

**Schedule 5.4 [2] and [3]** provides that any concurrence that is required in relation to a local council approval under the *Local Government Act 1993* is to be assumed to have been obtained if at least 21 days (instead of 40 days as is presently the case) has passed since the concurrence was sought and the concurrence has not been expressly refused during that 21-day period.

**Schedule 5.4** [4]–[7] provide for the limitation of a local council's liability for any advice it gives, or anything it does, in relation to land that is subject to the risk of bush fire. As a consequence of these amendments, a local council will be able to rely on the principles contained in a manual, notified by the Minister for Planning in the Gazette, relating to the management of land subject to the risk of bush fire.

**Schedule 5.6** [1] provides that road widening orders under the *Roads Act 1993* must be reviewed by the Minister every 10 years after the date on which they are made.

**Schedule 5.6 [2]** removes the requirement for the concurrence of the RTA in relation to the granting of an approval by a local council to use the footway of a classified road for the purposes of a restaurant.

#### Savings and transitional provisions

**Schedule 5.1 [10]** amends Schedule 6 to the EPA Act to enable regulations containing provisions of a savings and transitional nature to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

**Schedule 5.1 [11] and [12]** amend Schedule 6 to the EPA Act to insert savings and transitional provisions resulting from the enactment of Schedule 5 to the proposed Act.



### New South Wales

# **Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2008**

### **Contents**

		Page
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessmer 1979 No 203 and other Acts and instruments	nt Act 2
4	Repeal of Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) Repeal and Amendment Act 1979 No 205	2
5	Repeal of Act	2
Schedule 1	Amendments relating to environmental planning	3
Schedule 2	Amendments relating to development assessment	22
Schedule 3	Amendments relating to development contributions	82
Schedule 4	Amendments relating to certification of development	120
Schedule 5	Miscellaneous amendments	139



## New South Wales

## **Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2008**

No, 2008

## A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and other Acts and instruments to improve the NSW planning system.

See also the Building Professionals Amendment Bill 2008 and the Strata Management Legislation Amendment Bill 2008.

The	e Legislature of New South Wales enacts:		1
1	Name of Act		2
	This Act is the <i>Environmental Plant</i> Act 2008.	ning and Assessment Amendment	3
2	Commencement		5
	This Act commences on a day or days	to be appointed by proclamation.	6
3	Amendment of Environmental Planning a 203 and other Acts and instruments	and Assessment Act 1979 No	7
	The <i>Environmental Planning and Ass</i> and instruments specified in Schedul those Schedules.		9 10 11
4	Repeal of Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) 1979 No 205	Repeal and Amendment Act	12 13
	The Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) R repealed.	epeal and Amendment Act 1979 is	14 15
5	Repeal of Act		16
	(1) This Act is repealed on the day followard provisions of this Act have commence		17 18
	(2) The repeal of this Act does not, beca of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , affect		19 20

Schedule 1		Amendments relating to environmental planning		1
			(Section 3)	3
1.1	Principal Assessm		endments to Environmental Planning and Act 1979	4 5
[1]	Section 4 I	Definit	tions	6
	Omit the de	efinitio	on of environmental planning instrument from section 4 (1).	7
	Insert inste	ad:		8
		plani	ronmental planning instrument means an environmental ning instrument (including a SEPP or LEP but not including CP) made, or taken to have been made, under Part 3 and in each control of the control of	9 10 11 12
[2]	Section 4 (	(1), de	finition of "regional environmental plan"	13
	Omit the de	efinitio	on.	14
[3]	Section 4 (	(1)		15
	Insert in alp	habet	ical order:	16
		relev	vant planning authority:	17
		(a)	in relation to environmental planning instruments—see section 54, or	18 19
		(b)	in relation to development control plans—see section 74B.	20
[4]	Section 24	Makii	ng of environmental planning instruments	21
	Insert at the	e end c	of section 24:	22
	(2)	Envi	ronmental planning instruments may be made:	23
		(a)	by the Governor under Division 2 (called a State environmental planning policy or SEPP), or	24 25
		(b)	by the Minister (or delegate) under Division 4 (called a local environmental plan or LEP).	26 27
		forme	. Under transitional arrangements made by Schedule 6, some er instruments (such as regional environmental plans, planning me ordinances and interim development orders) continue in force.	28 29 30

[5]	Sect	ion 26	Contents of environmental planning instruments	1
	Inser	t befor	re section 26 (4):	2
		(3A)	An environmental planning instrument may make provision for any zoning of land or other provision to have effect only for a specified period or only in specified circumstances.	3 4 5
[6]	Sect	ion 33	BA Standardisation of environmental planning instruments	6
	Inser	t after	section 33A (8):	7
		(8A)	An environmental planning instrument may be made under this Part without compliance with the provisions of this Part relating to the conditions precedent to the making of the instrument if:	8 9 10
			(a) the instrument adopts the provisions of a standard instrument for the purposes of replacing instruments that apply to the land concerned (being existing instruments that do not adopt the provisions of a standard instrument), and	11 12 13 14 15
			(b) the Minister is of the opinion that the replacement instrument does not make any substantial changes to the general effect of the existing instrument or instruments.	16 17 18
[7]	Sect	ion 34	1A	19
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead:	20
	34A	Spec	cial consultation procedures concerning threatened species	21
		(1)	In this section, the <i>relevant authority</i> means:	22
		` /	(a) in the case of a proposed SEPP—the Director-General, or	23
			(b) in the case of a proposed LEP—the relevant planning authority.	24 25
		(2)	Before an environmental planning instrument is made, the relevant authority must consult with the Director-General of the Department of Environment and Climate Change if, in the opinion of the relevant authority, critical habitat or threatened species, populations or ecological communities, or their habitats, will or may be adversely affected by the proposed instrument.	26 27 28 29 30 31
		(3)	For the purposes of the consultation, the relevant authority is to provide such information about the proposed instrument as would assist in understanding its effect (including information of the kind prescribed by the regulations).	32 33 34 35
		(4)	The consultation in relation to a proposed local environmental plan is to commence after a decision under section 56 (Gateway	36 37

			determination) that the matter should proceed, unless the regulations otherwise provide.	1 2		
		(5)	The Director-General of the Department of Environment and Climate Change may comment to the relevant authority on the proposed instrument within the following period after the consultation commences:	3 4 5 6		
			(a) the period agreed between that Director-General and the relevant authority,	7 8		
			(b) in the absence of any such agreement, the period of 21 days or such other period as is prescribed by the regulations.	9 10		
		(6)	The consultation required by this section is completed when the relevant authority has considered any comments so made.	11 12		
		(7)	In this section, a reference to the Director-General of the Department of Environment and Climate Change includes, in the application of this section to fish and marine vegetation, a reference to the Director-General of the Department of Primary Industries.	13 14 15 16 17		
[8]	Sect	ion 34	В	18		
	Insert after section 34A:					
	34B		ial provision for development in Sydney water catchment ing to water quality	20 21		
		(1)	In this section, Sydney drinking water catchment means a	22		
		(1)	catchment area of the State to which the <i>Sydney Water Catchment Management Act 1998</i> applies that is declared by a State Environmental Planning Policy to be the Sydney drinking water catchment.	23 24 25 26		
		(2)	Management Act 1998 applies that is declared by a State Environmental Planning Policy to be the Sydney drinking water	24 25		
		,	Management Act 1998 applies that is declared by a State Environmental Planning Policy to be the Sydney drinking water catchment.  Provision is to be made in a State Environmental Planning Policy requiring a consent authority to refuse to grant consent to a development application relating to any part of the Sydney drinking water catchment unless the consent authority is satisfied that the carrying out of the proposed development would have a	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		

		(4)	The Minister is not to recommend the making of a State Environmental Planning Policy that relates to the declaration of the Sydney drinking water catchment unless:  (a) the Minister administering the <i>Water Management Act 2000</i> approves of the declaration, and  (b) the Minister administering the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> has been consulted about the declaration.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
[9]	Part	3, Div	ision 2	9
		-	ivision. Insert instead:	10
	Divi	ision	2 SEPPs	11
	37	Gov	ernor may make environmental planning instruments (SEPPs)	12
		(1)	The Governor may make environmental planning instruments for the purpose of environmental planning by the State. Any such instrument may be called a State environmental planning policy (or SEPP).	13 14 15 16
		(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), an environmental planning instrument may be made by the Governor to make provision with respect to any matter that, in the opinion of the Minister, is of State or regional environmental planning significance.	17 18 19 20
	38	Cons	sultation requirements	21
			Before recommending the making of an environmental planning instrument by the Governor, the Minister is to take such steps, if any, as the Minister considers appropriate or necessary:	22 23 24
			(a) to publicise an explanation of the intended effect of the proposed instrument, and	25 26
			(b) to seek and consider submissions from the public on the matter.	27 28
			Note. See also section 34A.	29
[10]	Part	3, Div	ision 3 Regional environmental plans	30
	Omi	t the D	ivision.	31

[11]	Part 3, Divisions 4 and 4A				1
	Omi	t the D	ivision	s. Insert instead:	2
	Divi	sion	4	LEPs	3
	53			r delegate) may make environmental planning t for local areas (LEPs)	4 5
		(1)		Minister (or delegate) may make environmental planning uments for the purpose of environmental planning:	6 7
			(a)	in each local government area, and	8
			(b)	in such other areas of the State (including the coastal waters of the State) as the Minister determines.	9 10
		(2)	Any (or L	such instrument may be called a local environmental plan EP).	11 12
	54	Rele	vant p	lanning authority	13
		(1)		the purposes of this Part, the <i>relevant planning authority</i> in ect of a proposed instrument is as follows:	14 15
			(a)	the council for the local government area to which the proposed instrument is to apply, subject to paragraph (b),	16 17
			(b)	the Director-General or any other person or body prescribed by the regulations if the Minister so directs under subsection (2).	18 19 20
		(2)	perso	Minister may direct that the Director-General (or any other on or body prescribed by the regulations) is the relevant ning authority for a proposed instrument in the following s:	21 22 23 24
			(a)	the proposed instrument relates to a matter that, in the opinion of the Minister, is of State or regional environmental planning significance,	25 26 27
			(b)	the proposed instrument makes provision that, in the opinion of the Minister, is consequential on the approval of the concept plan for a project under Part 3A, is consequential on the making of another environmental planning or other instrument or is consequential on changes made to a standard instrument under section 33A,	28 29 30 31 32 33
			(c)	the Planning Assessment Commission or a joint regional planning panel has recommended to the Minister that the proposed instrument should be made,	34 35 36
			(d)	the council for the local government area concerned has, in the opinion of the Minister, failed to comply with its	37 38

		ins	ligations with respect to the making of the proposed strument or has not carried out those obligations in a sisfactory manner,	
		(e) the	e proposed instrument is to apply to an area that is not thin a local government area (subject to subsection (6)).	
	(3)	any land to the lar carry our	nt planning authority that is requested by the owner of to exercise its functions under this Division in relation at may, as a condition of doing so, require the owner to a studies or provide other information concerning the or to pay the costs of the authority in accordance with ations.	6 - 8 9 10 11
	(4)	council t relating t or body	ister may, in a direction under this section, require a provide studies or other information in its possession to the proposed instrument to be provided to the person specified in the direction as the relevant planning for the proposed instrument.	12 13 14 18 16
	(5)	functions	nore relevant local authorities may together exercise the under this Division of a relevant planning authority in on with the making of a single principal or amending int in relation to the whole of their combined areas.	17 18 19 20
	(6)	governm governm by order <b>Note</b> . Secrelevant	the ce in this section to a local government area includes a set to an adjoining area that is not within a local cent area and that is designated as part of that local cent area for the purposes of this Division by the Minister published in the Gazette.  Ition 117 enables directions to be given to councils or other planning authorities on the exercise of functions under this in relation to the making of an instrument.	2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2°
55			ning authority to prepare explanation of and r proposed instrument—the planning proposal	29 30
	(1)	Division document instrume	the relevant planning instrument is made under this the relevant planning authority is required to prepare a t that explains the intended effect of the proposed and sets out the justification for making the proposed in the planning proposal).	3 <sup>2</sup> 32 33 34 38
	(2)	The plan	ning proposal is to include the following:	36
		pro	statement of the objectives or intended outcomes of the oposed instrument,	37 38
		(b) an	explanation of the provisions that are to be included in eproposed instrument,	39 40

		(c)	provisions and the process for their implementation (including whether the proposed instrument will comply with relevant directions under section 117),	2
		(d)	if maps are to be adopted by the proposed instrument, such as maps for proposed land use zones; heritage areas; flood prone land—a version of the maps containing sufficient detail to indicate the substantive effect of the proposed instrument,	
		(e)	details of the community consultation that is to be undertaken before consideration is given to the making of the proposed instrument.	10 1: 12
	(3)		Director-General may issue requirements with respect to the tration of a planning proposal.	1; 14
56	Gate	way d	etermination	15
	(1)		preparing a planning proposal, the relevant planning prity may forward it to the Minister.	16 17
	(2)		a review of the planning proposal, the Minister is to mine the following:	18 19
		(a)	whether the matter should proceed (with or without variation),	20 21
		(b)	whether the matter should be resubmitted for any reason (including for further studies or other information, or for the revision of the planning proposal),	22 23 24
		(c)	community consultation required before consideration is given to the making of the proposed instrument (the community consultation requirements),	25 26 27
		(d)	any consultation required with State or Commonwealth public authorities that will or may be adversely affected by the proposed instrument,	28 29 30
		(e)	whether a public hearing is to be held into the matter by the Planning Assessment Commission or other specified person or body,	3 <sup>,</sup> 32 33
		(f)	the times within which the various stages of the procedure for the making of the proposed instrument are to be completed,	34 38 36

		(g) whether the function under this Division of making a local environmental plan in respect of the matter is to be exercised by the Minister or delegated to the relevant planning authority.	1 2 3 4
		Any such delegation may be set out in the determination or made by a separate instrument.	5 6
	(3)	A determination of the community consultation requirements includes a determination under section 73A (or other provision of this Act) that the matter does not require community consultation.	7 8 9 10
	(4)	The regulations may provide for the categorisation of planning proposals for the purposes of this section, and may prescribe standard community consultation requirements for each such category.	11 12 13 14
	(5)	The Minister may arrange for the review of a planning proposal (or part of a planning proposal) under this section to be conducted by, or with the assistance of, the Planning Assessment Commission or a joint regional planning panel:	15 16 17 18
		<ul><li>(a) if there has been any delay in the matter being finalised, or</li><li>(b) if for any other reason the Minister considers it appropriate to do so.</li></ul>	19 20 21
	(6)	The relevant planning authority may, at any time, forward a revised planning proposal to the Minister.	22 23
	(7)	The Minister may, at any time, alter a determination made under this section.	24 25
	(8)	A failure to comply with a requirement of a determination under this section in relation to a proposed instrument does not prevent the instrument from being made or invalidate the instrument once it is made. However, if community consultation is required under section 57, the instrument is not to be made unless the community has been given an opportunity to make submissions and the submissions have been considered under that section.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
57	Com	munity consultation	33
	(1)	Before consideration is given to the making of a local environmental plan, the relevant planning authority must consult the community in accordance with the community consultation requirements for the proposed instrument.	34 35 36 37
	(2)	The planning proposal (as revised to comply with the determination under section 56 and in a form approved by the	38 39

58

	Director-General) is to be made publicly available during the period of community consultation. Detailed provisions may be summarised instead of being set out in full if the Director-General is satisfied that the summary provides sufficient details for community consultation.	1 2 3 4 5	
(3)	During the period of community consultation, any person may make a written submission to the relevant planning authority concerning the matter (other than any matter that is mandatory under an applicable standard instrument under section 33A).	6 7 8 9	
(4)	The relevant planning authority may (but need not) make publicly available, in accordance with the community consultation requirements, the submissions made concerning a matter (or a summary of or report on any such submissions).	10 11 12 13	
(5)	If:	14	
	(a) a person making a submission so requests, and	15	
	(b) the relevant planning authority considers that the issues raised in a submission are of such significance that they should be the subject of a hearing,	16 17 18	
	the relevant planning authority is to arrange a public hearing on the issues raised in the submission.	19 20	
(6)	The relevant planning authority may arrange a public hearing on any issue whether or not a person has made a submission concerning the matter.	21 22 23	
(7)	A report of any public hearing is to be furnished to the relevant planning authority and may be made publicly available by that authority.	24 25 26	
(8)	The consultation required by this section is completed when the relevant planning authority has considered any submissions made concerning the proposed instrument and the report of any public hearing.		
Relev	vant planning authority may vary proposals or not proceed	31	
(1)	The relevant planning authority may, at any time, vary its proposals as a consequence of its consideration of any submission or report during community consultation or for any other reason.	32 33 34 35	
(2)	If it does so, the relevant planning authority is to forward a revised planning proposal to the Minister.	36 37	

	(3)	Further community consultation under section 57 is not required unless the Minister so directs in a revised determination under section 56.	1 2 3
	(4)	The relevant planning authority may also, at any time, request the Minister to determine that the matter not proceed.	4 5
59	Mak	ing of local environmental plan by Minister	6
	(1)	The Director-General is to make arrangements for the drafting of any required local environmental plan to give effect to the final proposals of the relevant planning authority. The Director-General is to consult the relevant planning authority, in accordance with the regulations, on the terms of any such draft instrument.	7 8 9 10 11 12
	(2)	The Minister (or the Minister's delegate) may, following completion of community consultation:	13 14
		(a) make a local environmental plan (with or without variation of the proposals submitted by the relevant planning authority) in the terms the Minister (or delegate) considers appropriate, or	15 16 17 18
		(b) decide not to make the proposed local environmental plan.	19
	(3)	The Minister (or the Minister's delegate) may defer the inclusion of a matter in a proposed local environmental plan.	20 21
	(4)	If the Minister (or the Minister's delegate) does not make the proposed local environmental plan or defers the inclusion of a matter in a proposed local environmental plan, the Minister (or delegate) may specify which procedures under this Division the relevant planning authority must comply with before the matter is resubmitted to the Minister (or delegate).	22 23 24 25 26 27
60	Reg	ulations	28
		The regulations may make further provision with respect to the making of environmental planning instruments under this Division, including:	29 30 31
		(a) requirements with respect to consultation about proposed instruments by a relevant planning authority with particular persons or bodies, and	32 33 34
		(b) requirements with respect to planning proposals and the submission of other related reports and documents, and	35 36
		(c) requirements with respect to advertising in connection with community consultation on proposed instruments, and	37 38 39

		(d)	provisions relating to consultation by the Director-General with relevant planning authorities and others on the drafting of proposed instruments, and	1 2 3
		(e)	requirements for concurrence of public authorities in relation to the reservation of land for a purpose referred to in section 26 (1) (c).	4 5 6
			. The Interpretation Act 1987 applies to environmental planning uments.	7 8
[12]	Section 73		pedited amendments of environmental planning	9 10
	Insert after	section	n 73A (b):	11
		(c)	deal with matters that the Minister considers do not warrant compliance with the conditions precedent for the making of the instrument because they will not have any significant adverse impact on the environment or adjoining land.	12 13 14 15 16
[13]	Section 73	A (2)		17
	Insert at the	e end c	of section 73A:	18
	(2)	inclu	eference in this section to an amendment of an instrument ades a reference to the amendment or replacement of a map sted by an instrument.	19 20 21
[14]	Section 74	B Def	inition (DCPs)	22
			on of <i>relevant planning authority</i> from section 74B (1).	23
	Insert instead:			
		coun Dire plant is no	cant planning authority, in relation to any matter, means the acil of the area to which the matter relates or the ctor-General. However, the council is not the relevant ning authority in relation to a SEPP and the Director-General of the relevant planning authority in relation to a LEP for the acouncil is the relevant planning authority under Division	25 26 27 28 29 30 31
[15]	Section 74	C Pre	paration of development control plans	32
	Insert "or" (iv).	at the	end of section 74C (1) (c) (iii) and omit section 74C (1) (c)	33 34

1.2	Consequential and other amendments to Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	1 2	
[1]	Section 4 Definitions	3	
	Omit the definition of <i>deemed environmental planning instrument</i> from section 4 (1).	4 5	
[2]	Section 4 (1), definition of "development control plan"	6	
	Omit the definition. Insert instead:	7	
	development control plan (or DCP) means a development	8	
	control plan made, or taken to have been made, under Division 6 of Part 3 and in force.	9 10	
[3]	Section 4 (1), definition of "local environmental plan"	11	
	Omit the definition. Insert instead:	12	
	local environmental plan (or LEP) —see section 24 (2).	13	
[4]	Section 4 (1), definition of "State environmental planning policy"	14	
	Omit the definition. Insert instead:	15	
	State environmental planning policy (or SEPP)—see section 24	16	
	(2).	17	
[5]	Section 4 (5)	18	
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead:	19	
	(5) A reference in this Act to an authority or person preparing a document includes a reference to the authority or person causing the document to be prepared on the authority's or person's behalf.	20 21 22	
[6]	Section 7 Responsibility of Minister	23	
	Omit "local environmental plans" from section 7 (b).	24	
	Insert instead "environmental planning instruments".	25	
[7]	Section 25 Statement of aims etc in environmental planning instruments	26	
	Omit the section.		
[8]	Section 26 Contents of environmental planning instruments	28	
	Omit section 26 (2) and (3).	29	
[9]	Section 33A Standardisation of environmental planning instruments	30	
	Omit "Any draft of the instrument that is exhibited under this Act is to set out in full the provisions that are adopted." from section 33A (3).	31 32	

[10]	Section 33A (9)	1	
	Omit "or draft instrument".	2	
[11]	Section 33B Staged repeal and review of environmental planning instruments	3 4	
	Omit "draft replacement instruments" from section 33B (2) (b).	5	
	Insert instead "proposals for replacement instruments".	6	
[12]	Section 33B (2) (d)	7	
	Omit "and regional environmental plans".	8	
[13]	Section 33B (4)	9	
	Omit "The Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, make a local environmental plan".	10 11	
	Insert instead "The Minister may, under Division 4, make a local environmental plan".	12 13	
[14]	Section 33B (5) (a)	14	
	Omit "an order making a plan under that subsection is not required to comply with other requirements".	15 16	
	Insert instead "a local environmental plan made pursuant to that subsection is not required to comply with the conditions precedent in Division 4".		
[15]	Section 33B (5) (b)	19	
	Omit the paragraph.	20	
[16]	Section 33B (5) (c)	21	
	Omit "draft plans,".	22	
[17]	Section 36 Inconsistency between instruments	23	
	Omit section 36 (1) (a) and (b). Insert instead:	24	
	(a) there is a general presumption that a State environmental planning policy prevails over a local environmental plan or other instrument made before or after that State environmental planning policy, and	25 26 27 28	

[18]	Section 72K Joint exhibition of proposed instrument amendment and advertising of application	1 2
	Omit "the preparation and making of a draft environmental planning instrument" from section 72K (1).	3 4
	Insert instead "the making of a proposed environmental planning instrument".	5
[19]	Section 72K (2)	6
	Omit "the draft environmental planning instrument".	7
	Insert instead "the documents relating to the proposed environmental planning instrument".	8 9
[20]	Section 72K (3)	10
	Omit "the draft environmental planning instrument proposes to make".	11
	Insert instead "the proposed environmental planning instrument makes".	12
[21]	Section 72L Commission of Inquiry	13
	Omit the section.	14
[22]	Section 73 Review of environmental planning instruments	15
	Omit "and regional environmental plans,".	16
[23]	Section 74 Amendment of environmental planning instruments	17
	Omit section 74 (2).	18
[24]	Section 74B Definition (DCPs)	19
	Omit "any such draft instrument" from section 74B (2).	20
	Insert instead "any such proposed instrument".	21
[25]	Section 79B Consultation and concurrence	22
	Omit "a deemed environmental planning instrument" from section 79B (8).	23
	Insert instead "a deemed instrument referred to in Division 2 of Part 21 of Schedule 6".	24 25
[26]	Section 79C Evaluation	26
	Omit section 79C (1) (a) (ii). Insert instead:	27
	(ii) any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and	28 29
	that has been notified to the consent authority	30
	(unless the Director-General has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed	31 32

			instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved), and	1 2		
[27]	Section 94F housing	Con	ditions requiring land or contributions for affordable	3 4		
	Omit "regio	nal en	vironmental plan or" from section 94F (3) (b).	5		
[28]	Section 96	A Rev	ocation or modification of development consent	6		
	Omit section	1 96A	(1) (a) and (b). Insert instead:	7		
		(a)	the Director-General, having regard to the provisions of any proposed State environmental planning policy, or	8 9		
		(b)	a council (being the consent authority in relation to the development application referred to in this subsection), having regard to the provisions of any proposed local environmental plan,	10 11 12 13		
[29]	Section 109	A Us	es unlawfully commenced	14		
	Omit "deem	ed en	vironmental planning instrument" from section 109A (2).	15		
	Insert instead "deemed instrument referred to in Division 2 of Part 21 of Schedule 6".					
[30]	Section 117 Directions by Minister					
	Omit "draft"	' from	n section 117 (2) (a).	19		
[31]	Section 117 (2) (b)					
	Omit "a dra	ft loca	al environmental plan". Insert instead "a planning proposal".	21		
[32]	Section 117	7 (2A)	(b) and (c)	22		
	Omit "draft	plans	"wherever occurring. Insert instead "planning proposals".	23		
[33]	Section 117	7 (2B)		24		
	Insert after section 117 (2A):					
	(2B)	refer	ference to a council in subsections (2) and (2A) includes a ence to a relevant planning authority under Division 4 of 3 that is not a council.	26 27 28		
[34]	Section 117	7 (5)		29		
	Omit "any d	lraft".	Insert instead "any planning proposal".	30		
[35]	Section 148	B Disc	closure and misuse of information	31		
	Omit "draft'	' from	n section 148 (3) (a). Insert instead "proposed".	32		

[36]			ansfer or amalgamation of land to which environmental ument applies	1 2
			local environmental plan that has been placed on public cordance with section 66" from section 154 (2) (a).	3 4
			a planning proposal that has been placed on public exhibition with Division 4 of Part 3".	5 6
[37]	Sche	edule 6 Sa	vings, transitional and other provisions	7
	Inser	t in approp	oriate order in Part 21 (as inserted by Schedule 5.1 [12]):	8
	Divi	sion 2	Provisions consequent on Schedule 1 to amending Act	9 10
	119	Definitio	ns	11
		In	this Division:	12
		envical envical exitering envicant exitering exitering envicant en	emed environmental planning instrument means a former vironmental planning instrument referred to in clause 2 of hedule 3 to the Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) Repeal and mendment Act 1979, and includes an instrument referred to in tause 3 (2) of that Schedule.  isting local environmental plan means a local environmental and made under Part 3 of this Act (as in force immediately before the relevant commencement day).  isting regional environmental plan means a regional vironmental plan made under Part 3 of this Act (as in force immediately before the relevant commencement day).  isting State environmental planning policy means a State	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
		env in : <i>the</i>	vironmental planning policy made under Part 3 of this Act (as force immediately before the relevant commencement day).  ver relevant commencement day means the day on which hedule 1.1 [4] to the amending Act commences.	24 25 26 27 28
	400			
	120		ation in force of existing SEPPs and REPs	29
		reg day Go	l existing State environmental planning policies and existing gional environmental plans are, on the relevant commencement y, taken to be environmental planning instruments made by the overnor under Division 2 of Part 3 of this Act, as amended by a amending Act.	30 31 32 33 34

	121	Revi	ew of existing REPs	1			
		(1)	As soon as practicable after the relevant commencement day, the Minister is to review the provisions of all existing regional environmental plans.	2 3 4			
		(2)	An environmental planning instrument (whether a principal or amending instrument) may be made by the Governor under Division 2 of Part 3 of this Act, or by the Minister under Division 4 of that Part, to transfer those existing environmental planning provisions (with or without modification) to appropriate new or existing principal instruments that apply to the land concerned.	5 6 7 8 9 10			
		(3)	Any such instrument may be made without compliance with the provisions of Part 3 of this Act relating to the conditions precedent to the making of the instrument.	11 12 13			
	122	Cont	tinuation in force of existing LEPs	14			
		(1)	All existing local environmental plans are, on the relevant commencement day, taken to be environmental planning instruments made by the Minister under Division 4 of Part 3 of this Act, as amended by the amending Act.	15 16 17 18			
		(2)	The Minister may dispense with any conditions precedent to the making of an environmental planning instrument under that Division if satisfied that the instrument was in the course of preparation before the commencement of this clause.	19 20 21 22			
	123	3 Continuation in force of deemed environmental planning instruments					
		(1)	All deemed environmental planning instruments that are in force immediately before the relevant commencement day continue in force and have effect according to their tenor.	25 26 27			
		(2)	Any such instrument may be amended or repealed by an environmental planning instrument made under Part 3 of this Act.	28 29			
1.3	Amo	endm	ent of Fisheries Management Act 1994 No 38	30			
	Section 221ZK Biodiversity certification						
	Omit "public exhibition of a draft of the EPI under section 66" and "that section" from section 221ZK (4) (a).						
	Insert instead respectively "community consultation of the proposed EPI under Part 3" and "that Part".						

1.4	Amendment of Heritage Act 1977 No 136	1
	Part 5 Environmental planning instruments affecting certain land	2
	Omit the Part.	3
1.5	Amendment of Sydney Water Catchment Management Act 1998 No 171	4 5
[1]	Section 31 Function of Tribunal	6
	Omit "with the provisions of the regional environmental plan or plans referred to in section 53" from section 31 (1) (c).	7 8
	Insert instead "with the provisions of the environmental planning instrument that was made pursuant to section 53 before its repeal and that are currently in force".	9 10 11
[2]	Section 40 Other documents to be presented to Parliament	12
	Omit section 40 (1) (d).	13
[3]	Section 48 Regulations concerning special areas	14
	Omit ", including an environmental planning instrument" from section 48 (2).	15
	Insert instead ", other than a SEPP under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ".	16 17
[4]	Section 52 Regulations concerning controlled areas	18
	Omit ", including an environmental planning instrument" from section 52 (2).	19
	Insert instead ", other than a SEPP under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ".	20 21
[5]	Part 5, Division 4 Regional environmental plan	22
	Omit the Division.	23
1.6	Amendment of Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 No 101	24 25
	Section 126G Biodiversity certification	26
	Omit "public exhibition of a draft of the EPI under section 66" and "that section" from section 126G (4) (a).	27 28
	Insert instead respectively "community consultation of the proposed EPI under Part 3" and "that Part".	29 30

1.7	Amendment of Water Management Act 2000 No 92	1
	Section 322 Regulations	2
	Omit ", including an environmental planning instrument" from section 322 (2).	3 4
	Insert instead ", other than a SEPP".	5
1.8	Amendment of Drinking Water Catchments Regional Environmental Plan No 1	6 7
	Clauses 9 and 23	8
	Omit the clauses.	9

Scł	nedule 2	Amendments relating to development assessment	
		(Section 3)	;
2.1		mendments to Environmental Planning and nt Act 1979	
[1]	Section 4 De	finitions	(
	Omit the definition section	nitions of <i>Commission of Inquiry</i> and <i>Commissioner of Inquiry</i> 4 (1).	<del>.</del> 8
[2]	Section 4 (1)	, definition of "consent authority"	,
	Omit paragra	ph (b) of the definition. Insert instead:	10
		(b) if a provision of this Act, the regulations or an environmental planning instrument specifies a Minister, the Planning Assessment Commission, a joint regional planning panel or public authority (other than a council) as having the function to determine the application—that Minister, Commission, panel or authority, as the case may be.	11 12 13 14 15 16
[3]	Section 4 (1)		18
	Insert in alph	abetical order:	19
	i	independent hearing and assessment panel means a panel constituted under section 23I.	20 2
	<i>j</i> 1	<i>ioint regional planning panel</i> means a joint regional planning panel constituted under section 23G.	22 23
		planning arbitrator means a planning arbitrator listed on the register of planning arbitrators under section 23K.	24 25
	1	Planning Assessment Commission means the Planning Assessment Commission constituted under section 23B.	20 27
	1	planning assessment panel means a panel listed in Schedule 5B.	28
[4]	Part 2, Divisi	ion 5 and section 20 Local Government Liaison Committee	29
	Omit the Div	ision heading and the section.	30
[5]	Section 22 E	stablishment of other committees	3
	Omit the sect	ion.	32
[6]	Section 23 D	elegation	33
	Omit section	23 (1) (c).	34

[7]	Section 23	(1) (e)	)	
	Omit "cour	ncil, or	". Insert instead "council,".	2
[8]	Section 23	(1) (f)	and (g)	;
	Omit section	on 23 (	1) (f). Insert instead:	4
		(f)	the Planning Assessment Commission, or	į.
		(g)	a joint regional planning panel,	(
[9]	Section 23	(1A) a	and (1B)	7
	Insert after	section	n 23 (1):	8
	(1A)	writi Com	Planning Assessment Commission may, by instrument in ng and with the approval of the Minister, delegate any of the mission's functions conferred or imposed by or under this or other Act.	10 10 12
	(1B)	with funct to a c	int regional planning panel may, by instrument in writing and the approval of the Minister, delegate any of the panel's tions conferred or imposed by or under this or any other Act council for an area situated wholly or partly in a part of the e for which the panel is appointed.	13 14 18 16 17
[10]	Section 23	(4), (5	5) and (6)	18
	Omit "or D	irector	-General" wherever occurring.	19
	Insert instead	ad", D	Director-General, Commission or panel".	20
[11]	Section 23	(6)		2
	Omit "his c	or her".	. Insert instead "the".	22
[12]	Section 23	(8) (a	1)	23
	Omit the pa	aragrap	bh. Insert instead:	24
		(a1)	the function of the Minister under Part 3A of determining whether to approve under section 75J the carrying out of a critical infrastructure project or under section 75O the concept plan for a critical infrastructure project, or	29 20 21 28

[13]	Part	2A		1
	Inser	t after	Part 2:	2
	Par	t 2A	Other planning bodies	3
	Divi	ision	1 Preliminary	4
	23A	Defin	nitions	5
			In this Part:	6
			Commission means the Planning Assessment Commission.	7
			regional panel means a joint regional planning panel.	8
	Divi	ision	2 Planning Assessment Commission	9
	23B	Planı	ning Assessment Commission	10
		(1)	There is constituted by this Act a body corporate with the	11
			corporate name of the Planning Assessment Commission of New South Wales.	12 13
		(2)	The Commission has such functions as are conferred or imposed	
		(2)	on it by or under this or any other Act.	14 15
		(3)	The Commission is not subject to the direction or control of the	16
		. ,	Minister, except in relation to the procedures of the Commission	17
		(4)	and to the extent specifically provided for in this Act.	18
		(4)	The Commission is a statutory body representing the Crown. <b>Note.</b> By virtue of section 13A of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , a statutory	19 20
			body representing the Crown has the status, privileges and immunities of the Crown.	21 22
		(5)	Schedule 3 has effect with respect to the Commission.	23
	23C	Chai	rperson of Commission	24
			The work of the Commission is, subject to this Act and the	25
			regulations, to be allocated by the chairperson of the Commission.	26 27
			Note. The chairperson is appointed under Schedule 3.	28
	23D	Func	tions of Commission	29
		(1)	The Commission has the following functions:	30
		(-)	(a) to determine applications for the approval of projects and	31
			concept plans under Part 3A, if those matters are delegated	32
			to it by the Minister,	33

if requested to do so by the Minister:

1

		(i) to advise the Minister as to planning or development matters, environmental planning instruments or the administration or implementation of the provisions of this Act, or any related matter, and	2 3 4 5
		(ii) to review any aspect of a project, or a concept plan, under Part 3A, and	6 7
		(iii) to review all or any of the environmental aspects of proposed development the subject of a development application (whether or not it is designated development), or a part of any such proposed development, and	8 9 10 11 12
		(iv) to review all or any of the environmental aspects of an activity referred to in section 112 (1), or of a part of any such activity, and	13 14 15
		(v) to review a proposal to constitute, alter or abolish a development area under section 132 or 133,	16 17
	(c)	any function of a regional panel, an independent hearing and assessment panel or a planning assessment panel conferred on it by order in writing by the Minister,	18 19 20
	(d)	if a regional panel has not been appointed for any part of the State, any function that is conferred on a regional panel under an environmental planning instrument applicable to that part or that is otherwise conferred on a regional panel under this Act.	21 22 23 24 25
(2)		he purposes of subsection (1) (c) and (d), the Commission ll the functions of the panel concerned.	26 27
(3)	Note. emplo	Commission cannot employ any staff.  Staff to enable the Commission to exercise its functions may be byed under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and agement Act 2002</i> in the Government Service.	28 29 30 31
(4)	Howe	ever, the Commission may:	32
	(a)	arrange, with the approval of the Director-General, for the use of the services of any staff (by secondment or otherwise) or facilities of a Division of the Government Service or a public authority, and	33 34 35 36
	(b)	with the approval of the Director-General, engage such consultants as it requires to exercise its functions.	37 38

23E	Reviews by, and procedures of, Commission					
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	2			
		(a) the procedures of the Commission, including the procedures for reviews relating to any or all, or a class, of its functions,	5			
		(b) without limiting paragraph (a), the circumstances in which public hearings are to be held by the Commission,	<del>7</del> 8			
		(c) without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are only to be represented in specified circumstances,	9 10 11 12			
		(d) the conferral on the Commission of power to require a person to give evidence or produce documents for the purposes of a review or the exercise of any of its other functions,	13 14 15 16			
		(e) additional procedural requirements relating to hearings involving a proposed development or activity that may involve the need for an approval under the <i>Water Management Act 2000</i> or a licence under the <i>Water Act 1912</i> ,	17 18 19 20 21			
		(f) reports of the Commission's findings and recommendations,	22 23			
		(g) the making of findings and recommendations of the Commission public,	2 <sup>2</sup> 25			
		(h) the provision of information by the Commission.	26			
23F		appeals against decisions by Commission after public rings	27 28			
	(1)	This section has effect despite any other provision of this Act or the regulations.	29 30			
	(2)	An appeal under this Act may not be made in respect of a decision of the Commission in exercising a function conferred on the Commission by or under this Act (including a function delegated to it under this Act) if the decision was made by the Commission after a public hearing.	31 32 33 34 35			
	(3)	In this section: <i>appeal</i> includes a review application under Division 7A of Part 4.	36 37			

37

Division 3			Joint regional planning panels					
23G	Join	t regio	onal planning panels	2				
	(1)	joint	Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, constitute a regional planning panel for a particular part of the State ified in the order.	3 4 5				
	(2)	A reg	gional panel has the following functions:	6				
		(a)	functions as a consent authority that are conferred on it under an environmental planning instrument,	7 8				
		(b)	any functions that are conferred on it under Division 1AA (Planning administrators and panels) of Part 6,	9 10				
		(c)	to advise the Minister as to planning or development matters or environmental planning instruments relating to the part of the State for which it is appointed, or any related matters, if requested to do so by the Minister.	11 12 13 14				
	(3)		gional panel has the functions conferred or imposed on it by nder this or any other Act.	15 16				
	(4) A regional panel is not subject to the direction or control of Minister, except in relation to the procedures of the regio panel and to the extent specifically provided for in this Act.							
	(5)	Note body	gional panel is a statutory body representing the Crown.  By virtue of section 13A of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , a statutory representing the Crown has the status, privileges and immunities crown.	20 21 22 23				
	(6)	Sche	edule 4 has effect with respect to regional panels.	24				
23H	Regulations							
			The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following matters:					
		(a)	the procedures of a regional panel in exercising its functions,	28 29				
		(b)	the provision of information and reports by regional panels,	30 31				
		(c)	without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties to matters being determined by a regional panel are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are only to be represented in specified circumstances.	32 33 34 35 36				

Divi	ision	4 Independent hearing and assessment panels	1			
231	Independent hearing and assessment panels					
	(1)	A council may constitute a panel of experts to assess any aspect of a development application or any planning matter referred to the panel by the council (other than a matter subject to a determination or review by a regional panel).	3 4 5 6			
	(2)	A council must constitute a panel of experts to assess any aspect of a development application or any planning matter if an assessment by a panel is required by an environmental planning instrument.	7 8 9 10			
	(3)	The members of a panel of experts are to be selected from a list of persons approved for the time being by the Director-General for the purposes of this section.	11 12 13			
	(4)	For the purposes of an assessment, a panel may receive or hear submissions from interested persons and must submit a report to the council within the time required by the council.	14 15 16			
	(5)	A panel is to exercise its functions in accordance with the regulations and any arrangements approved by the Minister. However, a panel is not subject to the direction of the Minister on the findings or recommendations in its report.	17 18 19 20			
	(6)	The council is to provide staff and facilities for the purpose of enabling a panel to exercise its functions.	21 22			
	(7)	A member of a panel is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	23 24 25			
23J	Reg	ulations	26			
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following matters:	27 28			
		(a) the procedures of independent hearing and assessment panels in exercising functions,	29 30			
		(b) without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are only to be represented in specified circumstances.	31 32 33 34			

Divi	sion	5 Planning arbitrators	1					
23K	Plan	ning arbitrators						
	(1)	A register of planning arbitrators is to be kept by the Director-General.	3 4					
	(2)	A person is to be listed on the register if approved by the Minister.	5					
	(3)	The register may designate planning arbitrators for particular local government areas or particular kinds of development, or both.	6 7 8					
	(4) A person may be listed as a planning arbitrator if the person has expertise in 1 or more of planning, architecture, heritage, urban design, law or engineering.							
	(5) A planning arbitrator is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the arbitrator.							
	(6)	The Minister may determine that the whole or part of any remuneration payable under this section to a planning arbitrator who is a member of staff of a council is payable to the council, if the planning arbitrator is paid by the council while exercising functions as a planning arbitrator.	15 16 17 18 19					
23L	Reg	ulations	20					
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	21 22					
		(a) the requirements for registration and the appointment and removal of planning arbitrators,	23 24					
		(b) the procedures of planning arbitrators in exercising their functions,	25 26					
		(c) without limiting paragraph (b), providing that parties are not to be legally represented or are only to be legally represented in specified circumstances,	27 28 29					
		(d) without limiting paragraph (b), providing that parties may be represented by a person other than an Australian legal practitioner in specified circumstances,	30 31 32					
		(e) regulating the conduct of planning arbitrators,	33					
		(f) regulating the conduct of matters by planning arbitrators in respect of conflicts of interest and prohibiting planning arbitrators from determining matters if there is a conflict of interest,	34 35 36 37					

		(g)	complaints about planning arbitrators, including actions to be taken in relation to complaints and planning arbitrators,	1 2
		(h)	the provision of information or reports by planning arbitrators and councils with respect to functions exercised by planning arbitrators.	3 4 5
Divi	ision	6	Matters relating to councils and council functions	6 7
23M	Obli	gation	to consult with council about certain decisions	8
		that migh	Commission or a regional panel must not exercise a function will result in the making of a decision that will have, or that it reasonably be expected to have, a significantly adverse initial impact on a council until after it has consulted with the icil.	9 10 11 12 13
23N			s of councils to assist Commission, regional panels and irbitrators	14 15
	(1)	The entit	Commission, a regional panel or a planning arbitrator is led:	16 17
		(a)	to have access to, and to make copies of and take extracts from, records of a council relevant to the exercise of the Commission's, panel's or arbitrator's functions, and	18 19 20
		(b)	to the use of the staff and facilities of a relevant council in order to exercise the Commission's, panel's or arbitrator's functions.	21 22 23
	(2)	direct arbit the Community	general manager of a council must carry out any reasonable etion of the Commission, a regional panel or a planning rator relating to functions of the council being exercised by Commission or panel or to a review by the arbitrator of a er for which the council is the consent authority. imum penalty: 10 penalty units.	24 25 26 27 28 29
	(3)	A mo of st regio Com pane	ember of a council, or the general manager or other member taff of a council, must not obstruct the Commission, a onal panel, a planning arbitrator or a member of the emission or a panel in the exercise of the Commission's, l's or arbitrator's functions under this Act. imum penalty: 10 penalty units.	30 31 32 33 34 35
230	Rec	overy	of certain costs	36
	(1)		ouncil is to pay to the Director-General out of the council's olidated fund:	37 38

			(a)	the remuneration, costs and expenses of the Commission in respect of the exercise of any functions of a consent authority involving development on land within the area of the council, and	1 2 3 4
			(b)	any other costs relating to the provision of services to the Commission by the Department in respect of the exercise of any such functions.	5 6 7
		(2)	State the D remu	councils for an area or part of an area situated in a part of the for which a regional panel has been appointed are to pay to Director-General, out of the councils' consolidated funds, the ineration, costs and expenses of the panel and of the artment relating to the costs of administration of the panel.	8 9 10 11 12
		(3)	remu	uncil is to pay, out of the council's consolidated fund, the ineration, costs and expenses of any independent hearing and issment panel established by the council.	13 14 15
		(4)	conso plann	uncil is to pay to the Director-General, out of the council's olidated fund, the remuneration, costs and expenses of a ning arbitrator appointed to carry out a review of a matter for h the council is the consent authority.	16 17 18 19
		(5)	The I	Minister may do either or both of the following:	20
			(a)	exempt a council from payment of any or all of any such remuneration, costs or expenses,	21 22
			(b)	resolve any dispute as to the amount of any such remuneration, costs or expenses.	23 24
	23P	Inder	nnity		25
			deter plann	uncil must indemnify a planning arbitrator appointed by it to mine a matter against a liability for costs incurred by the ning arbitrator with respect to an appeal concerning a matter r section 97 or 123.	26 27 28 29
[14]	Secti	ion 75	F Envi	ironmental assessment requirements for approval	30
	Omit	"relev	ant pu	blic authorities" from section 75F (4).	31
				ch public authorities as relevant guidelines in respect of the be consulted".	32 33
[15]	Secti	ion 76	A Dev	elopment that needs consent	34
				ass of development," after "development" where firstly on 76A (5).	35 36

[16]	Sect	ion 76	6A (6)		1		
	Omit	the su	ubsecti	on.	2		
[17]	Sect	ion 78	ВА Арр	olication	3		
	Insert at the end of section 78A (8) (b), before the note:						
				, or	5		
			(c)	if the application is in respect of development not referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), a statement of environmental effects prepared by or on behalf of an applicant in accordance with the regulations.	6 7 8 9		
[18]	Sect	ion 79	AA		10		
	Inser	t after	section	n 79A:	11		
7	79AA	Pub revie		ticipation—other development subject to objector	12 13		
		(1)		section applies to development applications of a class in ect of which a review application may be made under section	14 15 16		
		(2)	Regi	ulations may be made for or with respect to the following:	17		
			(a)	notice of development applications to which this section applies,	18 19		
			(b)	submissions to the consent authority about development applications to which this section applies.	20 21		
[19]	Sect	ion 79	C Eva	lluation	22		
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 79C (1):	23		
		(1A)		ction of submissions—development (other than gnated development) subject to objector review	24 25		
			class secti made communde	onsent authority determining a development application of a sin respect of which a review application may be made under on 96E may reject a submission that it considers has been e primarily to secure or maintain a direct or indirect mercial advantage for the objector. If an objection is rejected er this subsection, this Act applies as if the objection had not a made.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32		
[20]	Sect	ion 80	A Imp	osition of conditions	33		
	Omit	"sect	ion 97'	" from section 80A (3).	34		
	Inser	t inste	ad "se	ction 96C, 96D or 97".	35		

[21]	Section 80A (10B)–(10E)						
	Insert in ap	propriate order in section 80A:	2				
	(10B)	Review of extended hours of operation and number of persons permitted	3 4				
		A development consent that is granted subject to a reviewable condition may be granted subject to a further condition that the consent authority may review that condition at any time or at intervals specified by the consent and that the reviewable condition may be changed on any such review.	5 6 7 8 9				
	(10C)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the kinds of development that may be subject to a further condition referred to in subsection (10B), the matters that must be included in such a condition and the procedures for a review under such a condition.					
	(10D)	A decision by a consent authority to change a reviewable condition on a review is taken to be a determination of a development consent for the purposes of this Act.  Note. A review application or an appeal against a determination of a development consent may be made under Division 7A or 8.	15 16 17 18 19				
	(10E)	For the purposes of subsections (10B)–(10D), a <i>reviewable</i> condition means any of the following:					
		(a) a condition that permits extended hours of operation (in addition to other specified hours of operation),	22 23				
		(b) a condition that increases the maximum number of persons permitted in a building (in addition to the maximum number otherwise permitted).	24 25 26				
[22]	Part 4, Div	ision 3	27				
	Omit the no	ote after the heading to the Division.	28				
[23]	Section 85	A Process for obtaining complying development certificates	29				
	Omit section	on 85A (2).	30				
[24]	Section 85	A (8)	31				
	Omit "7 days". Insert instead "the period prescribed by the regulations".						

[25]	Sect	ion 85	A (11)	(c)		1			
	Inse	rt at the	e end o	of secti	on 85A (11) (b):	2			
				, and	1	3			
			(c)	certi any	e determination is to issue a complying development ficate, the council or accredited certifier must notify other person, if required to do so by the regulations, in rdance with the regulations.	4 5 6 7			
[26]	Sect	ion 86	A Dur	ation	of complying development certificate	8			
	Insert after section 86A (4):								
		(5)		aken t	tions may set out circumstances in which work is or is to be physically commenced for the purposes of this	10 11 12			
[27]	Part	4, Div	ision 4	4		13			
	Inser	rt after	Divisi	on 3:		14			
	Div	ision	4	Cro	wn developments	15			
	88	Defi	nitions	5		16			
		(1)	In th	is Div	ision:	17			
			pane		regional panel for development means the regional ne part of the State in which the development is to be	18 19 20			
					evelopment application means a development made by or on behalf of the Crown.	21 22			
			regio	onal pa	anel means a joint regional planning panel.	23			
		(2)	A re	ference	e in this Division to the Crown:	24			
			(a)	regu	ldes a reference to a person who is prescribed by the lations to be the Crown for the purposes of this sion, and	25 26 27			
			(b)	does	not include a reference to:	28			
				(i)	a capacity of the Crown that is prescribed by the regulations not to be the Crown for the purposes of this Division, or	29 30 31			
				(ii)	a person who is prescribed by the regulations not to be the Crown for the purposes of this Division.	32 33			

89

89A

Dete	rmination of Crown development applications	1					
(1)	A consent authority (other than the Minister) must not:	2					
	(a) refuse its consent to a Crown development application, except with the approval of the Minister, or	3 4					
	(b) impose a condition on its consent to a Crown development application, except with the approval of the applicant or the Minister.	5 6 7					
(2)	If the consent authority fails to determine a Crown development application within the period prescribed by the regulations, the applicant or the consent authority may refer the application:	8 9 10					
	(a) to the Minister, if the consent authority is not a council, or	11					
	(b) to the applicable regional panel, if the consent authority is a council.	12 13					
(3)	An applicable regional panel to which a Crown development application is referred may exercise the functions of the council as a consent authority (subject to subsection (1)) with respect to the application.	14 15 16 17					
(4)	A decision by a regional panel in determining a Crown development application is taken for all purposes to be the decision of the council.						
(5)	If an applicable regional panel fails to determine a Crown development application within the period prescribed by the regulations, the applicant or the panel may refer the application to the Minister.	21 22 23 24					
(6)	The party that refers an application under this section must notify the other party in writing that the application has been referred.	25 26					
(7)	When an application is referred under this section to an applicable regional panel or the Minister, the consent authority must, as soon as practicable, submit to the panel or the Minister:	27 28 29					
	(a) a copy of the development application, and	30					
	(b) details of its proposed determination of the development application, and	31 32					
	(c) the reasons for the proposed determination, and	33					
	(d) any relevant reports of another public authority.	34					
Dire	ctions by Minister	35					
(1)	On a referral being made by a consent authority or an applicable regional panel to the Minister under this Division, the Minister	36 37					

			may direct the relevant consent authority, within the time specified in the direction:	
			(a) to approve the Crown development application, with or without specified conditions, or	;
			(b) to refuse the Crown development application.	;
		(2)	A consent authority must comply with a direction by the Minister.	<del>-</del>
		(3)	If the consent authority fails to comply, the consent authority is taken, on the last date for compliance specified in the direction, to have determined the Crown development application in accordance with the Minister's direction.	10 10
		(4)	Despite subsection (2), a consent authority may vary a condition specified by the Minister with the approval of the applicant.	12 13
	89B	Modi	ification of Crown development consents	14
			This Division applies to an application made by or on behalf of the Crown under section 96 in the same way as it applies to an application for development consent.	15 16 17
	89C	Appl	icant's rights of appeal	18
			This Division does not affect any right of an applicant to seek a review or to appeal under Division 7A or 8.	19 20
[28]	Sect	ion 95	Lapsing of consent	2
			wever, the consent does lapse if that work is not substantially d within 2 years after that date." after "this section." in section 95	22 23 24
[29]	Sect	ion 95	(7)	25
	Inser	t after	section 95 (6):	26
		(7)	The regulations may set out circumstances in which work is or is not taken to be substantially or physically commenced for the purposes of this section.	27 28 29
[30]	Sect	ion 95	A Extension of lapsing period for 1 year	30
	Inser	t after	section 95A (1):	3
		(1A)	If, in granting a development consent that is subject to a deferred commencement condition under section 80 (3), the consent authority specifies a shorter period than 5 years within which the consent will lapse if it is not satisfied as to the matter specified in the condition, the applicant or any other person entitled to act on	32 33 34 38

			consent may apply to the consent authority, before the period res, for an extension of 1 year.	1 2
[31]	Section 95	6A (3)		3
	Omit "subs	section	(1)". Insert instead "this section".	4
[32]	Section 96	Modi	fication of consents—generally	5
	Omit "(5),	(6) and	d (7)" from section 96 (1).	6
	Insert inste	ad "(5	) and (6) and Divisions 7A and 8".	7
[33]	Section 96	6 (6)		8
	Omit section	on 96 (	(6) and (7). Insert instead:	9
	(6)	Dee	med refusals	10
			regulations may make provision for or with respect to the owing:	11 12
		(a)	the period after which a consent authority, that has not determined an application under this section, is taken to have determined the application by refusing consent,	13 14 15
		(b)	the effect of any such deemed determination on the power of a consent authority to determine any such application,	16 17
		(c)	the effect of a subsequent determination by a consent authority on any review or appeal sought under this Act.	18 19
[34]	Section 96 by the Cou		odification by consent authorities of consents granted	20 21
	Omit section 96AA (3) and (4). Insert instead:			
	(3)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the owing:	23 24
		(a)	the period after which a consent authority, that has not determined an application under this section, is taken to have determined the application by refusing consent,	25 26 27
		(b)	the effect of any such deemed determination on the power of a consent authority to determine any such application,	28 29
		(c)	the effect of a subsequent determination by a consent authority on any review or appeal sought under this Act.	30 31

5]	Part	4, Division	7A:	1
	Inser	t after Divis	sion 7 of Part 4:	2
	Division 7A		Reviews of development application determinations by bodies other than the Land and Environment Court	3 4 5
	96B	Definition	ıs	6
		In t	his Division:	7
		pan	dicable regional panel for development means the regional el for the part of the State in which the development is to be ried out.	8 9 10
		Cor	mmission means the Planning Assessment Commission.	11
		dee	med refusal:	12
		(a)	in relation to a development application, means a refusal of a development application taken to have been determined under section 82 (1), or	13 14 15
		(b)	in relation to an application to modify a development consent, means a refusal of an application taken to have been determined in accordance with regulations made under section 96 (6) or 96AA (3).	16 17 18 19
		plai	nning arbitrator matter means:	20
		(a)	a class of reviewable determinations that is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition, or	21 22
		(b)	a determination by a council that a development application may not be considered because further information is required or it does not comply with the provisions of this Act or the regulations.	23 24 25 26
		reg	ional panel means a joint regional planning panel.	27
			<i>iew application</i> means an application for a review under this rision.	28 29
		revi	iewable determination means:	30
		(a)	a determination of a development application (including a deemed refusal), or	31 32
		(b)	a determination of an application to modify a development consent (including a deemed refusal), or	33 34
		(c)	a determination by a consent authority, or a person specified by the consent authority, that the consent authority or person is not satisfied (pursuant to a condition imposed under section 80A (2)) as to a specified aspect of	35 36 37 38

		a development that is to be carried out to the satisfaction of the consent authority or person, or	1 2
		(d) a determination that a consent authority is not satisfied as to a matter that it must be satisfied about before a "deferred commencement" consent under section 80 (3) can operate,	3 4 5
		other than a determination of a class prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	6 7
		<i>reviewing body</i> means a planning arbitrator, a regional panel or the Commission.	8 9
96C	App	lications for review of planning arbitrator matters—applicants	10
	(1)	The applicant in relation to a planning arbitrator matter may apply to the council for a review of the determination.	11 12
	(2)	An application for a review of a planning arbitrator matter must be made within the period prescribed by the regulations.	13 14
	(3)	The council must notify the Director-General of a review application made under this section as soon as practicable.	15 16
	(4)	The Director-General must appoint a planning arbitrator to determine an application for a review of a planning arbitrator matter.	17 18 19
	(5)	The Director-General may appoint more than one planning arbitrator to review a matter, if the Director-General thinks it appropriate to do so in the circumstances.	20 21 22
	(6)	An applicant may amend the development the subject of the original application.	23 24
	(7)	The prescribed fee must be paid in connection with a review application.	25 26
	(8)	An application for a review of a reviewable determination cannot be made under this section if an appeal under section 97 (5) has been made against the determination.	27 28 29
96D	App	lications for reviews of other matters—applicants	30
	(1)	The applicant in relation to a development application determined by a council (other than a planning arbitrator matter), that is of a class prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section, may apply to the council for a review of the determination.	31 32 33 34 35
	(2)	An application for a review under this section must be made within the period prescribed by the regulations.	36 37

	(3)	The review must be carried out:	1
		(a) if the determination was made by the council, by the council, or	2
		(b) if the determination was made by a delegate of the council, by the council or a delegate of the council who is not subordinate to the delegate who made the determination.	4 5 6
	(4)	An applicant may amend the development the subject of the original application.	7 8
	(5)	The prescribed fee must be paid in connection with a review application.	9 10
	(6)	An application for a review under this section cannot be made if an appeal has been made against the determination under section 97.	11 12 13
96E	Appl	lications for review—objectors	14
	(1)	This section applies to development applications of a class prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	15 16
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a class of development application may be described by reference to whether, or to what extent, the relevant development fails to meet any applicable development standards.	17 18 19 20
	(3)	A person (an objector) may make an application under this section if:	21 22
		(a) the person is not an applicant and has made a submission objecting to the development in accordance with regulations made under section 79AA, and	23 24 25
		(b) the person owns land within 1 kilometre of any point on the boundary of the land the subject of the development application or is currently occupying any such land and has been an occupant for at least 6 months.	26 27 28 29
	(4)	An objector who is dissatisfied with a determination of a council to grant consent to a development application either unconditionally or subject to conditions may apply to the applicable regional panel for a review of the determination.	30 31 32 33
	(5)	An objector who is dissatisfied with a determination of a regional panel to grant consent to a development application either unconditionally or subject to conditions may apply to the Commission for a review of the determination.	34 35 36 37

	(6)	An application for a review of a determination under this section must be made within 28 days after the date on which notice of the determination was given in accordance with the regulations.	2
	(7)	An applicant may amend the development the subject of the original application.	
	(8)	The prescribed fee must be paid in connection with a review application.	<del>-</del>
	(9)	The regulations may limit the persons who are qualified to apply for reviews under this section.	8
	(10)	This section does not apply to planning arbitrator matters or to the following development applications:	10 1
		(a) a development application in relation to which an appeal may be made by an objector under section 98,	12 13
		(b) a development application relating to integrated development,	14 15
		(c) a Crown development application (within the meaning of Division 4).	16 17
96F	Notif	fication of review applications	18
	(1)	A council, a regional panel or the Commission must notify a review application in accordance with the regulations, if the regulations so require.	19 20 2
	(2)	The regulations may provide that a person given notice under this section is entitled to be heard on the review application.	22 23
96G		edures for reviews and determinations—applicant and ctor reviews	24 25
	(1)	A review under this Division by a reviewing body:	26
		(a) must be held within the period prescribed by the regulations and must be determined within the period prescribed by the regulations, and	27 28 29
		(b) is to be conducted in accordance with the regulations (if any) or any procedures determined by the Minister.	30 31
	(2)	Before determining a review application, the reviewing body must consider any submissions made concerning the request for review within any period prescribed by the regulations.	32 33 34
	(3)	The reviewing body may consider additional matters not considered by the consent authority in determining the original application.	35 36 37

	(4)	described in the original application, the reviewing body may only conduct a review of a determination of a development application if satisfied that the development, as amended, is substantially the same development as the development described in the original application.	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(5)	If an appeal is made under section 97 in respect of a reviewable determination that is already the subject of a review application under section 96C or 96D, the determination cannot be reviewed after the determination is disposed of by the Court.  Note. A review application may not be made under section 96C or 96D if an appeal has already been made to the Court.	7 8 9 10 11 12
	(6)	If review applications concerning the same matter are made under sections 96D and 96E, the applications are to be dealt with together and determined by the regional panel reviewing the application under section 96E. A council may not determine a review application under section 96D if an application concerning the same matter is made under section 96E.	13 14 15 16 17
96H	Revi	ew bodies to have consent authority functions for review	19
	(1)	A reviewing body has the same functions as the consent authority had, in relation to the original determination or application, for the purposes of determining a review application.	20 21 22
	(2)	A decision by a reviewing body in determining a review application is taken for all purposes to be the decision of the consent authority.	23 24 25
	(3)	This section has effect even if the appointment of a reviewing body or a member of a reviewing body is subsequently found not to have been validly made.	26 27 28
961	Revi	ew of unaccepted applications by planning arbitrators	29
	(1)	If a planning arbitrator determines that a development application that was not accepted by a council should have been dealt with by the council, the planning arbitrator must refer the application to the council for determination.	30 31 32 33
	(2)	The council must determine an application that is referred to it under this section.	34 35
96J	Deci	sions on reviews and determinations	36
	(1)	The reviewing body must, in accordance with the regulations, give notice of the result of its determination of a review application:	37 38 39

(a)

1

		(b) if the person was not the applicant for the determination reviewed, to the applicant, and	2
		(c) in the case of a development application in respect of which a person other than the applicant may make a review application (a <i>third party matter</i> ), each person who made a submission to the consent authority in accordance with regulations made under section 79AA.	4 5 6 7 8
	(2)	In the case of a third party matter, the reviewing body must also notify each person who made a submission by way of objection of the person's rights to appeal against the determination and of the applicant's rights to appeal against the determination.	9 10 11 12
	(3)	If the reviewing body grants development consent, or varies the conditions of a development consent or otherwise modifies a development consent, the reviewing body must endorse on the notice the date from which the consent, or the consent as varied, operates.	13 14 15 16 17
	(4)	If the reviewing body changes a determination, the changed determination replaces the earlier determination as from the date of the review.	18 19 20
	(5)	If on a review under section 96C or 96D the council grants development consent, or varies the conditions of a development consent, the council is entitled, with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to have an appeal made under section 97 in respect of its determination withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.	21 22 23 24 25 26
	(6)	A decision on a review application may not be further reviewed by a reviewing body under this Division.	27 28
	(7)	Subsection (5) does not prevent a review of a determination of a development application by a council following a decision by a planning arbitrator that the council must determine the application.	29 30 31 32
96K	Circu refus	umstances in which review application is taken to have been sed	33 34
	(1)	A planning arbitrator that has not determined a review application within the period prescribed for the purposes of section 96G (1) is, for the purpose only of section 97, taken to have determined the application by refusing consent on the date on which the period expires.	35 36 37 38 39

to the person who applied for the review, and

96L

(2)	If a planning arbitrator is not appointed to determine a planning arbitrator matter within the period prescribed by the regulations, the application for the review is, for the purpose only of section 97, taken to have been determined by refusing consent on the date on which the period expires.	1 2 3 4 5
(3)	Nothing in subsection (1) or (2) prevents a planning arbitrator from determining a review application after the relevant period on a review under this Division.	6 7 8
(4)	A determination pursuant to subsection (3) does not, subject to subsection (5), prejudice or affect the continuance or determination of an appeal made under section 97 in respect of a determination that is taken by subsection (1) or (2) to have been made.	9 10 11 12 13
(5)	If a determination pursuant to subsection (3) is made by granting consent, the consent authority is entitled, with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to have an application for review made before that consent in respect of a failure to determine the matter withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that application or appeal.  Note. An appeal under section 97 may also be withdrawn, see section 96l (5).	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
Impr	oper influence with respect to conduct of planning arbitrator	22
(1)	A planning arbitrator must not, on an understanding that he or she will act otherwise than impartially in the exercise of his or her functions as a planning arbitrator, seek or accept, or offer or agree to accept, any benefit of any kind, whether on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person.  Maximum penalty: 10,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
(2)	A person must not, on an understanding that a planning arbitrator will act otherwise than impartially in the exercise of his or her functions as a planning arbitrator, give, or offer or agree to give, any benefit of any kind, whether to the planning arbitrator or to any other person.	30 31 32 33 34
	Maximum penalty: 10,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	35 36

[36]	Sect	ions 9	7–97B	1
	Omi	t section	on 97. Insert instead:	2
	97	App	eal by an applicant—development applications	3
		(1)	Development application determinations (other than planning arbitrator matters)	4 5
			An applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority with respect to the applicant's development application (other than in relation to a planning arbitrator matter), including a determination on a review under section 96D, may appeal to the Court within 3 months after:	6 7 8 9 10
			(a) the date on which the applicant received notice, given in accordance with the regulations, of the determination of that application, or	11 12 13
			(b) the date on which that application is taken to have been determined under section 82 (1).	14 15
		(2)	Determinations as to modifications of consents (other than planning arbitrator matters)	16 17
			An applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority with respect to the applicant's application under section 96 or 96AA (other than in relation to a planning arbitrator matter) may appeal to the Court within 3 months after:	18 19 20 21
			(a) the date on which the applicant received notice, given in accordance with the regulations, of the determination of that application, or	22 23 24
			(b) the date on which the applicant's application is taken to have been determined in accordance with regulations made under section 96 (6) or 96AA (3).	25 26 27
		(3)	Determinations relating to ancillary aspects of consent (other than planning arbitrator matters)	28 29
			An applicant who is dissatisfied with a decision (other than in relation to a planning arbitrator matter) that a consent authority, or a person specified by the consent authority, is not satisfied (pursuant to a condition imposed under section 80A (2)) as to a specified aspect of the development that is to be carried out to the satisfaction of the consent authority or person may appeal to the Court within 3 months after:	30 31 32 33 34 35 36
			(a) the consent authority or person notifies the applicant of its decision, or	37 38
			(b) the date on which the applicant's request is taken to have been determined under section 80A (3).	39 40

(4)	Determinations relating to deferred consents (other than
` /	planning arbitrator matters)

An applicant who is dissatisfied with a decision (other than in relation to a planning arbitrator matter) that a consent authority is not satisfied as to a matter that it must be satisfied about before a "deferred commencement" consent under section 80 (3) can operate may appeal to the Court within 3 months after the consent authority notifies the applicant of its decision.

## (5) Planning arbitrator matters where consent authority consents to appeal

An applicant in a planning arbitrator matter who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority with respect to the matter may, with the consent of the consent authority, appeal to the Court within 3 months after:

- (a) the date on which the applicant received notice, given in accordance with the regulations, of the determination of the matter, or
- (b) the date on which the matter is taken to have been determined under an applicable provision of this Act or the regulations.

## (6) Determinations by planning arbitrators

An applicant in a planning arbitrator matter who is dissatisfied with the determination of a planning arbitrator with respect to the matter may appeal to the Court within 3 months after:

- (a) the date on which the applicant received notice, given in accordance with the regulations, of the determination of the planning arbitrator, or
- (b) the date on which the applicant's application is taken to have been determined under section 96K.

## (7) Appeals to be heard after expiry of objector appeal period

An appeal under this section relating to a development application for consent to carry out designated development or development in respect of which a review application may be made under section 96E, in respect of which an objection has been made in accordance with the regulations, must not be heard by the Court until after the expiration of the time within which an objector may appeal to the Court under that section or make a review application.

Page 46

	(8)	Interpretation	1
		Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as they have in Division 7A.	2
97A	Noti	ce of appeals to be given and right to be heard	4
	(1)	The consent authority must give notice of an appeal under section 97:	5 6
		(a) to an objector, in the case of an appeal concerning a development application in respect of which the objector may appeal under section 98 or make a review application under section 96E, or	7 8 9 10
		(b) to the relevant Minister or public authority, in the case of an appeal concerning a development application in relation to which the concurrence of a Minister or public authority is required under this Act, or	11 12 13 14
		(c) to the relevant approval body (within the meaning of Division 5), in the case of a development application for consent to carry out integrated development that involves the approval body.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	A person or body who is given notice of an appeal under this section is, on application made to the Court in accordance with rules of court within 28 days after the date of the notice, entitled to be heard at the hearing of the appeal as if the person or body were a party to the appeal.	19 20 21 22 23
97B	Cost	ts payable if amended development application filed	24
	(1)	This section applies to proceedings if the Court, on an appeal by an applicant under section 97 allows the applicant to file an amended development application (other than to make a minor amendment).	25 26 27 28
	(2)	In any proceedings to which this section applies, the Court must make an order for the payment by the applicant of those costs of the consent authority that were incurred in respect of the assessment of, and proceedings relating to, the original development application the subject of the appeal.	29 30 31 32 33
	(3)	The regulations may provide for circumstances in which subsection (2) does not apply.	34 35
	(4)	This section has effect despite the provisions of any other Act or law.	36 37

[37]	Section 99	Joint hearing of certain appeals	1		
	Insert after	section 99 (3):	2		
	(4)	If an appeal is made under section 97 with respect to a development application and a review application is made under section 96E with respect to the same application, the review application is to be dealt with by the Court as if it were an appeal under section 98 and is, as far as practicable, to be heard together with the appeal under section 97.	3 4 5 6 7 8		
[38]		8 Appointment of planning administrator, planning nt panel or regional panel	9 10		
	Omit "or a	panel (or both)" from section 118 (1).	11		
	Insert insteathem)".	ead ", a planning assessment panel or a regional panel (or all of	12 13		
[39]	Section 11	8 (3)	14		
	Omit "pane	el". Insert instead "planning assessment panel or regional panel".	15		
[40]	Section 11	8 (3) (a)	16		
	Omit "under Part 4".				
[41]	Section 11	8 (3) (b)	18		
	Insert "or u 1993" after	inder Division 1 of Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the <i>Local Government Act</i> "Part 3".	19 20		
[42]	Section 11	8 (4)	21		
	Omit "pane	el". Insert instead "planning assessment panel or regional panel".	22		
[43]	Section 11	8 (5) and (7)	23		
	Omit "pane	el" wherever occurring. Insert instead "planning assessment panel".	24		
[44]	Section 11	8 (7A)–(7C)	25		
	Insert after	section 118 (7):	26		
	(7A)	Functions are to be conferred on a regional panel under this section by order of the Minister published in the Gazette.	27 28		
	(7B)	Before appointing a planning administrator or planning assessment panel, or conferring functions under this section on a regional panel, the Minister must notify the council concerned in writing of the proposed action (including the reasons for the proposed action) and request the council to show cause why the action should not be taken.	29 30 31 32 33		

	(7C)	The Minister must consider any written submissions made by the council within 21 days of notice being given under subsection (7B) and must not take action under this section earlier than 21 days after the notice is given.	1 2 3 4			
[45]	Section 11	8 (8)	5			
	Omit "pane	21".	6			
		ead "a planning assessment panel, or conferring functions on a nel under this section".	7 8			
[46]	Section 11	8 (9)	ę			
	Omit "pane	21".	10			
		ad "planning assessment panel, or confer functions on a regional r this section,".	11 12			
[47]	Section 11	8 (9)	13			
	Omit "thos	e heads of consideration".	14			
	Insert inste	ad "any of those heads of consideration that are relevant".	15			
[48]	Section 118 (10)					
	Omit "make an appointment under subsection (1) (d)".					
	Insert instead	ad "take action under this section in the circumstances specified in (1) (d)".	18 19			
[49]	Section 11	8 (11)	20			
	Omit "pane	sl".	21			
		ead "planning assessment panel, or conferring functions on a nel under this section".	22 23			
[50]	Section 11 the planning	8 (12), definition of "failure to comply with obligations under ng legislation"	24 25			
	Insert at the	e end of paragraph (b):	26			
		, or	27			
		(c) without limiting paragraph (a), a failure to comply with a determination under section 56, or	28 29			
		(d) without limiting paragraph (a), a failure to provide access to and the use of staff and facilities to the Planning Assessment Commission, a joint regional planning panel or a planning arbitrator as referred to in section 23N (1)	30 31 32			

[51]	Sect	ion 11	8AD Council to assist planning administrator or panel	1
	Inser	t after	section 118AD (2):	2
		(2A)	The general manager of a council must carry out any reasonable direction of the planning administrator or planning assessment panel relating to functions of the council being exercised by the planning administrator or panel.  Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.	3 4 5 6 7
[52]	Sect	ion 11	8AG	8
			section 118AF:	9
11	8AG	Prof	ection for exercise of certain functions by Minister	10
	OAG		•	
		(1)	This section applies to any function (a <i>protected function</i> )	11
			conferred or imposed on the Minister (including a delegate of the Minister) relating to the appointment of a planning administrator	12
			or planning assessment panel, or the conferral of functions on a	13 14
			regional panel, under this Division.	15
		(2)	The exercise by the Minister of any protected function may not	16
		(2)	be:	17
			(a) challenged, reviewed, quashed or called into question	18
			before any court of law or administrative review body in	19
			any proceedings, or	20
			(b) restrained, removed or otherwise affected by any	21
			proceedings.	22
		(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), that subsection applies whether	23
		(-)	or not the proceedings relate to any question involving	24
			compliance or non-compliance, by the Minister (including a	25
			delegate of the Minister), with the provisions of this Division or	26
			the rules of natural justice (procedural fairness).	27
		(4)	Accordingly, no court of law or administrative review body has	28
		, ,	jurisdiction or power to consider any question involving	29
			compliance or non-compliance, by the Minister (including a	30
			delegate of the Minister), with those provisions or with those	31
			rules so far as they apply to the exercise of any protected	32
			function.	33
		(5)	This section has effect despite any provision of this Act or other	34
			legislation or any other law (whether written or unwritten).	35
		(6)	In this section:	36
			exercise of functions includes:	37
			(a) the purported exercise of functions, and	38

	(b)	the non-exercise or improper exercise of functions, and	
	(c)	the proposed, apprehended or threatened exercise of functions.	2
	proc	eedings includes:	4
	(a)	proceedings for an order under section 124, and	Ę
	(b)	proceedings for an order in the nature of prohibition, certiorari or mandamus or for a declaration or injunction or for any other relief, and	<del>-</del>
	(c)	without limiting paragraph (b), proceedings in the exercise of the inherent jurisdiction of the Supreme Court or the jurisdiction conferred by section 23 of the <i>Supreme Court Act 1970</i> .	9 10 12
[53]	Section 158 Exc	lusion of personal liability	13
	Omit section 158	(d)–(g). Insert instead:	14
	(d)	a member of the Planning Assessment Commission, a joint regional planning panel or an independent hearing and assessment panel, or	15 16 17
	(e)	a planning arbitrator, or	18
	(f)	any person acting under the direction of a person or body referred to in paragraph (a)–(e),	19 20
[54]	Section 158		2
	Omit "the Comm	issioner of Inquiry".	22
	Insert instead "a p	planning arbitrator, a member".	23
[55]	Schedules 3 and	1 4	24
	Omit Schedules 3	and 5. Insert instead:	25
	Schedule 3	Planning Assessment Commission	26
		(Section 23B (5))	27
	Part 1 Ge	neral	28
	1 Definitions	S	29
	In th	is Part:	30
		<i>rperson</i> means the person appointed by the Minister as the rperson of the Commission.	3 <sup>2</sup>

		<b>Commission</b> means the Planning Assessment Commission. <b>member</b> means a member of the Commission.	1 2	
Part 2		Members	3	
2	Mem	nbers		
	(1)	The Commission is to consist of the chairperson and not less than 3 members and not more than 8 members appointed by the Minister.	5 6 7	
	(2)	One member of the Commission is, in the instrument of appointment, to be appointed as chairperson of the Commission.	8 9	
	(3) Each member is to have expertise in at least 1 of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and public administration.			
	(4)	In appointing a member of the Commission, the Minister is to have regard to the need to have a range of expertise represented among the Commission's members.	14 15 16	
3	Addi	dditional casual members		
		The Minister may appoint additional members of the Commission for the purposes of exercising specific functions of the Commission. A casual member is not required to have expertise in an area referred to in clause 2 but is required to have expertise in an area relevant to the functions the member is to exercise.	18 19 20 21 22 23	
4	Cons	stitution of Commission for particular matters	24	
	(1)	For the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, the Commission is to be constituted by 3 members. The regulations may prescribe circumstances in which the Commission may be constituted by more than 3 members or less than 3 members.	25 26 27 28	
	(2)	The members for the purpose of exercising a function of the Commission are, subject to any directions of the Minister, to be determined by the chairperson.	29 30 31	
	(3)	The Commission may, at any time, exercise by the same members or different members, one or more of its functions.	32 33	
	(4)	For the purpose of exercising any of its functions, the Commission is to be constituted by specified members, or members with specified qualifications or expertise, if a direction to that effect is given by the Minister.	34 35 36 37	

5	Tern	ns of c	office of members	
	(1)	such	ect to this Part and the regulations, a member holds office for a period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the aber's instrument of appointment.	2
	(2)	to th	period under subclause (1) may be determined by reference are occurrence of a specified event or the completion of the cise of particular functions of the Commission.	( -
	(3)	A m	ember is eligible to be re-appointed.	8
6	Basi	is of o	ffice	Ç
	(1)	The	office of chairperson may be a full-time or a part-time office.	10
	(2)	The	office of any other member is a part-time office.	1
7	Rem	unera	tion	12
		trave	nember is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including elling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from to time determine in respect of the member.	1; 14 1!
8	Vaca	ancy ir	n office of member	16
	(1)	The	office of a member becomes vacant if the member:	17
		(a)	dies, or	18
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	19
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	20 2
		(d)	is removed from office by the Governor under Chapter 5 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act</i> 2002, or	22 23 24
		(e)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the Commission of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the Commission or unless the member is excused by the Commission for having been absent from those meetings, or	25 20 27 28 29 30
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	3 <sup>2</sup> 32 33 34
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	3
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is	36

			convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	1 2 3
	(2)	Inde refer Agai give	Minister may remove a member from office if the ependent Commission Against Corruption, in a report red to in section 74C of the <i>Independent Commission inst Corruption Act 1988</i> , recommends that consideration be n to the removal of the member from office because of upt conduct by the member.	4 5 6 7 8 9
9	Fillir	ng of v	vacancy in office of member	10
			e office of a member becomes vacant, a person may, subject is Act and the regulations, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	11 12
10	Chai	rpers	on	13
		The	chairperson vacates office as chairperson if he or she:	14
		(a)	is removed from that office by the Minister, or	15
		(b)	resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	16 17
		(c)	ceases to be a member of the Commission.	18
11	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	19
	(1)	If:		20
		(a)	a member has a pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Commission, and	21 22 23
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	24 25 26
		com	member must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have e to the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the rest at a meeting of the Commission.	27 28 29
	(2)		nember has a pecuniary interest in a matter if the pecuniary rest is the interest of:	30 31
		(a)	the member, or	32
		(b)	the member's spouse or de facto partner or a relative of the member, or a partner or employer of the member, or	33 34
		(c)	a company or other body of which the member, or a	35

relates must not:

(3)		ever, a member is not taken to have a pecuniary interest in a er as referred to in subclause (2) (b) or (c):	1 2
	(a)	if the member is unaware of the relevant pecuniary interest of the spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner, employer or company or other body, or	3 4 5
	(b)	just because the member is a member of, or is employed by, a council or a statutory body or is employed by the Crown, or	6 7 8
	(c)	just because the member is a member of, or a delegate of a council to, a company or other body that has a pecuniary interest in the matter, so long as the member has no beneficial interest in any shares of the company or body.	9 10 11 12
(4)	the n	sclosure by a member at a meeting of the Commission that nember, or a spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner or over of the member:	13 14 15
	(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	16 17
	(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	18 19
	(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	20 21
	relation may a	afficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter ing to that company or other body or to that person which arise after the date of the disclosure and which is required to sclosed under subclause (1).	22 23 24 25
(5)	recore that b	culars of any disclosure made under this clause must be ded by the Commission in a book kept for the purpose and book must be open at all reasonable hours to inspection by erson on payment of the fee determined by the Commission.	26 27 28 29
(6)	matte	a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any er, the member must not, unless the Minister or the mission otherwise determines:	30 31 32
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the Commission with respect to the matter, or	33 34
	(b)	take part in any decision of the Commission with respect to the matter.	35 36
(7)	Comi	the purposes of the making of a determination by the mission under subclause (6), a member who has a direct or ect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure	37 38 39

		(a) be present during any deliberation of the Commission for the purpose of making the determination, or	1 2
		(b) take part in the making by the Commission of the determination.	3
	(8)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Commission.	5 6
12	Effe	ct of certain other Acts	7
	(1)	Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act</i> 2002 does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a member.	8 9 10
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	11
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	12 13 14
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	15 16
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from	17
		holding that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person	18 19
		under this Act as a member.	20
Scl	hedu	le 4 Joint Regional Planning Panels	21
		(Section 23G (6))	22
Pai	rt 1	General	23
1	Defi	nitions	24
		In this Part:	25
		<i>applicable council</i> means the council of an area that is situated (wholly or partly) in a part of the State for which a regional panel	26 27
		is appointed.	28
		<i>chairperson</i> means the person appointed by the Minister as the chairperson of a joint regional planning panel.	29 30
		council nominee means a person nominated as a member of a regional panel by an applicable council.	31 32
		member means a member of a regional panel.	33
		regional panel means a joint regional planning panel.	34
		State member means a member appointed by the Minister.	35

Part 2		Members			
2	Men	mbers	2		
	(1)	A regional panel is to consist of the following 5 members:	3		
		(a) 3 persons appointed by the Minister, each having expertise in at least 1 of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and public administration,	4 5 6 7 8		
		(b) 2 council nominees of an applicable council, at least one of whom has expertise in planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering or tourism.	9 10 11 12		
	(2)	One State member is, in the instrument of appointment, to be appointed as chairperson of the regional panel.	13 14		
	(3)	In appointing a State member, the Minister is to have regard to the need to have a range of expertise represented among the panel's members.	15 16 17		
	(4)	Each applicable council is to nominate 2 persons as council nominees for the purposes of the regional panel, at least one of whom has expertise in planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering or tourism.	18 19 20 21 22		
	(5)	If an applicable council fails to nominate 1 or more council nominees, a regional panel is not required to include 2 council nominees for the purposes of exercising its functions in relation to the area of the council concerned.	23 24 25 26		
3	Rotation of council nominees				
	(1)	For the purposes of exercising the functions of a regional panel in relation to a matter, the council nominees appointed to the regional panel are to be those nominated by the applicable council for the land to which the matter relates.	28 29 30 31		
	(2)	Subject to this Part, a council nominee remains eligible to participate as a member of the regional panel for such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the nominee's instrument of nomination, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-nomination.	32 33 34 35 36		

4	Terms of office of State members					
	(1)	Subject to this Part, a State member holds office for such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	2 3 4 5			
	(2)	The period under subclause (1) may be determined by reference to the occurrence of a specified event.	6 7			
5	Basi	s of office	8			
		The office of a member is a part-time office.	9			
6	Rem	uneration	10			
		A member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	11 12 13			
7	Dep	uty chairperson	14			
	(1)	The members of a regional panel may elect a State member to be the deputy chairperson of the regional panel.	15 16			
	(2)	The person may be elected for the duration of the person's term of office as a member or for a shorter term.	17 18			
8	Alte	rnates	19			
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the alternate of a State member, and may revoke any such appointment.	20 21 22			
	(2)	An applicable council may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the alternate of a member nominated by the council, and may revoke any such appointment.	23 24 25			
	(3)	In the absence of a member, the member's alternate may, if available, act in the place of the member.	26 27			
	(4)	While acting in the place of a member, a person has all the functions of the member and is taken to be a member.	28 29			
	(5)	A person while acting in the place of a member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the person.	30 31 32 33			
	(6)	A person may be appointed as the alternate of 2 or more members, but has only one vote at any meeting of the regional panel.	34 35 36			

Vaca	incy ir	n office of member	1
(1)	The	office of a member becomes vacant if the member:	2
	(a)	dies, or	3
	(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	4
	(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister or applicable council, as the case requires, or	5 6
	(d)	in the case of a council nominee, is removed from office by an applicable council under this clause or by the Minister under subclause (2), or	7 8 9
	(e)	in the case of a State member, is removed from office by the Minister or by the Governor under Chapter 5 of the Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002, or	10 11 12
	(f)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the regional panel of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the panel or unless the member is excused by the panel for having been absent from those meetings, or	13 14 15 16 17
	(g)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	18 19 20 21
	(h)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	22
	(i)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	23 24 25 26 27
(2)	Inder refer Agai given	Minister may remove a member from office if the pendent Commission Against Corruption, in a report red to in section 74C of the <i>Independent Commission inst Corruption Act 1988</i> , recommends that consideration be in to the removal of the member from office because of upt conduct by the member.	28 29 30 31 32 33
(3)		Minister may remove a State member from office for any or eason and without notice.	34 35
(4)		applicable council may remove any of its council nominees office for any or no reason and without notice.	36 37

10	Fillir	ng of v	vacancy in office of member	1
		If the	e office of a member becomes vacant, a person may, subject is Act and the regulations, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	2
11	Cha	irpers	on	4
	(1)	The	chairperson vacates office as chairperson if he or she:	5
		(a)	is removed from that office by the Minister, or	6
		(b)	resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	7 8
		(c)	ceases to be a member of the regional panel.	9
	(2)		Minister may at any time remove the chairperson from office nairperson for any or no reason and without notice.	10 11
12	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	12
	(1)	If:		13
	. ,	(a)	a member has a pecuniary interest in a matter being	14
			considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the regional panel, and	15 16
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	17 18 19
		come	nember must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have e to the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the rest at a meeting of the regional panel.	20 21 22
	(2)		nember has a pecuniary interest in a matter if the pecuniary rest is the interest of:	23 24
		(a)	the member, or	25
		(b)	the member's spouse or de facto partner or a relative of the member, or a partner or employer of the member, or	26 27
		(c)	a company or other body of which the member, or a nominee, partner or employer of the member, is a member.	28 29
	(3)		vever, a member is not taken to have a pecuniary interest in a er as referred to in subclause (2) (b) or (c):	30 31
		(a)	if the member is unaware of the relevant pecuniary interest of the spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner, employer or company or other body, or	32 33 34
		(b)	just because the member is a member of, or is employed by, a council or a statutory body or is employed by the Crown, or	35 36 37

(4)

(5)

(6)

(7)

(8)

(c)	just because the member is a member of, or a delegate of a council to, a company or other body that has a pecuniary interest in the matter, so long as the member has no beneficial interest in any shares of the company or body.	1 2 3 4
the m	closure by a member at a meeting of the regional panel that nember, or a spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner or over of the member:	5 6 7
(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	8 9
(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	10 11
(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	12 13
relation may a	afficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter ing to that company or other body or to that person which arise after the date of the disclosure and which is required to sclosed under subclause (1).	14 15 16 17
record that b	culars of any disclosure made under this clause must be ded by the regional panel in a book kept for the purpose and book must be open at all reasonable hours to inspection by berson on payment of the fee determined by the regional.	18 19 20 21 22
matte	a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any or, the member must not, unless the Minister or the regional otherwise determines:	23 24 25
(a)	be present during any deliberation of the panel with respect to the matter, or	26 27
(b)	take part in any decision of the panel with respect to the matter.	28 29
panel	ne purposes of the making of a determination by the regional under subclause (6), a member who has a direct or indirect niary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must	30 31 32 33
(a)	be present during any deliberation of the panel for the purpose of making the determination, or	34 35
(b)	take part in the making by the panel of the determination.	36
	ntravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of egional panel.	37 38

	13	Effe	ct of c	ertain other Acts	1
		(1)		pter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act</i> ? does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a liber.	3
		(2)	If by	or under any Act provision is made:	5
			(a)	requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	6 7 8
			(b)	prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	9 10
			hold	provision does not operate to disqualify the person from ing that office and also the office of a member or from pting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person er this Act as a member.	11 12 13 14
2.2	Cor Ass	sequ essm	entia ent <i>A</i>	al amendments to Environmental Planning and Act 1979	15 16
[1]	Part	2, Div	ision 4	4	17
	Omi	t the D	ivisior	1.	18
[2]	Sect	ion 75	G Inde	ependent hearing and assessment panels	19
	Omi	t the se	ction.		20
[3]	Sect	ion 75	l Direc	ctor-General's environmental assessment report	21
	Omi	t "a pai	nel cor	nstituted under section 75G" from section 75I (2) (c).	22
	Inser	t inste	ad "the	e Planning Assessment Commission".	23
[4]	Sect	ion 75	J Givi	ing of approval by Minister to carry out project	24
	Omi	t sectio	n 75J	(2) (c). Insert instead:	25
			(c)	any findings or recommendations of the Planning Assessment Commission following a review in respect of the project.	26 27 28
[5]	Sect	ion 75	К Арр	peals by proponent	29
	Omi	t sectio	n 75K	(1) (c). Insert instead:	30
			(c)	the project has not been the subject of a review by the Planning Assessment Commission, and	31 32

[6]	Section 75	L App	eals by an objector	,
	Omit section	n 75L	(1) (c). Insert instead:	2
		(c)	the project has not been the subject of a review by the Planning Assessment Commission, and	;
[7]			ironmental assessment, public consultation and I's report for concept plan	! (
	Omit ", 750	G (Inde	ependent hearing and assessment panels)".	-
[8]	Section 75	O Givi	ing of approval for concept plan	8
	Omit section	n 750	(2) (c). Insert instead:	ģ
		(c)	any findings or recommendations of the Planning Assessment Commission following a review in respect of the project.	10 11 12
[9]	Section 75	Q App	peal by proponent	13
	Omit section	n 75Q	(1) (c). Insert instead:	14
		(c)	the project has not been the subject of a review by the Planning Assessment Commission, and	15 16
[10]	Section 75 land	S Erec	ction and occupation of buildings and subdivision of	17 18
	Omit section	n 75S	(3). Insert instead:	19
	(3)		on 109R applies to an approved project, but section 109S not apply.	20 2*
[11]	Section 75 Part	X Misc	cellaneous provisions relating to approvals under this	22 23
			held in accordance with section 119 or of a report of a panel section 75G" from section 75X (1).	24 25
	Insert instead	ad "a r	eview by the Planning Assessment Commission".	26
[12]	Section 80	Deter	mination	27
	Omit "Con	ımissi	on of Inquiry" from the heading to section 80 (6).	28
	Insert instead	ad "Pla	anning Assessment Commission review".	29
[13]	Section 80	(6)		30
-	Omit "direc	cted that	at an inquiry be held, in accordance with section 119,".	3.
	Insert inste Commissio		quested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment	32

[14]	Section 80	) (6) (b) (i)	4
ניין		hiry". Insert instead "review".	1
	•		2
[15]		30 (6) (b) (ii), 112 (1) (d) and 114 (a) and (b)	3
	Omit "Con	nmission of Inquiry" wherever occurring.	4
	Insert inste	ad "Planning Assessment Commission".	5
[16]	Section 80	(7)	6
	Omit section	on 80 (7) and (8). Insert instead:	7
	(7)	If the Minister has requested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment Commission in relation to any proposed designated development the subject of a development application, the Minister is to determine the application after the review has been held and the Minister has considered the findings and recommendations of the Commission.	8 9 10 11 12 13
[17]	Section 81	Post-determination notification	14
	Omit section	on 81 (1) (b). Insert instead:	15
		(b) in the case of a development application for consent to carry out designated development or development in respect of which a review application may be made under section 96E, each objector, and	16 17 18 19
[18]	Section 81	(3) and (4)	20
	Omit section	on 81 (3). Insert instead:	21
	(3)	In the case of a development application for consent to carry out designated development or development in respect of which a review application may be made under section 96E, the consent authority must also notify each objector of the objector's rights to appeal against the determination and of the applicant's rights to appeal against the determination.	22 23 24 25 26 27
	(4)	In this section:	28
		<i>appeal</i> includes make a review application under Division 7A. <i>objector</i> means a person who has made a submission by way of objection under section 79 (5) or under regulations made under section 79AA.	29 30 31 32
[19]	Section 81 developme	A Effects of development consents and commencement of ent	33 34
	Omit "sect	ion 116G" from section 81A (6). Insert instead "section 109R".	35

[20]	Section 82 refused	Circumstances in which consent is taken to have been	1
	Omit "secti	ion 97" from section 82 (1). Insert instead "section 96C, 96D or 97".	3
[21]	Section 82	2 (2)	4
	Omit "on a	review under section 82A".	5
	Insert inste	ad "following a review under Division 7A".	6
[22]	Section 82	2 (3)	7
	Insert "a re	view application made under Division 7A or" before "an appeal".	8
[23]	Section 82	2 (4)	g
	Omit the su	ubsection. Insert instead:	10
	(4)	If a determination pursuant to subsection (2) is made by granting consent, the consent authority is entitled, with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to have an application for review or an appeal made before that consent in respect of a failure to determine the matter withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that application or appeal.	11 12 13 14 15
[24]	Section 82	A Review of determination	17
	Omit the se	ection.	18
[25]	Section 83	B Date from which consent operates	19
	Omit "sect	ion 82A (7)" from section 83 (1) (a).	20
	Insert inste	ad "section 96J (3)".	21
[26]	Section 83	3 (1) (b)	22
		development to which an objection has been made in accordance ations under section 79AA" after "section 79 (5)".	23 24
[27]	Section 83	3 (1) (b) (i)	25
	Omit "an ii	nquiry by a Commission of Inquiry".	26
	Insert inste	ad "a review by the Planning Assessment Commission".	27
[28]	Section 83	3 (2)	28
	Insert "a re appeal".	view application has been made under Division 7A or" before "an	29 30

[29]	Section 83	(2) (b	o)	1	
	Insert "revi	ew ap	plication or" before "appeal".	2	
[30]	Section 83	(3)		3	
	Omit the su	ıbsecti	ion. Insert instead:	4	
	(3)	for tl	A consent referred to in subsection (1) or (2) is void and, except for the purposes of Division 7A or section 97 or 98, is taken never to have been granted, if:		
		(a)	development consent is refused on a review application under section 96C or 96D or an appeal under section 97, or	3	
		(b)	the effect of a decision on a review application under section 96E or an appeal under section 98 is that development consent is refused.	10 11 12	
[31]	Section 83	(4)		13	
	Insert "or 9	6K" a	fter "section 82".	14	
[32]	Section 83	(6)		15	
	Omit the subsection.				
[33]	Section 90	Appli	ication of this Division	17	
	Omit "to which Part 5A applies" from section 90 (2).				
	Insert inste Division 4)		nade by or on behalf of the Crown (within the meaning of	19 20	
[34]	Section 92	A Effe	ect of giving notice	21	
	Insert "or a 92A (a).	ı regul	lation made under section 79AA" after "or 79A" in section	22 23	
[35]	Part 4, Division 8, heading				
	Omit "App	eals".	Insert instead "Appeals to the Court".	25	
[36]	Section 10 consents a	4 App after o	peals and other provisions relating to development order of Court	26 27	
	Insert "Div	ision 7	7A and" before "sections 97 and 98" wherever occurring.	28	
[37]	Section 10	4A Vo	pluntary surrender of development consent	29	
	Insert "a resection 104		application under Division 7A or" before "an appeal" in	30 31	

[38]	Section 105 Regulation	ons—Part 4	1			
	Omit section 105 (1) (p	p1).	2			
[39]	Part 4A, Division 1, h	eading	3			
	Insert after the heading	to Part 4A:	4			
	Division 1 Ce	rtification of work and other matters	5			
[40]	Section 109J Restrict	ion on issue of subdivision certificates	6			
	Insert "or person wh regulations under section firstly occurring.	o has made a submission in accordance with the on 79AA" after "objector" in section 109J (1) (g) where	7 8 9			
[41]	Section 109J (1) (g) (i	)	10			
	Insert "or person" after	"objector".	11			
[42]	Section 109J (1) (g) (i	i)	12			
	Omit the subparagraph. Insert instead:					
	(ii)	if a review application under section 96D, or an appeal, has been made by the objector or person within that time, the application or appeal has been finally determined.	14 15 16 17			
[43]	Section 109K Appeals certificates	s against failure or refusal to issue Part 4A	18 19			
		pment in respect of which a review application may be E" after "designated development" wherever occurring and (d).	20 21 22			
[44]	Section 109K (3) (d) (	ii)	23			
	Insert "a review applicappeal".	eation may be made under section 96E or" before "an	24 25			
[45]	Section 109K (3) (d) (	iii)	26			
	Omit the subparagraph	. Insert instead:	27			
	(iii)	if such an application or appeal is made, within 14 days after the final determination of the application or appeal,	28 29 30			

[46]	Part 4A, Divisio	n 2, heading	1
	Insert before sect	tion 109R (as renumbered by Schedule 2.2 [58]):	2
	Division 2	Crown building work and other Crown development	3
[47]	Section 112 Dec	cision of determining authority in relation to certain	5 6
	Omit "directed the section 112 (1) (c	hat an inquiry be held in accordance with section 119" from d).	7 8
	Insert instead "re Commission".	equested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment	9 10
[48]	Section 112 (1)	(d)	11
	Omit "the inquir	y". Insert instead "the review".	12
[49]	Section 113 Pub statements	olicity and examination of environmental impact	13 14
	Omit "directed the section 113 (5).	hat an inquiry be held in accordance with section 119" from	15 16
	Insert instead "re Commission".	equested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment	17 18
[50]	Section 114 Cor Planning Asses	nsideration of findings and recommendations of sment Commission	19 20
	Omit "directed th	nat an inquiry be held, in accordance with section 119".	21
	Insert instead "re Commission".	equested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment	22 23
[51]	Section 115M R	eviews about designated fishing activity	24
	Omit "direct an i	nquiry under section 119" from section 115M (1).	25
	Insert instead "r Commission".	request that a review be held by the Planning Assessment	26 27
[52]	Section 115M (2	2)	28
	Omit "Commissi	ion of Inquiry that has conducted the inquiry".	29
	Insert instead "Pl	lanning Assessment Commission".	30
[53]	Section 115M (3	3)	31
	Omit "an inquiry	". Insert instead "a review".	32

[54]	Section 11	5O Determination with respect to environmental assessment	1
	Omit "a Co	ommission of Inquiry" from section 115O (3) (c).	2
	Insert inste	ad "the Planning Assessment Commission".	3
[55]	Part 5A, he	eading and sections 116A–116F and 116H (or sections ′ and 115ZB (as renumbered by Schedule 3.1 [5]))	4
	Omit the he	eading and sections.	6
[56]	Section 11 (as renum	6G Building, demolition and incidental work (or section 115Z bered by Schedule 3.1 [5]))	7
	Insert in al	phabetical order in section 116G (1):	g
		<i>Crown</i> has the same meaning as it has in Division 4 of Part 4.	10
[57]		6GA Crown development for public entertainment (or section renumbered by Schedule 3.1 [5]))	11 12
	Insert in al	phabetical order in section 116GA (1):	13
		<i>Crown</i> has the same meaning as it has in Division 4 of Part 4.	14
[58]	Sections 1 by Schedu	16G and 116GA (or sections 115Z and 115ZA (as renumbered le 3.1 [5]))	15 16
	Renumber	as sections 109R and 109S, respectively.	17
[59]	Section 11	7C Definitions	18
	Omit the de	efinition of <i>panel</i> . Insert instead in alphabetical order:	19
		regional panel means a joint regional planning panel.	20
[60]	Section 11	8AA Planning assessment panels	21
	Omit "pane	el" wherever occurring in section 118AA (2)–(6) and (8)–(11).	22
	Insert inste	ad "planning assessment panel".	23
[61]	Section 11	8AA (7) and (7A)	24
	Omit section	on 118AA (7). Insert instead:	25
	(7)	Part 2 of Schedule 5B has effect with respect to the members of planning assessment panels.	26 27
	(7A)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the procedures of planning assessment panels.	28 29

[62]	Section 118AB Functions of planning administrators or panels	1
	Omit "or panel" from section 118AB (1).	2
	Insert instead ", planning assessment panel or regional panel".	3
[63]	Section 118AB (2)	4
	Omit "or panel". Insert instead "or planning assessment panel".	5
[64]	Section 118AC Costs of planning administrator or planning assessment panel	6
	Omit "or panel" wherever occurring.	8
	Insert instead "or planning assessment panel".	9
[65]	Section 118AD Council to assist planning administrator or panel	10
	Omit "or panel" wherever occurring in section 118AD (1).	11
	Insert instead ", planning assessment panel or regional panel".	12
[66]	Section 118AE Annual report on activities of planning administrators and planning assessment panels	13 14
	Omit "and panels" wherever occurring.	15
	Insert instead "and planning assessment panels".	16
[67]	Section 118AF Regulations	17
	Omit "or panel" wherever occurring.	18
	Insert instead ", planning assessment panel or regional panel".	19
[68]	Section 118AF (a) and (b)	20
	Omit "or panel's" wherever occurring.	21
	Insert instead ", planning assessment panel's or regional panel's".	22
[69]	Part 6, Division 2, heading	23
	Omit "Public inquiries and settlement". Insert instead "Settlement".	24
[70]	Sections 119–120A	25
	Omit the sections.	26
[71]	Section 121 Settlement of disputes	27
	Omit "a Commissioner of Inquiry" from section 121 (3).	28
	Insert instead "a member of the Planning Assessment Commission"	20

[72]	Sect	ion 13	32 Constitution of development areas	
	Omi	t sectio	on 132 (7). Insert instead:	2
		(7)	If the Minister has requested that a review be held by the Planning Assessment Commission with respect to the proposal, the Minister must not determine the application until after:	3 4
			(a) the review has been held, and	(
			(b) the Minister has considered the findings and recommendations of the Commission following the review.	- 8 9
[73]	Sect	ion 15	52 Right to be heard	10
	Omi	t "Whe	ere".	1
	Inser	t inste	ead "Except as provided by this Act or the regulations, if".	12
[74]			<b>5B Planning assessment panels</b> sion 3 of Part 2.	1:
[75]	Sche	edule 6	6 Savings, transitional and other provisions	15
[,0]			oppropriate order in Part 21 (as inserted by Schedule 5.1 [12]):	16
	Divi	sion	3 Provisions relating to development assessment	17 18
	124	Com	nmissioners of Inquiry	19
		(1)	A person who held office as a Commissioner of Inquiry immediately before the repeal of Division 4 of Part 2 by the amending Act ceases to hold office on that repeal.	20 27 22
		(2)	A Commissioner of Inquiry is not entitled to any remuneration or compensation because of the loss of that office as a consequence of the amendments made by the amending Act.	20 24 28
	125	Com	nmittees	26
		(1)	A person who held office as a member of the Local Government Liaison Committee, or a committee established under section 22, immediately before the repeal of Division 5 of Part 2 by the amending Act ceases to hold office on that repeal.	25 28 29 30
		(2)	Any such member is not entitled to any remuneration or compensation because of the loss of that office as a consequence of the amendments made by the amending Act.	3 <sup>2</sup> 32

	126	Appl	lication to existing development applications and consents	
		(1)	The amendment made to section 86A by the amending Act does not apply to or in respect of a complying development certificate issued before the commencement of the amendment.	2
		(2)	The amendments made to section 95 by the amending Act do not apply to or in respect of a development consent granted before the commencement of those amendments.	
		(3)	The amendments made to section 95A by the amending Act apply to or in respect of a development consent granted before the commencement of those amendments.	8 9 10
2.3	Am	endm	ent of Heritage Act 1977 No 136	1
[1]	Sect	ion 4 l	Definitions	12
	Omi	t the de	efinition of <i>Commissioner of Inquiry</i> from section 4 (1).	13
	Inser	t inste	ad in alphabetical order:	14
			<b>Planning Assessment Commission</b> has the same meaning as it has in the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	15 16
[2]	Sect	ion 34	Action by Minister following recommendation for listing	17
	Omi	t sectio	on 34 (1) (c). Insert instead:	18
			(c) request the Planning Assessment Commission to review the matter.	19 20
[3]	Sect	ion 34	(2)	2
	Omi	t "appo	oints a Commissioner of Inquiry".	22
	Inser	t inste	ad "requests a review by the Planning Assessment Commission".	23
[4]	Sect	ion 34	(2)	24
	Omi	t "Con	nmissioner of Inquiry provides the Commissioner's report".	25
	Inser	t inste	ad "Commission provides its report".	26
[5]	Sect Regi	ion 57 ster	Effect of interim heritage orders and listing on State Heritage	27 28
	Asse.	ssment	the purposes of section 116C of the <i>Environmental Planning and Act 1979</i> as referred to in section 116B (a) of that Act" from (1A) (b).	29 30 31
	Inser Plan Act"	ning a	ad "for the purposes of Division 4 of Part 4 of the <i>Environmental</i> and Assessment Act 1979 as referred to in section 88 (2) (a) of that	32 33 34

[6]	Section 71 Planning Assessment Commission reports	1
	Omit "appoint a Commissioner of Inquiry".	2
	Insert instead "request the Planning Assessment Commission".	3
[7]	Sections 71 (a) and 78 (a)	4
	Omit "the Commissioner" wherever occurring.	5
	Insert instead "the Commission".	6
[8]	Sections 72 and 79	7
	Omit "the Commissioner of Inquiry" wherever occurring.	8
	Insert instead "the Planning Assessment Commission".	9
[9]	Sections 73 (1) (d) and 79A (1) (d)	10
	Omit "Commissioner of Inquiry concerned" wherever occurring.	11
	Insert instead "Planning Assessment Commission".	12
[10]	Section 78 Planning Assessment Commission reports	13
	Omit "appoint a Commissioner of Inquiry".	14
	Insert instead "request the Planning Assessment Commission".	15
2.4	Amendment of Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988 No 35	16 17
	Section 74C Reports relating to local government and planning authorities	18 19
	Insert after section 74C (3B):	20
	(3C) The Commission is authorised to include in a report under section 74 a recommendation that consideration be given to the removal from office under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> of a member of the Planning Assessment Commission or of a joint regional planning panel or a planning arbitrator because of corrupt conduct by the member or planning arbitrator.	21 22 23 24 25 26
2.5	Amendment of Ombudsman Act 1974 No 68	27
	Section 5 Definitions	28
	Insert "or planning arbitrator" after "certifier" in paragraph (f1) of the definition of <i>public authority</i> in section 5 (1).	29 30

2.6	Amendment of Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002 No 43	1 2
	Schedule 2 Executive positions (other than non-statutory SES positions)	3
	Omit from Part 3:	4
	Chairman of Commissioners of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)	5 6
	Deputy Chairman of Commissioners of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)	7 8
	Commissioner of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979) (2 positions)	9 10
2.7	Amendment of Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (1976 No 4)	11 12
	Schedule 2 Public offices	13
	Omit from Part 1:	14
	Chairperson of Commissioners of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979) Deputy Chairperson of Commissioners of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979) Commissioner of Inquiry (under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)	15 16 17 18 19 20
2.8	Amendment of Water Act 1912 No 44	21
[1]	Section 11A Determination of applications affected by reviews by Planning Assessment Commission	22 23
	Omit "a Commission of Inquiry has given a section 120A notice" from section 11A (1).	24 25
	Insert instead "the Planning Assessment Commission has given notice of a review under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ".	26 27
[2]	Section 11A (2) (a)	28
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry".	29
	Insert instead "Planning Assessment Commission".	30
[3]	Section 11A (2)	31
	Omit "section 120A".	32

[4]	Section 11A (2) (b) and (3)	1
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry's section 119 report" wherever occurring.	2
	Insert instead "Commission's report under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979".	3 4
[5]	Section 11A (6)	5
	Omit the subsection.	6
[6]	Section 171A Determination of applications affected by reviews by Planning Assessment Commission	7 8
	Omit "a Commission of Inquiry has given a section 120A notice" from section 171A (1).	9 10
	Insert instead "the Planning Assessment Commission has given notice of a review under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ".	11 12
[7]	Section 171A (2) (a)	13
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry".	14
	Insert instead "Planning Assessment Commission".	15
[8]	Section 171A (2)	16
	Omit "section 120A".	17
[9]	Section 171A (2) (b) and (3)	18
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry's section 119 report" wherever occurring.	19
	Insert instead "Commission's report under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979".	20 21
[10]	Section 171A (6)	22
	Omit the subsection.	23
2.9	Amendment of Water Management Act 2000 No 92	24
[1]	Section 94 Determination of applications affected by reviews by Planning Assessment Commission	25 26
	Omit "a Commission of Inquiry has given a section 120A notice" from section 94 (1).	27 28
	Insert instead "the Planning Assessment Commission has given notice of a review under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ".	29 30

[2]	Section 94 (2) (a)	1				
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry".	2				
	Insert instead "Planning Assessment Commission".	3				
[3]	Section 94 (2)	4				
	Omit "section 120A".	5				
[4]	Section 94 (2) (b) and (3)	6				
	Omit "Commission of Inquiry's section 119 report" wherever occurring.	7				
	Insert instead "Commission's report under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979".	8				
[5]	Section 94 (4)	10				
	Omit the subsection.	11				
2.10	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000	12 13				
[1]	Clause 51 Rejection of development applications	14				
	Omit "7" from clause 51 (1). Insert instead "14".					
[2]	Part 6, Division 7, heading	16				
	Insert "and development (other than designated development) subject to third party review applications" after "development".	17 18				
[3]	Clause 86 Application of Division	19				
	Omit clause 86 (1). Insert instead:	20				
	(1) This Division applies:	21				
	(a) to other advertised development, and	22				
	(b) to development in respect of a which a review application may be made by a person (other than the applicant for a development application) under section 96E of the Act ( <i>reviewable development</i> ).	23 24 25 26				
[4]	Clause 87 How must a development application be publicly notified?	27				
	Omit "other advertised development".	28				
	Insert instead "development to which this Division applies".	29				

[5]	Clau	se 88	Who r	nust written notice be given to?	1
				se of other advertised development)" after "application" in the firstly occurring.	2
[6]	Clau	se 88	(1A)		4
	Inser	t after	clause	88 (1):	5
		(1A)	revie appe kilor	ten notice of the development application (in the case of ewable development) must be given to such persons as ar to the consent authority to own or occupy land within 1 metre of any point on the boundary of the land the subject of levelopment application.	6 7 8 9 10
[7]	Clau	se 10	0 Notic	ce of determination	11
	Omit	"sect	ion 82	A" from clause 100 (1) (c1).	12
	Inser	t inste	ad "Di	vision 7A of Part 4".	13
[8]	Clau	se 10	0 (1) (k	;)	14
	Inser	t "or a	right 1	to make a review application" after "appeal".	15
[9]				olic participation: application under section 82A of the founcil's determination	16 17
	Omit	the c	lause.		18
[10]	Part	6, Div	ision '	14	19
	Inser	t after	Divisi	on 13:	20
	Divi	sion	14	Review conditions	21
	124A	App	licatio	n of Division	22
			secti- cond the n	Division applies to a further condition imposed under on 80A (10B) of the Act in relation to a development consent lition that permits extended hours of operation or increases naximum number of persons permitted in a building (in this sion called a <i>review condition</i> ).	23 24 25 26 27
	124B	Dev	elopm	ent for which review condition may be imposed	28
		(1)		elopment consent for the following purposes may be the ect of a review condition:	29 30
			(a)	entertainment facilities,	31
			(b)	function centres,	32
			(c)	nightclubs,	33

			(d)	pubs,	1
			(e)	registered clubs.	2
		(2)	Word	ds and expressions used in this clause have the same	3
		, ,	mean	ning as they have in the standard instrument set out in the	4
			Stand	dard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.	5
•	124C	Matt	ers to	be included in consent	6
				nsent that is subject to a review condition must include the wing:	7 8
			(a)	a statement that the consent is subject to the condition and the purpose of the condition,	9 10
			(b)	that the consent authority is to carry out the reviews,	11
			(c)	when, or at what intervals, the reviews are to be carried	12
				out.	13
•		Revi	ew pro	ocedures	14
		(1)		consent authority must give the operator of a development	15
				ect to a review condition not less than 14 days written notice a review is to be carried out under the condition.	16 17
		(2)			
		(2)		consent authority may notify such other persons as it thinks the review.	18 19
		(3)		consent authority must take into account any submissions	20
				by a person that are received within 14 days after notice is to the person of a review.	21 22
			_	Under section 80A (10D) of the Act, a decision to change a review	22
			condit	tion of a development consent is taken to be a determination of a	24
			provis	opment consent and is subject to the notification and appeal sions under the Act in relation to such a determination.	25 26
[11]		se 264 conse		ncil to maintain a register of development applications	27 28
	Inser	t after	clause	264 (2) (m):	29
			(ma)	in the case of a consent subject to a condition under section	30
				80A (10B) of the Act, the outcome of any review carried out under the condition,	31 32

[12]	Part Inser		Part 16A:	1 2		
				_		
	Par	t 16	B Planning bodies and planning arbitrators	3		
2	268C	Definition				
			In this Part: <i>planning body</i> means the Planning Assessment Commission, a joint regional planning panel or a planning assessment panel.	5 6 7		
2	268D	Gen	eral procedure	8		
		(1)	The procedure for the calling of meetings of a planning body and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to the Act and this Regulation and any directions by the Minister, to be as determined by the planning body.	9 10 11 12		
		(2)	Subject to this clause, the planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.	13 14		
		(3)	Nothing in this Part derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.	15 16		
2	268E	Quo	rum	17		
			The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for the time being (including the chairperson).	18 19		
2	268F	Pres	siding member	20		
		(1)	The chairperson (or, in the absence of the chairperson, a person elected by the members) is to preside at a meeting of a planning body.	21 22 23		
		(2)	The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	24 25		
2	268G	Voti	ng	26		
			A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of a planning body at which a quorum is present is the decision of the planning body.	27 28 29		
2	268H	Publ	lic meetings	30		
			A planning body may (unless the Minister otherwise directs) conduct its meetings in public, and is required to do so for the conduct of any business that is required to be conducted in public by a direction of the Minister.	31 32 33 34		

<b>268</b> I	Tran	saction of business outside meetings or by telephone	1			
	(1)	A planning body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the planning body for the matter for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those members is taken to be a decision of the planning body.	2 3 4 5 6			
	(2)	The planning body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.	7 8 9 10 11			
	(3)	For the purposes of:	12			
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	13			
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	14			
		the chairperson and each member of the planning body have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the planning body.	15 16 17			
	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the planning body.	18 19 20			
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	21 22 23			
268J	First meeting					
		The Minister may call the first meeting of the planning body in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	25 26			
268K	Plan	ning arbitrators	27			
	(1)	A planning arbitrator is to remain on the register of planning arbitrators for a period not exceeding 3 years, but is eligible to be relisted on that register.	28 29 30			
	(2)	The Minister may remove a planning arbitrator from the register of planning arbitrators if the Independent Commission Against Corruption, in a report referred to in section 74C of the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988</i> , recommends that consideration be given to the removal of the planning arbitrator from office because of corrupt conduct by the planning arbitrator.	31 32 33 34 35 36			

		(3)	planr	ning ai	g arbitrator may be removed from the register of bitrators by the Minister at any time without notice reason.	1 2 3
		(4)	A pl	anning ensati	g arbitrator is not entitled to any remuneration or on because of removal from office under this clause.	2 5
[13]	Clau	se 285	5			6
	Inser	t after	clause	284:		7
	285		gories e by o		velopment for which review applications may be rs	8
			revie		s of development applications in respect of which a lication may be made under section 96E of the Act are	10 11 12
			(a)		lopment applications relating to development for ential purposes that:	13 14
				(i)	exceeds 2 storeys, or	15
				(ii)	contains at least 5 separate dwellings and has a site area of more than 2,000m <sup>2</sup> ,	16 17
					exceeds an applicable development standard for height our space ratio by more than 25%,	18 19
			(b)		lopment applications relating to development for mercial, retail or mixed use purposes that:	20 21
				(i)	is greater than 9m in height, and	22
				(ii)	has a site area of more than 2,000m <sup>2</sup> , and	23
				(iii)	exceeds an applicable development standard for height or floor space ratio by more than 25%.	24 25

Scł	nedul	le 3 Amendments relating to development contributions	1
		(Section 3	) 3
3.1		endment of Environmental Planning and Assessment 1979	4
[1]	Section	ion 750 Giving of approval for concept plan	6
	Omit	"planning agreement referred to in section 93F" from section 75O (5).	7
	Insert	t instead "planning agreement under Division 4 of Part 5B".	8
[2]	Section	ion 75R Application of other provisions of Act	9
	Omit	section 75R (4).	10
[3]	Section	ion 75R	11
	Insert	t at the end of the section:	12
		<b>Note.</b> Section 116B provides for the application of Part 5B (Provision of public infrastructure) to projects and the giving of approval for the carrying out of projects under this Part.	of 13 e 14 15
[4]	Part 4	4, Divisions 6 and 6A	16
	Omit	the Divisions.	17
[5]	Part 5	5A Development by the Crown	18
	startir	imber the sections of Part 5A with sections numbered consecutivelying from section 115T and with cross-references in the Act to sections of Part renumbered accordingly.	
[6]	Part 5	5B	22
	Insert	t after Part 5A:	23
	Part	t 5B Provision of public infrastructure	24
	Divis	sion 1 Preliminary	25
1	116A	Definitions	26
		(1) In this Part:	27
		community infrastructure—see section 116C.	28
		community infrastructure contribution means a developmen	it 29

		this Part.	2
		development contribution means:	;
		(a) the dedication of land free of cost, or	4
		(b) the payment of a monetary contribution.	į.
		<b>Note.</b> Development contributions for community infrastructure are provided for in Division 2 and development contributions for public infrastructure are provided for in Division 3.	<del>-</del> 
		development corporation means a development corporation constituted under Part 2 of the Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974.	9 10 11
		growth centre has the same meaning as it has in the Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974.	12 13
		<i>planning agreement</i> means a voluntary planning agreement provided for in Division 4.	14 15
		planning authority means:	16
		(a) a council, or	17
		(b) the Minister, or	18
		(c) the corporation, or	19
		(d) a development corporation, or	20
		(e) a public authority declared by the regulations to be a planning authority for the purposes of this Part.	2 <sup>2</sup>
		<i>public infrastructure</i> —see section 116C.	23
		<i>State contributions area</i> means land for the time being described in Schedule 5A.	24 25
		<b>State infrastructure contribution</b> means a State infrastructure contribution determined by the Minister under Division 3.	26 27
	(2)	Words and expressions used in Schedule 1 have the same meanings as they have in this Part.	28 29
116B	Appl	lication of Part	30
	(1)	This Part applies to development that requires development consent.	3 <sup>2</sup>
	(2)	This Part applies to projects under Part 3A (and the giving of approval for the carrying out of projects under that Part) in the same way as it applies to development and the granting of consent to the carrying out of development under Part 4, subject to any necessary modifications and any modifications prescribed by the regulations. However, a condition cannot be imposed under a provision of Division 2, 3 or 5 of this Part unless the	33 34 35 36 37 38

contributions plan means a contributions plan approved under

		provision would have applied if Part 3A did not apply to the project and a development consent were granted.	1
116C	Com	munity and public infrastructure	3
	(1)	In this Part:	4
		community infrastructure means public amenities and public	5
		services, but does not include water supply or sewerage services.	6
		public infrastructure includes:	7
		(a) public amenities and public services, and	8
		(b) affordable housing, and	9
		(c) transport infrastructure,	10
		but does not include water supply or sewerage services.	11
	(2)	In this Part, <i>provision of public infrastructure</i> includes:	12
		(a) the provision, extension and augmentation of (or the	13
		recoupment of the cost of providing, extending or augmenting) public infrastructure, and	14 15
		(b) the funding of recurrent expenditure relating to the	16
		provision, extension and augmentation of public	17
		infrastructure, and	18
		(c) the conservation or enhancement of the natural environment, and	19 20
		(d) any action of a planning authority in connection with the	21
		exercise of any statutory function under this Act, including the carrying out of any research or investigation and the	22
		preparation of any report, study or instrument.	23 24
116D	Key	considerations for development contributions	25
		The following are the key considerations for development contributions for the purposes of this Part:	26 27
		(a) Can the public infrastructure that is proposed to be funded by a development contribution be provided within a reasonable time?	28 29 30
		(b) What will be the impact of the proposed development contribution on the affordability of the proposed development?	31 32 33
		(c) Is the proposed development contribution based on a reasonable apportionment between existing demand and new demand for public infrastructure to be created by the proposed development to which the contribution relates?	34 35 36 37

		(d) Is the proposed development contribution based on a reasonable estimate of the cost of proposed public infrastructure?	1 2 3
		(e) Are the estimates of demand for each item of public infrastructure to which the proposed development contribution relates reasonable?	4 5 6
116E	Acco	puntability	7
	(1)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to requiring the collection and publication by planning authorities of information concerning the provision of public infrastructure and the determination, collection, application and use of development contributions under this Part.	8 9 10 11 12
	(2)	The information required to be collected and published can include (but is not limited to):	13 14
		(a) details of the amounts of monetary contributions paid and the purposes for which they were paid, and	15 16
		(b) details of the purposes for which monetary contributions have been applied by a planning authority, and	17 18
		(c) details of the time frame for the provision of public infrastructure to which any contributions plan approved by the planning authority relates, and	19 20 21
		(d) details of any borrowings or other arrangements made by a planning authority for the provision of public infrastructure, and	22 23 24
		(e) the amount and other details of any monetary contributions that have not been applied for the purpose for which they were paid and that continue to be held by a planning authority.	25 26 27 28
	(3)	The regulations can, for example, require the publication of information by a planning authority by requiring inclusion of the information in any annual or other report of the planning authority.	29 30 31 32
116F	Use	of development contributions	33
	(1)	A consent authority or planning authority is to hold any monetary contribution paid under this Part (including under a planning agreement) for the purpose for which the payment was required, and apply the money towards that purpose within a reasonable time.	34 35 36 37 38

	(2)	Money paid under this Part for different purposes may be pooled and applied progressively for those purposes, subject to the requirements of any relevant contributions plan.	1 2 3
	(3)	Money paid as an indirect contribution under Division 2 is to be applied (subject to any relevant provisions of a contributions plan) towards the provision, extension or augmentation of community infrastructure or towards recouping the cost of the provision, extension or augmentation of community infrastructure.	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(4)	Land dedicated under this Part is to be made available by the consent authority or planning authority for the purpose for which the dedication was required and within a reasonable time.	10 11 12
	(5)	A reference in this section to a monetary contribution includes a reference to any additional amount earned from its investment.	13 14
	(6)	This section is subject to any direction of the Minister under this Part.	15 16
	(7)	This section does not apply in respect of any of the following:	17
		(a) monetary contributions paid, and the proceeds of the sale of land dedicated, under Division 2 (Community infrastructure contributions) in respect of development within a growth centre that is specified in Schedule 3 (Community Infrastructure Trust Fund areas) to the Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974,	18 19 20 21 22 23
		<b>Note.</b> Section 25 of the <i>Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974</i> requires these contributions to be paid into a Community Infrastructure Trust Fund.	24 25 26
		(b) a State infrastructure contribution under Division 3,	27
		(c) a development contribution under Division 5 (Development contributions for affordable housing).	28 29
Divi	sion 2	2 Community infrastructure contributions	30
116G	Direc	ct and indirect contributions for community infrastructure	31
	(1)	A consent authority can require the following development contributions in respect of development:	32 33
		direct contributions, being either or both of the following:	34
		(a) a reasonable development contribution for the provision, extension or augmentation of community infrastructure within the area,	35 36 37

		(b) a reasonable monetary contribution towards recoupment of the cost of providing existing community infrastructure within the area.	1 2 3
		<i>indirect contributions</i> , being the payment of a monetary contribution that is a percentage of the proposed cost of carrying out the development.	4 5 6
	(2)	An indirect contribution cannot be required in relation to development if a direct contribution is required in relation to that development.	7 8 9
	(3)	Once a direct contribution has been required in respect of development comprising the subdivision of land (the <i>initial development</i> ), no direct or indirect contribution can be required in respect of other development on that land except to the extent (if any) that the other development will or is likely to increase the demand for community infrastructure beyond the increase in demand attributable to the initial development.	10 11 12 13 14 15
116H	Cou	ncils require contributions plan	17
	(1)	A council cannot require a community infrastructure contribution unless it is of a kind allowed by, and is determined in accordance with, a contributions plan approved by the council.	18 19 20
	(2)	The Minister may, by direction in writing given in a particular case, authorise a council to require a community infrastructure contribution even though it is not of a kind allowed by, or is not determined in accordance with, a contributions plan approved by the council.	21 22 23 24 25
	(3)	A council and the Minister must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions established by section 116D when approving a contributions plan or giving a direction under this section.	26 27 28 29
1161	Cou	ncils limited to contributions for key community infrastructure	30
	(1)	A council's contributions plan cannot allow the council to require a community infrastructure contribution unless the community infrastructure is:	31 32 33
		(a) <i>key community infrastructure</i> (being community infrastructure prescribed by the regulations as key community infrastructure), or	34 35 36
		(b) <i>additional community infrastructure</i> (being community infrastructure other than key community infrastructure) that the Minister has approved for the council under this section.	37 38 39 40

The Minister may on application by a council approve particular

(2)

			ditional community infrastructure for the council.	2			
	(3)	The Minister may by direction in writing to one or more councils direct that (despite any other provision of this section or the regulations) a contributions plan of the council may permit the council to require a community infrastructure contribution for specified additional community infrastructure.					
	(4)	under consi	etermining whether to grant approval or give a direction r this section, the Minister must have regard to the key iderations for development contributions established by on 116D.	10 11 12			
	(5)	The r	regulations may:	13			
		(a)	limit the kinds of infrastructure that may be the subject of an approval or direction of the Minister of additional community infrastructure for the purposes of this section, and	14 19 10 17			
		(b)	require a council that applies for the approval of the Minister under this section to provide specified information and documents (such as a business plan and independent assessment of the business plan) in support of or otherwise in connection with the application.	18 19 20 2 <sup>2</sup> 22			
116J	Nexu	ıs for (	direct contributions	23			
	(1)	augm only devel	direct contribution for the provision, extension or nentation of community infrastructure within an area can be required if the consent authority is satisfied that the lopment concerned will or is likely to require the provision increase the demand for that community infrastructure.	24 25 20 27 28			
	(2)	provi	irect contribution towards recoupment of the cost of iding existing community infrastructure within the area can be required if:	29 30 31			
		(a)	the consent authority is satisfied that the development concerned will, if carried out, benefit from the provision of the existing public infrastructure, and	32 33 34			
		(b)	the existing public infrastructure was (at any time, whether before or after the date of commencement of this Part) provided within the area by a consent authority in preparation for or to facilitate the carrying out of development in the area.	38 37 38 38			

	(3)	For the purposes of a direct contribution, the cost of providing existing community infrastructure is that cost as indexed in	1 2
		accordance with the regulations.	3
	(4)	A direct contribution cannot be required if the community infrastructure concerned is, in whole or in part, infrastructure provided, or to be provided, in relation to the development out of State infrastructure contributions.	4 5 6 7
116K	Nexu	us for indirect contributions	8
	(1)	The validity of an indirect contribution is not affected by there being no connection between the development the subject of the indirect contribution and the object of expenditure of any money required to be paid.	9 10 11 12
	(2)	A consent authority cannot require payment of an indirect contribution in relation to development on land in a State contributions area except with the approval of the Minister or a development corporation designated by the Minister to give approvals under this subsection.	13 14 15 16 17
	(3)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to indirect contributions, including:	18 19
		(a) the means by which the proposed cost of carrying out development is to be estimated or determined, and	20 21
		(b) the maximum percentage of an indirect contribution.	22
	(4)	The Minister may by direction to a consent authority in the case of a particular development application permit the consent authority to require payment of an indirect contribution of a percentage in excess of any maximum percentage fixed by the regulations. The Minister's direction may also include requirements for the public notification of any such permission, including notification in any contributions plan of the consent authority.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
116L		ster's directions about community infrastructure tributions	31 32
	(1)	The Minister may, generally or in any particular case or class of cases, direct a consent authority as to any one or more of the following:	33 34 35
		(a) the community infrastructure in relation to which a requirement for a community infrastructure contribution may or may not be imposed,	36 37 38
		(b) in the case of a requirement for a direct contribution requiring the payment of a monetary contribution—the	39 40

	means by which or the factors in relation to which the amount of the contribution may or may not be calculated or determined, and the maximum amount of any such contribution,	1 2 3 4
(c)	in the case of a requirement for an indirect contribution—the maximum percentage or maximum amount of the indirect contribution,	5 6 7
(d)	the things that may or may not be accepted as a material public benefit for the purposes of a requirement for a direct contribution,	8 9 10
(e)	the type or area of development in respect of which a community infrastructure contribution may or may not be imposed,	11 12 13
(f)	the time within which community infrastructure contributions in the form of monetary contributions under this Division are to be applied (including a direction as to what constitutes a reasonable time for the provision of community infrastructure funded by community infrastructure contributions under this Division),	14 15 16 17 18 19
(g)	the use of community infrastructure contributions in the form of monetary contributions for purposes other than those for which they were paid,	20 21 22
(h)	the preparation of joint contributions plans by 2 or more councils.	23 24
	nsent authority to which a direction is given under this on must comply with the direction in accordance with its	25 26 27
relation condidespi	asent authority must not, in granting development consent in on to which a direction under this section applies, impose a tion that is not in accordance with the terms of the direction, te the other provisions of this Part and despite the provisions y contributions plan.	28 29 30 31 32
maxii may j maxii	rection under this section as to the maximum amount or mum percentage of a community infrastructure contribution provide for the Minister to approve of an increase in that mum amount or percentage in a particular case on the cation of a council.	33 34 35 36 37
approspecition approximately a	regulations may require a council that applies for the wal of the Minister as referred to in subsection (4) to provide fied information and documents (such as a business plan and endent assessment of the business plan) in support of or wise in connection with the application	38 39 40 41 42

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

	(6)	Directions in force under this section are to be made publicly available on the website of the Department.	1 2		
116M	Development contribution provisions in planning instruments				
	(1)	An environmental planning instrument (EPI) must not include	4		
	` ′	provision that requires as a condition of development consent or	5		
		as a precondition to the grant of development consent:	6		
		(a) the making of a development contribution for the provision	7		
		of public infrastructure of any kind in connection with the carrying out of the development concerned, or	8 9		
		(b) the making of satisfactory arrangements for the making of	10		
		such a development contribution.	11		
	(2)	This section does not apply to any provision of an EPI authorised	12		
		by Division 3.	13		
	(3)	This section does not prevent an EPI from including a provision	14		
	` ′	to the effect that development consent must not be granted for	15		
		development unless the consent authority is satisfied that	16		
		specified public infrastructure is available or that adequate	17		
		arrangements have been made to make that public infrastructure available.	18 19		
	(4)	This section does not apply to any provision that is in force immediately before the commencement of this section.	20 21		
116N	Proc	cedural matters	22		
		Part 1 of Schedule 1 has effect in relation to community	23		
		infrastructure contributions.	24		
Divi	ision	3 State infrastructure contributions	25		
1160	State	e infrastructure contributions in State contributions areas	26		
	(1)	For any land in a State contributions area, the Minister may	27		
	(1)	determine that development contributions ( <i>State infrastructure</i>	28		
		contributions) are to be made for the provision of public	29		
		infrastructure in relation to development or a class of	30		
		development on the land.	31		
	(2)	The Minister is to determine the level and nature of State	32		
		infrastructure contributions. A State infrastructure contribution	33		
		may be determined as a contribution of a specified amount or of	34		
		a percentage of the proposed cost of carrying out development or	35		
		any class of development.	36		

	(3)	In determining the level and nature of a State infrastructure contribution, the Minister must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions established by section 116D.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	A State infrastructure contribution can extend to the provision of public infrastructure outside a State contributions area or outside New South Wales.	5 6 7
116P	Rest	rictions on State infrastructure determinations	8
	(1)	The determination by the Minister of a state infrastructure contribution is subject to the concurrence of:	9 10
		(a) the Treasurer, or	11
		(b) the Secretary of the Treasury (if the cost of the infrastructure is less than \$30 million).	12 13
	(2)	The determination by the Minister of a State infrastructure contribution as a specified amount (but not as a percentage of the proposed cost of carrying out development) is subject to the following requirements:	14 15 16 17
		(a) the contribution must as far as reasonably practicable be reasonable having regard to the cost of the provision of public infrastructure in relation to the development or class of development concerned,	18 19 20 21
		(b) a State infrastructure contribution for the provision of public infrastructure outside the State contributions area concerned is not to be determined unless the Minister is of the opinion that the need for that public infrastructure arises as a result of the development concerned.	22 23 24 25 26
116Q		e infrastructure contributions in addition to community structure contributions	27 28
		A requirement for a State infrastructure contribution is in addition to any requirement for a community infrastructure contribution under Division 2.	29 30 31
116R		ision in EPIs for satisfactory arrangements for State structure	32 33
	(1)	An environmental planning instrument can include provision to the effect that development consent is not to be granted for specified development or development of a specified class unless arrangements satisfactory to the Director-General have been made for the making of a development contribution for the	34 35 36 37 38

		provision of public infrastructure by the State in relation to the development.	1 2
	(2)	In deciding for the purposes of any such provision whether satisfactory arrangements have been made for the making of a development contribution for the provision of public infrastructure by the State in relation to development, the Director-General must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions established by section 116D.	3 4 5 6 7 8
	(3)	If a State infrastructure contribution is required in respect of development, a development contribution for the provision of public infrastructure in respect of the development cannot be required under a provision of an environmental planning instrument.	9 10 11 12 13
116S	Proc	edural matters	14
		Part 2 of Schedule 1 has effect in relation to State infrastructure contributions.	15 16
Divi	sion	4 Voluntary planning agreements	17
116T	Deve	elopers can enter into planning agreements	18
	(1)	A <i>planning agreement</i> is a voluntary agreement between one or more planning authorities and a person (the <i>developer</i> ) under which the developer is required to dedicate land free of cost, pay a monetary contribution, or provide any other material public benefit, or any combination of them, to be used for or applied towards the provision of public infrastructure or another public purpose.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
	(2)	The developer must be:	26
		(a) a person who has sought a change to or the making or revocation of an environmental planning instrument, or	27 28
		(b) a person who has made, or proposes to make, a development application, or	29 30
		(c) a person who has entered into an agreement with, or is otherwise associated with, a person to whom paragraph (a) or (b) applies.	31 32 33
116U	Plan deve	ning authority must have regard to key considerations for lopment contributions	34 35
		When entering into a planning agreement a planning authority must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions established by section 116D.	36 37 38

116V	Council planning agreements limited to key community infrastructure				
	(1)	A planning agreement entered into by a council cannot apply in respect of the provision of public infrastructure unless:	3 4		
		(a) the infrastructure is <i>key community infrastructure</i> (being community infrastructure prescribed by the regulations as key community infrastructure), or	5 6 7		
		(b) the provision of the public infrastructure concerned has been approved for the council by the Minister under this section.	8 9 10		
	(2)	The Minister may on application by a council approve the provision of public infrastructure specified by the Minister or of a kind specified by the Minister for the purposes of a planning agreement.	11 12 13 14		
	(3)	The Minister may by direction in writing to a council direct that (despite any other provision of this section or the regulations) a planning agreement entered into by the council can apply in respect of the provision of public infrastructure specified by the Minister.	15 16 17 18 19		
	(4) In determining whether to grant approval or give a direction under this section, the Minister must have regard to the key considerations for development contributions established by section 116D.				
	(5)	The regulations may:	24		
		(a) limit the kinds of infrastructure that may be the subject of an approval or direction of the Minister or the purposes of this section, or	25 26 27		
		(b) require a council that applies for the approval of the Minister under this section to provide specified information and documents (such as a business plan and independent assessment of the business plan) in support of or otherwise in connection with such an application.	28 29 30 31 32		
116W	Planning agreements can limit other development contribution requirements				
	(1)	A planning agreement can exclude the application in respect of development of any provision of Division 2 (Community infrastructure contributions) or of Division 3 (State infrastructure contributions), subject to the following restrictions:	35 36 37 38		
		(a) a planning agreement cannot exclude the application of a provision of Division 2 in respect of development unless	39 40		

			the consent authority for the development or the Minister is a party to the agreement,	1 2
		(b)	a planning authority is not to enter into a planning agreement excluding the application of Division 3 unless the planning authority is the Minister or does so with the approval of the Minister or a development corporation designated by the Minister to give such approvals.	3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	of Div canno develo the ap	anning agreement excludes the application of any provision vision 2 or 3 to particular development, a consent authority of require a development contribution in respect of that opment under the excluded provisions (except in respect of polication of any part of those provisions that is not excluded agreement).	8 9 10 11 12 13
	(3)	agreen with r	unning agreement can exclude benefits under a planning ment from being taken into consideration in connection requiring a direct contribution under Division 2, and such an sion has effect accordingly.	14 15 16 17
116X	Proc	edural	matters	18
		Part 3	of Schedule 1 has effect in relation to planning agreements.	19
Divi	sion	5	Development contributions for affordable housing	20 21
Divi				
		ditions A Star	housing	21
	Cond	A Star a need A co develo a rease	housing requiring land or contributions for affordable housing te environmental planning policy may identify that there is	21 22 23
	<b>Conc</b> (1)	A Star a need A co develo a rease	requiring land or contributions for affordable housing the environmental planning policy may identify that there is don't affordable housing within an area.  Insent authority may grant development consent for comment within such an area subject to a condition requiring onable development contribution to be used for the purpose	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	<b>Conc</b> (1)	A Star a need A co develor a reaso of pro	requiring land or contributions for affordable housing to the environmental planning policy may identify that there is the for affordable housing within an area. It is the consent authority may grant development consent for comment within such an area subject to a condition requiring onable development contribution to be used for the purpose oviding affordable housing, but only if:  the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development will or is likely to reduce the availability of	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
	<b>Conc</b> (1)	A Star a need A co develor a reaso of pro	requiring land or contributions for affordable housing the environmental planning policy may identify that there is all for affordable housing within an area.  Insent authority may grant development consent for comment within such an area subject to a condition requiring onable development contribution to be used for the purpose oviding affordable housing, but only if:  the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development will or is likely to reduce the availability of affordable housing within the area, or the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development will create a need for affordable housing	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

	(3)		easonableness of a development contribution is to be nined having regard to the following:	1 2	
		(a)	the extent of the need in the area for affordable housing,	3	
		(b)	the scale of the proposed development,	4	
			any other dedication or contribution required to be made by the applicant under this Division, or under Division 2 as a direct contribution.	5 6 7	
	(4)	A cond	dition may be imposed under this section only if:	8	
		, ,	the condition complies with all relevant requirements made by a State environmental planning policy with respect to the imposition of conditions under this section, and	9 10 11 12	
		, ,	the condition is authorised to be imposed by a local environmental plan or State environmental planning policy, and is in accordance with a scheme for dedications or contributions set out in or adopted by the plan or policy.	13 14 15 16	
	(5)	A cond	dition is not to be imposed under this section in relation to opment that is within a State contributions area.	17 18	
116Z	Other contributions to be taken into account				
		accord land o dedica afforda	isent authority that proposes to impose a condition in dance with this Division must take into consideration any or other sum of money that the applicant has previously atted free of cost, or previously paid, for the purpose of able housing within the area otherwise than as a condition consent.	20 21 22 23 24 25	
116ZA	Othe	r condi	tions concerning affordable housing	26	
		or rete but are positive	Division does not prevent the imposition on a development at of other conditions relating to the provision, maintenance ention of affordable housing. Such conditions may require, the not restricted to, the imposition of covenants (including the covenants) or the entering into of contractual or other remembs.	27 28 29 30 31 32	
116ZB	Use	of affor	dable housing contributions	33	
	(1)		elopment contribution made in accordance with a condition ed under this Division must:	34 35	
		` ′	in the case of land, be made available by the consent authority for the purposes of affordable housing within a reasonable time, or	36 37 38	

		(b) (c)	in the case of a monetary contribution, be held by the consent authority (together with any additional amount earned from its investment) for the purpose for which the payment was required and applied by the consent authority for the purposes of affordable housing in the area or an adjoining area within a reasonable time, or in either case, transfer the land or pay the monetary	1 2 3 4 5 6
			contribution in accordance with any applicable direction of the Minister under this section.	9
	(2)	The I any p	Minister may give a direction, that applies generally or in particular case or class of cases, to a consent authority:	10 11
		(a)	requiring it to transfer to a person nominated by the Minister land contributed under this Division, or	12 13
		(b)	requiring it to pay to a person nominated by the Minister a monetary contribution contributed under this Division.	14 15
	(3)	A per	rson nominated under this section by the Minister must:	16
		(a)	make available any land transferred to the person under this Division for the purposes of affordable housing within a reasonable time or (if the Minister so directs) within a time directed by the Minister, and	17 18 19 20
		(b)	apply any monetary contribution paid to the person under this Division (and any additional amount earned from its investment) for the purposes of affordable housing in the area concerned or in any other area directed by the Minister, within a time directed by the Minister.	21 22 23 24 25
Divi	sion (	6	State Infrastructure Fund	26
116ZC	Defin	ition		27
		In thi	is Part:	28
			Fund means the State Infrastructure Fund established under Division.	29 30
116ZD	Estab	olishm	nent of Fund	31
	(1)		e is to be established in the Special Deposits Account a fund d the State Infrastructure Fund.	32 33
	(2)	The S	Fund is to be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary is to consult the Director-General in relation to the nistration of the Fund.	34 35 36

116ZE	Payr	nents into Fund	1
		The following is to be paid into the Fund:	2
		(a) monetary contributions, and the proceeds of sale of any land, received by a consent authority as a State infrastructure contribution under Division 3,	
		(b) any money appropriated by Parliament for the purposes of the Fund,	f 6
		(c) the proceeds of the investment of money in the Fund,	8
		(d) any other money required to be paid into the Fund by or under this or any other Act or the regulations under this Act.	
116ZF	Payr	nents out of Fund	12
	(1)	The following is to be paid from the Fund:	13
		(a) payments to public authorities for the provision of public infrastructure in relation to development,	t 14 15
		(b) any money required to meet administrative expenses in relation to the Fund,	16 17
		(c) all other money directed or authorised to be paid from the Fund by this Act or by the regulations under this Act.	e 18 19
	(2)	The assets of the Fund can only be applied for the purposes referred to in subsection (1).	20 21
116ZG	Inve	stment of money in Fund	22
		The money in the Fund may be invested:	23
		(a) in such manner as may be authorised by the <i>Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act 1987</i> , or	24 25
		(b) if that Act does not confer power on the Department to invest the money, in any other manner approved by the Treasurer.	

[7]		edule t as So	<b>1</b> chedule 1	:	1 2
	Sch	nedu	le 1	Provisions relating to development contributions	3
				(Sections 116N, 116S and 116X)	5
	Par	t 1	Com	munity infrastructure contributions	6
	1	Deve	elopmen	t contributions to be imposed by condition of consent	7
			be imp	rirement for a community infrastructure contribution is to losed by means of a condition on development consent for velopment concerned.	8 9 10
	2	App	eals		11
		(1)	contrib appeal, becaus case, ev plan or	dition of development consent that imposes a direct bution may be disallowed or amended by the Court on , or by a reviewing body on a review under section 96E, e it is unreasonable in the particular circumstances of that ven if it was determined in accordance with a contributions redirection of the Minister. The Court is not authorised to w or amend the contributions plan or direction.	12 13 14 15 16 17
		(2)	contrib accorda Ministe	dition of development consent that imposes an indirect pution that is of a kind allowed by, and determined in ance with, a contributions plan (or a direction of the er under this Part) may not be disallowed or amended by urt on appeal, or by a reviewing body on a review under a 96E.	19 20 21 22 23 24
		(3)		son cannot appeal to the Court under this Act (despite a 123 or any other provision of this Act) in respect of:	25 26
			1	the approving, amending or repealing of a contributions plan by the Minister under clause 7 (Minister's directions about contributions plans), or	27 28 29
			1	the reasonableness in the particular circumstances of a requirement for a community infrastructure contribution that is determined in accordance with any such contributions plan.	30 31 32 33

3			n of land or provision of material public benefit in n of development contribution requirement	1 2
		provi a req	onsent authority may accept the dedication of land or the ision of a material public benefit in part or full satisfaction of quirement for a community infrastructure contribution other an indirect contribution.	3 4 5 6
4	Othe	r cont	tributions to be taken into account	7
		infra into bene free	onsent authority that proposes to require a community structure contribution in respect of development must take consideration any land, money or other material public fit that the applicant has elsewhere dedicated or provided of cost within the area (or any adjoining area) or previously to the consent authority, other than:	8 9 10 11 12 13
		(a)	a benefit provided as a condition of the grant of development consent under this Act, or	14 15
		(b)	a benefit excluded from consideration by a planning agreement.	16 17
5	Cont	ributio	on requirements under other Acts	18
	(1)	contr requi (in re dedic provi land	pliance with a requirement for a community infrastructure ribution in relation to development operates to satisfy a irement imposed by a public authority under any other Act elation to or in connection with that development) for the cation of land or payment of money in respect of the ision of public infrastructure, to the extent of the value of the dedicated or the amount of money paid in compliance with equirement.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
	(2)	acco	regulations may make provision for the determination in rdance with the regulations of the value for the purposes of clause of the land dedicated in compliance with the irement.	27 28 29 30
6	Maki	ng of	contributions plans	31
	(1)	accor	ouncil, or 2 or more councils, may, subject to and in rdance with the regulations, prepare and approve a ributions plan for the purpose of imposing requirements for munity infrastructure contributions.	32 33 34 35
	(2)	for an	contributions plan authorises the imposition of a requirement in indirect contribution, the plan is to specify the type or area evelopment in respect of which an indirect contribution may imposed and is to preclude the imposition of a requirement for	36 37 38 39

		a direct contribution in respect of that type or area of development.	1 2
	(3)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the preparation and approval of contributions plans, including the format, structure and subject-matter of plans.	3 4 5
	(4)	A council must, within 14 days after approving a contributions plan, provide the Minister with a copy of the plan.	6 7
7	Minis	ster's directions about contributions plans	8
	(1)	The Minister may direct a council to provide the Minister with a draft of a contributions plan for review by the Minister before the council approves the plan. The council is not to approve the contributions plan until the Minister has notified the council that the Minister's review of the plan has been completed.	9 10 11 12 13
	(2)	The Minister may, by direction in writing to a council, approve, amend or repeal a contributions plan on behalf of the council.	14 15
	(3)	Alternatively, the Minister may direct a council in writing to approve, amend or repeal a contributions plan in the time and manner specified in the direction. The Minister may then, by direction in writing to the council, approve, amend or repeal the contributions plan on behalf of the council if the council fails to do so in accordance with the direction.	16 17 18 19 20 21
	(4)	The approval, amendment or repeal of a contributions plan by the Minister has effect as if done by the council.	22 23
	(5)	In approving, amending or repealing a contributions plan under this clause the Minister is not subject to the regulations.	24 25
8	Opei	ration of contributions plan if consent authority not a council	26
	(1)	A consent authority that is not a council can require a development contribution even if it is not of a kind allowed by, or is not determined in accordance with, a contributions plan.	27 28 29
	(2)	If there is a contributions plan that applies to the whole or any part of the area in which development is to be carried out, a consent authority that is not a council must however have regard to the contributions plan before imposing the requirement.	30 31 32 33
9	Judi	cial notice, validity etc	34
	(1)	Judicial notice is to be taken of a contributions plan and of the date on which the plan came into effect.	35 36

	(2)	It is to be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that all conditions and preliminary steps precedent to the making of a contributions plan have been complied with and performed.	1 2 3
	(3)	The validity of any procedure required to be followed in making or approving a contributions plan is not to be questioned in any legal proceedings except those commenced in the Court by any person within 3 months after the date on which the plan came into effect.	4 5 6 7 8
	(4)	The amendment or repeal, whether in whole or in part, of a contributions plan does not affect the previous operation of the plan or anything duly done under the plan.	9 10 11
10	Con	tributions plans—complying development	12
	(1)	In relation to an application made to an accredited certifier for a complying development certificate, a contributions plan:	13 14
		(a) is to specify whether or not the accredited certifier must, if a complying development certificate is issued, impose a condition requiring a community infrastructure contribution, and	15 16 17 18
		(b) can only authorise the imposition by an accredited certifier of a condition requiring a direct contribution that requires the payment of a monetary contribution, and	19 20 21
		(c) must specify the amount of the monetary contribution that an accredited certifier must so impose or the precise method by which the amount is to be determined.	22 23 24
	(2)	If an accredited certifier fails to comply with such a requirement of a contributions plan, the consent authority may impose the necessary condition on the complying development certificate and it has effect as if it had been imposed by the accredited certifier.	25 26 27 28 29
	(3)	This clause does not limit anything for which a contributions plan may make provision in relation to a consent authority.	30 31
11	Cros	ss-boundary issues	32
	(1)	A requirement for a community infrastructure contribution may be imposed for the benefit (or partly for the benefit) of an area that adjoins the local government area in which the development is to be carried out.	33 34 35 36
	(2)	Any monetary contribution payable pursuant to such a requirement is to be apportioned among the relevant councils:	37 38

		(a) in accordance with any joint or other contributions plan approved by those councils, or	1 2
		(b) if provision is not made for the apportionment in any such plan—in accordance with the terms of the development consent for the development.	3 4 5
	(3)	Any dispute between the councils concerned is to be referred to the Director-General and resolved in accordance with any direction given by the Director-General.	6 7 8
12	Publ	ic infrastructure may be provided outside NSW	9
		A requirement for a direct contribution may, with the written approval of the Minister, be imposed for the provision of public infrastructure on land in another State or Territory if the area in which the development the subject of the requirement is to be carried out adjoins the other State or Territory.	10 11 12 13 14
13		munity infrastructure contributions imposed by Minister or ctor-General in growth centres etc	15 16
	(1)	This clause applies where the Minister or the Director-General, as the consent authority, imposes a requirement for a community infrastructure contribution in relation to:	17 18 19
		(a) land within a growth centre, or	20
		(b) other land within one or more council areas.	21
	(2)	This Schedule and Part 5B apply to land within a growth centre as if references in this Schedule and that Part to the area were references to the growth centre.	22 23 24
	(3)	Any monetary contribution paid as a community infrastructure contribution:	25 26
		(a) must be paid by the Minister or Director-General to the corporation for the growth centre or to the councils of the areas concerned, and	27 28 29
		(b) must (together with any additional amount earned from its investment) be applied within a reasonable time for the purpose for which it was required.	30 31 32
	(4)	This clause does not apply in respect of a monetary contribution in respect of development within a growth centre that is specified in Schedule 3 (Community Infrastructure Trust Fund areas) to the <i>Growth Centres (Development Corporations) Act 1974</i> .	33 34 35 36
		<b>Note.</b> Section 25 of the <i>Growth Centres (Development Corporations)</i> Act 1974 requires these community infrastructure contributions to be paid into a Community Infrastructure Trust Fund.	37 38 39

Part 2		State infrastructure contributions	1
14	How	State infrastructure contributions are imposed	2
	(1)	Having determined a State infrastructure contribution for development, the Minister may direct a consent authority to require the State infrastructure contribution for the development. The consent authority must comply by requiring the contribution as a condition of development consent for the development.  Note. If the Minister is the consent authority, the Minister may impose the condition without such a direction.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	(2)	If a consent authority given a direction to require a State infrastructure contribution fails to comply with the direction in accordance with its terms, the Minister may impose the necessary condition on development consent and it has effect as if it had been imposed by the consent authority.	10 11 12 13 14
15	Con	sultation on proposed State infrastructure contributions	15
	(1)	In determining the level and nature of State infrastructure contributions in respect of development within a particular State contributions area, the Minister may:  (a) consult with owners of land in the State contributions area and other relevant stakeholders, or consult with a panel of	16 17 18 19 20
		those owners and stakeholders established by the Minister, or	21 22
		(b) publicly exhibit within the State contributions area a proposal in relation to the level of State infrastructure contributions and seek submissions within a reasonable time in relation to that proposal.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	The Minister's determination of a State infrastructure contribution:	27 28
		(a) is to contain reasons for the level and nature of the contribution, and	29 30
		(b) is to be made publicly available by the Minister.	31
16	Rest	rictions on appeals and changes to conditions	32
	(1)	A person cannot appeal to the Court under this Act (including section 123) or make a review application under Division 7A of Part 4 in respect of a determination or direction of the Minister, or a condition imposed by a consent authority or the Minister, under Division 3 of Part 5B or under this Part.	33 34 35 36 37

	(2)	Divis	ndition imposed by a consent authority or the Minister under sion 3 of Part 5B cannot be modified without the approval of Minister.	1 2 3
17		ication ributio	of land or material public benefit in satisfaction of on	4 5
		accep bener devel	consent authority may, with the consent of the Minister, of the dedication of land or the provision of a material public fit in partial or full satisfaction of a condition of lopment consent that requires a State infrastructure ribution.	6 7 8 9 10
18	Spec of de	cial pro evelop	ovision for council infrastructure and other components ment contributions	11 12
	(1)	for the	Minister's determination of a State infrastructure ribution is to identify what part (if any) of the contribution is ne provision of public infrastructure by a council or for any n of a planning authority in connection with the exercise of statutory function under this Act.	13 14 15 16 17
	(2)		part of a State infrastructure contribution identified under clause:	18 19
		(a)	is, for the purposes of Division 6 (State Infrastructure Fund) of Part 5B, deemed not to have been received by the consent authority under that Part, and	20 21 22
		(b)	is not to be taken into account in calculating the cost of public infrastructure for the purposes of the requirement that the Minister consult the Treasurer when the cost of public infrastructure exceeds \$30 million, and	23 24 25 26
		(c)	is, if the part is identified as being for the provision of public infrastructure by a council, to be provided to the council and is to be held and applied by the council in accordance with section 116F (Use of development contributions), and	27 28 29 30 31
		(d)	is, if the part is identified as being for any action of a planning authority in connection with the exercise of any statutory function under this Act, to be provided to the Department and is to be held and applied by the Department in accordance with section 116F.	32 33 34 35 36
19	Land	d contr	ributed as State infrastructure contribution	37
		any l	Minister may direct a consent authority to sell all or part of land it receives as a State infrastructure contribution or to fer any such land to a public authority that is to provide, or	38 39 40

		has provided, public infrastructure in relation to the development to which the land relates or the class of development to which that development belongs.	2
20	Mini	ster may make, amend or repeal State contributions areas	4
	(1)	The Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, amend Schedule 5A for the purpose of:	(
		(a) creating a State contributions area, or	-
		(b) repealing a State contributions area, or	8
		(c) changing a State contributions area.	(
	(2)	The Minister is to consult with the Treasurer before amending Schedule 5A.	10 1
	(3)	Any such order may contain savings and transitional provisions.	12
	(4)	Any such order takes effect on the day that it is published in the Gazette or such later date as may be specified in the order.	1; 14
Pai	rt 3	Planning agreements	15
21	Part	ies to planning agreements	16
	(1)	Any Minister, public authority or other person approved by the Minister is entitled to be an additional party to a planning agreement and to receive a benefit under the agreement on behalf of the State.	1 <sup>1</sup> 18 19 20
	(2)	A council is not precluded from entering into a joint planning agreement with another council or other planning authority merely because it applies to any land not within, or any purposes not related to, the area of the council.	2° 2° 2° 2°
22	Limi	tations on planning agreements	2
	(1)	A planning agreement cannot impose an obligation on a planning authority to grant development consent, or to exercise any function under this Act in relation to a change to or the making or revocation of an environmental planning instrument.	26 27 28 29
	(2)	A planning agreement is void to the extent, if any, to which it requires or allows anything to be done that, when done, would breach a provision of this Act, an environmental planning instrument or a development consent applying to the land concerned.	30 32 33 34

23	Cont	ents o	f planning agreements	1
	(1)	A pla	nning agreement must provide for the following:	2
		(a)	a description of the land to which the agreement applies,	3
		(b)	a description of the change to or the making or revocation of the environmental planning instrument, or the development, to which the agreement applies,	4 5 6
		(c)	the nature and extent of the provision to be made by the developer under the agreement, the time or times by which the provision is to be made and the manner by which the provision is to be made,	7 8 9 10
		(d)	in the case of development, whether the agreement excludes (wholly or in part) or does not exclude the application of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part 5B to the development,	11 12 13 14
		(e)	if the agreement does not exclude the application to the development of provisions of Division 2 of Part 5B for requiring a direct contribution, whether benefits under the agreement are or are not to be taken into consideration in connection with requiring such a contribution,	15 16 17 18 19
		(f)	a mechanism for the resolution of disputes under the agreement,	20 21
		(g)	the enforcement of the agreement by a suitable means, such as the provision of a bond or guarantee, in the event of a breach of the agreement by the developer.	22 23 24
	(2)	devel object agree <b>Note</b> .	e is not required to be any connection between the lopment to which a planning agreement applies and the et of expenditure of any money required to be paid by the ement.  See section 116F, which requires money paid under a planning	25 26 27 28 29
		reaso	ment to be applied for the purpose for which it was paid within a nable time.	30 31
24	Regi	stered	planning agreements to run with land	32
	(1)		anning agreement can be registered under this clause if the wing persons agree to its registration:	33 34
		(a)	if the agreement relates to land under the <i>Real Property Act</i> 1900—each person who has an estate or interest in the land registered under that Act,	35 36 37
		(b)	if the agreement relates to land not under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> —each person who is seised or possessed of an estate or interest in the land.	38 39 40

	(2)	On lodgment by a planning authority of an application for registration in a form approved by the Registrar-General, the Registrar-General is to register the planning agreement:	2
		(a) by making an entry in the relevant folio of the Register kept under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> if the agreement relates to land under that Act, or	!
		(b) by registering the agreement in the General Register of Deeds if the agreement relates to land not under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> .	8
	(3)	A planning agreement that has been registered by the Registrar-General under this clause is binding on, and is enforceable against, the owner of the land from time to time as if each owner for the time being had entered into the agreement.	10 11 12 13
	(4)	A reference in this clause to a planning agreement includes a reference to any amendment or revocation of a planning agreement.	14 15 16
25		umstances in which planning agreements can or cannot be ired to be made	17 18
	(1)	A provision of an environmental planning instrument (being a provision made after 8 July 2005) has no effect to the extent that the provision:	19 20 21
		(a) expressly requires a planning agreement to be entered into before a development application can be made, considered	22
		or determined, or	23 24
			23
	(2)	or determined, or  (b) expressly prevents a development consent from being granted or having effect unless or until a planning	23 24 25 26
	(2)	or determined, or  (b) expressly prevents a development consent from being granted or having effect unless or until a planning agreement is entered into.  A consent authority cannot refuse to grant development consent on the ground that a planning agreement has not been entered into in relation to the proposed development or that the developer has	23 24 25 26 27 28 29

		(b) a commitment made by the proponent in a statement of commitments made under Part 3A.	1
	(4)	In this clause, <i>planning agreement</i> includes any agreement (however described) containing provisions similar to those contained in a planning agreement.	3 4 5
26	App	peals	6
	(1)	A person cannot appeal to the Court under this Act against the failure of a planning authority to enter into a planning agreement or against the terms of a planning agreement.	7 8 9
	(2)	This clause does not affect the jurisdiction of the Court under section 123 (Restraint etc of breaches of this Act).	10 11
27	Dete	erminations or directions by Minister	12
		The Minister may, generally or in any particular case or class of cases, determine or direct any other planning authority as to:	13 14
		(a) the procedures to be followed in negotiating a planning agreement, or	15 16
		(b) the publication of those procedures, or	17
		(c) other standard requirements with respect to planning agreements, or	18 19
		(d) the kinds of material public benefit that a planning agreement may or may not require a developer to provide.	20 21
28	Reg	ulations—planning agreements	22
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to planning agreements, including the following:	23 24
		(a) the form of planning agreements,	25
		(b) the subject-matter of planning agreements,	26
		(c) the making, amendment and revocation of planning agreements, including the giving of public notice and inspection by the public,	27 28 29
		(d) requiring the provision to a planning authority of a copy of a planning agreement and any amendment or notice of revocation of a planning agreement,	30 31 32
		(e) the public inspection of planning agreements after they have been made.	33 34

[8]			<b>5A, heading and source reference</b> eading and the source reference. Insert instead:	
	Scl	nedu	le 5A State contributions areas	;
			(Schedule 116A and Schedule 1, clause 20)	2
[9]	Sch	edule 6	Savings, transitional and other provisions	ţ
	Inse	t in ap	propriate order in Part 21 (as inserted by Schedule 5.1 [12]):	(
	Divi	ision	4 Provisions relating to development contributions	<del>7</del> {
	127	Defir	nitions	ć
			In this Division:	10
			former contributions provisions means the provisions of	1
			Division 6 or 6A of Part 4 as in force before their repeal by the amending Act.	12 13
			<i>new contributions provisions</i> means the provisions of Part 5B and Schedule 1.	14 15
	128	Savi	ngs and transitional regulations	16
			Regulations made under Part 1 of this Schedule have effect despite anything to the contrary in this Part.	17 18
	129	Exis	ting contributions conditions, agreements and actions	19
		(1)	A condition of development consent imposed under the former contributions provisions is taken to have been imposed under the corresponding provision of the new contributions provisions.	20 21 22
		(2)	A planning agreement in force under the former contributions provisions immediately before the repeal of those provisions by the amending Act is taken to be a planning agreement under the corresponding provisions of the new contributions provisions.	23 24 25 26
		(3)	Any action taken by the Minister or a consent authority under or for the purposes of the former contributions provisions is, to the extent that the action has any force or effect immediately before the repeal of those provisions by the amending Act, taken to be an action of the Minister or consent authority under and for the purposes of the corresponding provisions of the new contributions provisions.	27 28 29 30 31 32 33

council.

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(4)	inclu (bein Divis	ference in this Act to a State infrastructure contribution des a reference to a special infrastructure contribution ag a contribution provided for under Subdivision 4 of sion 6 of Part 4) paid or required to be paid by a condition of lopment consent imposed before the commencement of this see.	1 2 3 4 5 6				
(5)	The new contributions provisions extend to levies paid or payable under the former contributions provisions as if those levies were monetary contributions paid or payable under the new contributions provisions.						
Exis	ting co	ontributions plans	11				
(1)	provi (an <i>e</i> unles	ontributions plan in force under the former contributions isions immediately before the commencement of this clause existing contributions plan) is repealed on 31 March 2010 as the contributions plan is remade by the Minister under this see before that date.	12 13 14 15 16				
(2)	exist is sat	Minister may, by direction in writing to a council, remake an ing contributions plan on behalf of the council if the Minister tisfied that the plan provides for a community infrastructure ribution in respect of community infrastructure that is:	17 18 19 20				
	(a)	the subject of a contract with the council for its construction, or	21 22				
	(b)	the subject of a loan or other debt financing arrangement with a bank or other recognised financial institution for its forward funding, or	23 24 25				
	(c)	the subject of a commitment for its construction in the council's budget for the 2007–08 financial year, or	26 27				
	(d)	for which land acquisition has been commenced by the council, either by exchange of contracts for purchase or a compulsory acquisition process.	28 29 30				
(3)	The Minister may call on councils to submit contributions plans together with supporting information by 31 March 2009 (or a later date determined by the Minister) for consideration for remaking by the Minister under this clause.		31 32 33 34				
(4)	In remaking a contributions plan under this clause, the Minister is not subject to section 116I (Councils limited to contributions for key community infrastructure) or to the regulations.						
(5)		remaking of a contributions plan by the Minister under this se has effect as if the contributions plan had been made by the	38 39				

(6)	A provision of an existing contributions plan that is remade by the Minister under this clause operates to allow the council to require a community infrastructure contribution for community infrastructure even if it is not key community infrastructure (despite section 116I).					
(7)	plan that results	es not apply to any provision of a contributions from the amendment of the contributions plan de by the Minister unless the effect of the ly:	6 7 8 9			
		works schedule to reflect revised construction e completion of works on the schedule, or	10 11			
	any change	inor or consequential amendments arising from e to an environmental planning instrument or a nt control plan.	12 13 14			
(8)		appeal to the Court under this Act (despite y other provision of this Act) in respect of:	15 16			
	(a) the remaking this clause,	ng of a contributions plan by the Minister under or	17 18			
		J	19 20 21 22			
(9)	In this clause:		23			
		<b>infrastructure</b> means community infrastructure unity infrastructure for the purposes of section	24 25 26			
State	Infrastructure Fu	ınd	27			
	The State Infrastructure Fund established by the amending Act under the new contributions provisions is a continuation of the Special Contributions Areas Infrastructure Fund established under the former contributions provisions.					

3.2		endm 1974		of Growth Centres (Development Corporations) 19	1
[1]	Sections 25 and 26				3
	Inser	t after	section	n 24:	4
	25	5 Community Infrastructure Trust Fund			
		(1)	Ther	re is established by this section a fund called the Community astructure Trust Fund.	6
		(2)	The	Fund is to be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary is to consult the Director-General in relation to the inistration of the Fund.	8 9 10
		(3)	The	following is to be paid into the Fund:	11
			(a)	monetary contributions paid under, and the proceeds of the sale of land dedicated under, Division 2 (Community infrastructure contributions) of Part 5B of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> in respect of development within a growth centre that is specified in Schedule 3 (Community Infrastructure Trust Fund areas),	12 13 14 15 16 17
			(b)	any money appropriated by Parliament for the purposes of the Fund,	19 20
			(c)	the proceeds of the investment of money in the Fund,	21
			(d)	any other money required to be paid into the Fund by or under this or any other Act or the regulations under this Act.	22 23 24
		(4)	The	following is to be paid from the Fund:	25
			(a)	payments to public authorities for the provision of public infrastructure in relation to development,	26 27
			(b)	any money required to meet administrative expenses in relation to the Fund,	28 29
			(c)	all other money directed or authorised to be paid from the Fund by this Act or by the regulations under this Act.	30 31
		(5)	The refer	assets of the Fund can only be applied for the purposes red to in this section.	32 33
		(6)		ney in the Fund may be kept in one or more financial tutions.	34 35

	(7)	The money in the Fund may be invested:	1
		(a) in such manner as may be authorised by the <i>Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act 1987</i> , or	2
		(b) if that Act does not confer power on the Department to invest the money, in any other manner approved by the Treasurer.	5 6
	(8)	The Secretary of the Treasury may delegate any function of the Secretary under this section (other than this power of delegation) to the chief executive of a growth centre that is specified in Schedule 3.	7 8 9 10
	26 Mir Tru	nister may make, amend or repeal Community Infrastructure ist Fund areas	11 12
	(1)	The Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, amend Schedule 3 for the purpose of:	13 14
		(a) including a reference to a growth centre, or	15
		(b) removing a reference to a growth centre, or	16
		(c) changing a reference to a growth centre.	17
	(2)	Any such order may contain savings and transitional provisions.	18
	(3)	Any such order takes effect on the day that it is published in the Gazette or such later date as may be specified in the order.	19 20
[2]	Schedule	3	21
	Insert afte	er Schedule 2:	22
	Sched	ule 3 Community Infrastructure Trust Fund areas	23 24
		(Section 26)	25
	1	All those pieces or parcels of land shown edged heavy red on the map entitled "North West Growth Centre" and the map entitled "South West Growth Centre (Edition 2)", copies of which are deposited in the office of the Growth Centres Commission.	26 27 28 29

3.3			nent of Environmental Planning and Assessment on 2000	1 2
[1]	Clau	se 250	D	3
	Omi	t the cla	lause. Insert instead:	4
	25D	Publ	lic notification of planning agreements	5
		(1)	A planning agreement cannot be entered into, amended or revoked unless:	6 7
			(a) public notice has been given of the proposed agreement, amendment or revocation, and	8 9
			(b) an explanatory note for the proposed agreement, amendment or revocation has been made available for inspection by the public for a period of not less than 28 days.	10 11 12 13
		(2)	If a proposed planning agreement or amendment of a planning agreement is changed after public notice is given of the proposed agreement or amendment but the change does not result in a significant reduction in the public benefit to be provided by the developer under the proposed agreement or amendment:	14 15 16 17 18
			(a) no further public notice is required under this clause of the proposed agreement or amendment, and	19 20
			(b) the requirement that an explanatory note for the proposed agreement or amendment be made available does not require that an explanatory note be made available for the proposed agreement or amendment as changed.	21 22 23 24
		(3)	If the proposed planning agreement, amendment or revocation is in connection with a development application or a project application, the responsible planning authority is to ensure that the required public notice of the proposed agreement, amendment or revocation is given:	25 26 27 28 29
			(a) in the case of an agreement in connection with a development application:	30 31
			(i) if practicable, as part of and contemporaneously with, and in the same manner as, any notice of the development application that is required to be given by a consent authority for a development application by or under the Act, or	32 33 34 35 36
			(ii) if it is not practicable for notice to be given contemporaneously, as soon as possible after any notice of the development application that is required to be given by a consent authority for a	37 38 39 40

(4)

(5)

(6)

		development application by or under the Act and in the manner determined by the planning authorities that are parties to the agreement, or
(b)		case of an agreement in connection with a project eation:
	(i)	if practicable, as part of and contemporaneously with, and in the same manner as, any notice of an environmental assessment in connection with the application that is required to be given by the Director-General by or under the Act, or
	(ii)	if it is not practicable for notice to be given contemporaneously, as soon as possible after any notice of an environmental assessment for the project that is required to be given by the Director-General by or under the Act and in the manner determined by the planning authorities that are parties to the agreement.
in con plan, requir	nnection the recept the recept the the recept the the the the the the the the the th	sed planning agreement, amendment or revocation is on with a proposed change to a local environmental sponsible planning authority is to ensure that the olic notice of the proposed agreement, amendment or is given:
(a)	in the	cticable, as part of and contemporaneously with, and same manner as, any community consultation on the ant planning proposal under Part 3 of the Act, or
(b)	conter communder	is not practicable for notice to be given importaneously, as soon as possible after any nunity consultation on the relevant planning proposal. Part 3 of the Act and in the manner determined by anning authorities that are parties to the agreement.
agree notice Direct agree days land in	ment re e is tor-Ge ment, before n the m	of a planning agreement of a kind other than an eferred to in subclause (1), (2) or (3) of which public required to be given under this clause, the neral is to ensure that public notice of the proposed amendment or revocation is given not less than 28 the agreement is entered into or amended or revoked anner determined by the planning authorities that are a agreement.
The prevoc	public ation r	notice of a proposed agreement, amendment or nust specify the arrangements relating to inspection

by the public of copies of the explanatory note for the proposed

agreement, amendment or revocation.

		(7)	In thi	s clause:	
		(7)	expla	natory note means an explanatory note prepared in	:
				dance with clause 25E. <i>ct application</i> has the same meaning as it has in Part 1A.	,
				onsible planning authority for a proposed planning	•
				ment or the amendment or revocation of a planning	
				ment is the planning authority that proposes to enter into the	-
				ing agreement or the agreement that revokes or amends the ing agreement.	;
[2]	Clau	se 25E	Expla	anatory note	10
	Omit	clause	25E (	5) and (6). Insert instead:	1
		(5)		ouncil is not a party to a planning agreement that applies to	12
			the an	rea of the council, a copy of the explanatory note must be ded to the council when a copy of the agreement is provided	1;
				council under clause 25EA.	14 15
[3]	Claus	se 25E	Α		10
	Inser	t after o	lause	25E:	1
	0 <i>E</i> E A	Cania	f	Namina agreements to be provided to Minister and	
,	25EA	coun		planning agreements to be provided to Minister and	18 19
		(1)	If the	Minister is not a party to a planning agreement, the relevant	20
				ing authority that is a party to the agreement must provide Minister:	2 <sup>2</sup>
			(a)	a copy of the agreement within 14 days after the agreement is entered into, and	25 24
			(b)	if the agreement is amended, a copy of the amendment within 14 days after the amendment is made, and	2! 20
			(c)	if the agreement is revoked, notice of the revocation within 14 days after the revocation occurs.	2 <sup>-</sup> 28
		(2)		ouncil is not a party to a planning agreement that applies to	29
				rea of the council, the relevant planning authority that is a to the agreement must provide to the council:	3 <sup>1</sup>
			(a)	a copy of the agreement within 14 days after the agreement is entered into, and	32 33
			(b)	if the agreement is amended, a copy of the amendment within 14 days after the amendment is made, and	34 31
			(c)	if the agreement is revoked, notice of the revocation within	3(

		(3)	A planning authority that has entered into one or more pagreements must, while any such planning agreements reforce, include in its annual report particulars of complian and the effect of the planning agreements during the which the report relates.	emain in 2 nce with 3	
[4]	Clau	ses 31	IA and 31B	6	
	Insert after clause 31:			7	
	31A	A Key community infrastructure and additional community infrastructure			
		(1)	The following community infrastructure is prescribed community infrastructure for the purposes of sections 1 116V of the Act:		
			(a) local roads,	13	
			(b) local bus facilities,	14	
			(c) local parks,	15	
			(d) local sporting, recreational and cultural facilities a social facilities (being community and child care and volunteer rescue and volunteer emergency facilities),	centres 17	
			(e) local car parking facilities,	20	
			(f) drainage and stormwater management works,	21	
			(g) land for any community infrastructure (except riparian corridors),	land for 22	
			(h) district infrastructure of the kind referred to in par (a)–(e) but only if there is a direct connection of development to which a contribution relates.	ragraphs 24 with the 25 26	
		(2)	Public infrastructure comprising land for riparian cannot be approved under section 116I or 116V of the additional community infrastructure or additional infrastructure.	e Act as 28	
		(3)	In this clause:	31	
			facilities means buildings and works.	32	
	31B		rial to be provided by council seeking approval for add structure contributions	ditional 33	
			A council requesting the Minister's approval under sect or 116V of the Act to the making of a contributions pla entering into of a planning agreement providing for deve	n or the 36	

			ributions for additional community infrastructure or the ision of public infrastructure must provide to the Minister:	1 2	
		(a)	a business plan that establishes how the infrastructure concerned can be fully funded by the council and can be provided and fully operational within the period to be specified in the contributions plan or planning agreement, and	3 4 5 6 7	
		(b)	a report (provided by a suitably qualified person who is independent of the council) that assesses the proposed development contributions against the key considerations for development contributions for the purposes of Part 5B of the Act.	8 9 10 11 12	
3.4	Amendm	ent o	of City of Sydney Act 1988 No 48	13	
[1]	Section 61	Devel	lopment contributions	14	
	Omit section	n 61 (	1). Insert instead:	15	
	(1)	prepa any Envir of a levy	of the Part 5B of the Planning Act, a contributions plan ared and approved under that Part in respect of the whole or part of the land to which the <i>Central Sydney Local ronmental Plan 1996</i> applies may authorise the imposition condition that the applicant for development consent pay a to the City Council of 1% of the cost, as estimated by the ent authority, of the proposed development.	16 17 18 19 20 21	
[2]	Section 61	(4) (a)	)	23	
	Omit "Divi	sion 6	of Part 4 of". Insert instead "Part 1 of Schedule 1 to".	24	
[3]	Section 61	(5)		25	
	Omit "Part 4". Insert instead "Part 5B".				
[4]	Section 61	(7)		27	
	Omit the su	bsection	on. Insert instead:	28	
	(7)	Amer this s appro	ondition authorised by this section is not affected by the tment of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment andment (Development Contributions) Act 2005</i> . However, section ceases to apply if a contributions plan is prepared and oved under Part 5B of the Planning Act that authorises a irement for an indirect contribution under Division 2 of that in relation to the land to which this section applies	29 30 31 32 33 34	

Scł	nedule 4	Amendments relating to certification of development	1
		(Section 3)	3
4.1	Amendm Act 1979	nent of Environmental Planning and Assessment 9 No 203	4 5
[1]	Section 4	Definitions	6
	Omit the de	definition of <i>accredited certifier</i> from section 4 (1).	7
[2]	Section 4	(1)	8
	Insert the f	following definitions in alphabetical order:	9
		accredited certifier, in relation to matters of a particular kind,	10
		means the holder of a certificate of accreditation as an accredited	11
		certifier under the Building Professionals Act 2005 in relation to	12
		those matters.	13
		design certificate means a design certificate required to be issued	14
		under section 109IA.	15
[3]	Section 80	0A Imposition of conditions	16
	Insert after	r section 80A (6) (c):	17
		(d) ensuring compliance with the terms of the development	18
		consent during the carrying out of any building work or	19
		subdivision work.	20
[4]	Section 80	0A (7A)	21
	Insert after	r section 80A (7):	22
	(7A)	Despite subsection (7), if the regulations make provision for or	23
		with respect to the maximum amount of security that may be	24
		required for a purpose referred to in subsection (6) (d), the	25
		security required for any such purpose is not to exceed the maximum amount determined in accordance with the	26 27
		regulations.	28
[5]	Section 80	0A (10)–(10AC)	29
	Omit section	on 80A (10). Insert instead:	30
	(10)	The funds realised from a security may:	31
	. ,	(a) be paid out to meet any cost referred to in subsection (6) (a)–(c), and	32 33

[6]

[7]

	(b)	be paid out to meet any cost referred to in subsection (6) (d), but only in the circumstances prescribed by the regulations.	1 2 3					
(10AA)	meeti	by balance of the funds realised from a security remaining after setting the costs referred to in subsection (10) is to be refunded or at the direction of, the persons who provided the security.						
(10AB)	subse	rson who provides security for the purposes referred to in action (6) (d) is entitled to request the release of any such ace of funds realised from the security only after:	7 8 9					
	(a)	in the case of building work where an occupation certificate is issued:	10 11					
		(i) the date of issue of a final occupation certificate as a result of the building work, or	12 13					
		(ii) the date that is 12 months after the date of issue of an interim occupation certificate as a result of the building work,	14 15 16					
		whichever occurs first, or	17					
	(b)	in the case of building work where no occupation certificate is issued—the date of the first lawful occupation or use of a building or part of a building resulting from that building work (as determined in accordance with section 109M), or	18 19 20 21 22					
	(c)	in the case of subdivision work—the date of issue of a subdivision certificate as a result of the subdivision work.	23 24					
(10AC)	purpo must, (10A) perso	e consent authority has paid out any of those funds for a ose referred to in subsection (6) (d), the consent authority within 14 days after receiving a request under subsection (B) for the release of the funds, give written reasons to the on who provided the security as to why the consent authority ders it was entitled to use those funds.	25 26 27 28 29 30					
Section 81A developmen		cts of development consents and commencement of	31 32					
		rincipal certifying authority if that is not the council," after er occurring in section 81A (2) (c) and (4) (c).	33 34					
Section 81A	(7)		35					
		units". Insert instead "1,000 penalty units".	36					

[8]	Section 85A Process for obtaining complying development certificates						
	Omit "the council or accredited certifier is satisfied that" from section 85A (10A).						
[9]	Section 86	Commencement of complying development	4				
		d the principal certifying authority if that is not the council," after wherever occurring in section 86 (1) (b) and (2) (b).	5				
[10]	Section 98	A Appeal concerning security	7				
		relates to security of a kind referred to in section 80A (6) (a)–(c)" ection (1) (b)" in section 98A (3).	8				
[11]	Section 98	SA (4)	10				
	Insert after	section 98A (3):	11				
	(4)	An appeal with respect to a failure or refusal referred to in subsection (1) (b) that relates to security of a kind referred to in section 80A (6) (d) may be made within 6 months after the date after which the person who provided the security may request the release of funds realised from the security under section 80A (10AB).	12 13 14 15 16				
[12]	Section 10	9D Certifying authorities	18				
	Insert after section 109D (1):						
	(1A)	For the purposes of subsection (1) (d) (iv), an environmental planning instrument that identifies subdivision in respect of which a subdivision certificate may be issued by an accredited certifier may place restrictions on the issue of such certificates by accredited certifiers.					
[13]	Section 10	9E Principal certifying authorities	25				
	Omit section 109E (1). Insert instead:						
	(1)	The person having the benefit of a development consent or complying development certificate for development:	27 28				
		(a) is to appoint a principal certifying authority in respect of building work involved in the development and a principal certifying authority in respect of subdivision work involved in the development, and	29 30 31 32				
		(b) may appoint only the consent authority, the council or an accredited certifier as the principal certifying authority for the building work or subdivision work, and	33 34 35				

			(c)	may appoint the same principal certifying authority for both types of work or different certifying authorities.	1 2
[14]	Sect	ion 109	9E (2)		3
	Omit	"deve	lopme	nt involving".	4
[15]	Secti	ion 109	EA R	eplacement of principal certifying authorities	5
	Omit	section	n 109E	EA (1) (b). Insert instead:	6
			(b)	the current principal certifying authority, the proposed principal certifying authority and a person who is eligible to appoint a principal certifying authority for the development agree.	7 8 9 10
[16]	Sect	ion 109	EB		11
	Inser	t after s	section	n 109EA:	12
10	9EB	Direc	tions	by certifying authorities	13
		(1)		Serence in this section to a non-compliance in respect of an et of development is a reference to:	14 15
			(a)	a failure to comply with a condition of a development consent relating to the manner in which construction of that aspect of development is carried out on the relevant site (including, for example, a condition relating to the hours during which construction may be carried out or the measures to be taken to reduce impacts on adjoining land), and	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
			(b)	any matter arising during the course of carrying out that aspect of development that would prevent the issuing of a final occupation certificate or a subdivision certificate in respect of that aspect of development.	23 24 25 26
		(2)	aware devel writin	certifying authority for an aspect of development becomes e of any non-compliance in respect of the aspect of lopment, the certifying authority must issue a notice in ng to the person responsible for carrying out that aspect of evelopment:	27 28 29 30 31
			(a)	identifying the matter that has resulted or would result in the non-compliance, and	32 33
			(b)	directing the person to take specified action within a specified period to remedy the matter.	34 35
		(3)	the di	certifying authority gives a direction under this section and irection is not complied with within the time specified in the e containing the direction, the certifying authority that	36 37 38

			regul and t	ed the direction is, within the period prescribed by the lations, to send a copy of the notice to the consent authority to notify the consent authority of the fact that the direction not been complied with.	1 2 3 4
		(4)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the wing:	5 6
			(a)	the procedure for issuing notices under this section,	7
			(b)	requirements in relation to follow-up action,	8
			(c)	the keeping of records in relation to notices given and follow-up action taken,	9 10
			(d)	requirements for any matter or record relating to a notice or follow-up action to be notified to specified persons.	11 12
[17]	Sect	ion 10	9IA		13
	Inser	t after	section	n 109I:	14
1	09IA			rtificates required for certain aspects of development	15
-		(1)	_	art 4A certificate must not be issued in relation to any aspect	16
		(1)		evelopment required by the regulations to be designed by a	17
			perso	on holding accreditation under the Building Professionals	18
			Act 2	2005 unless:	19
			(a)	that aspect of the development was designed by the holder of a certificate of accreditation under that Act that authorises the holder to prepare such designs, and	20 21 22
			(b)	the holder has issued a design certificate in relation to the design certifying that he or she prepared the design and in doing so complied with the relevant requirements of this Act and the regulations.	23 24 25 26
		(2)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to any of following:	27 28
			(a)	the preparation of designs referred to in this section,	29
			(b)	the form and content of design certificates issued for the purposes of this section,	30 31
			(c)	requirements relating to the preparation of such design certificates,	32 33
			(d)	savings and transitional provisions modifying the application of subsection (1) as a consequence of the making of a regulation for the purposes of that subsection.	34 35 36

[18]	Section 109L Accredited certifiers may issue notices requiring work to be carried out						
	Omi	Omit the section.					
[19]	Sect	Section 109PA					
	Insert after section 109P:						
10	9PA	A Certifying authorities may apply for advice					
		(1)	Before issuing a construction certificate for building work or subdivision work, a certifying authority may make an application to the consent authority for advice as to whether, in the opinion of the consent authority, the design and construction of any building or work to which the certificate relates is consistent with the relevant development consent.	7 8 9 10 11 12			
		(2)	Before issuing a final occupation certificate for a building or part of a building, a certifying authority may make an application to the consent authority for advice as to whether, in the opinion of the consent authority, the design and construction of the building is consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.	13 14 15 16 17 18			
		(3)	If the consent authority does not deal with an application made to it under this section within 21 days after receiving the application, the consent authority is taken to have given advice that the building, part of the building or work concerned is consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.	19 20 21 22 23 24			
		(4)	If a consent authority has given advice under this section that the design and construction of a building, part of a building or work is consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate, a construction certificate or final occupation certificate issued in reliance on that advice may not be challenged, reviewed, quashed or called into question before any court of law or administrative review body in any proceedings at the request of the consent authority on the basis that the design and construction of the building (or part) or work concerned is not consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34			
		(5)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to applications for advice under this section (including the information to be provided with such applications), the form in which advice is to be given under this section and fees in connection with the making of such applications and the giving of advice.	36 37 38 39 40 41			

	(6)	In th	is section:	1			
		(a)	a reference to the design and construction of a building is, in relation to the issue of a construction certificate, a reference to the design and construction of the building as depicted in the plans and specifications furnished to the certifying authority and as described in any other information furnished to the certifying authority in accordance with the regulations, and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
		(b)	a reference to a building, part of a building or work being consistent with a development consent or complying development certificate is a reference to the building, part or work being consistent with the development consent or complying development certificate as determined in accordance with the regulations (if any).	9 10 11 12 13			
[20]	Section 10	9Q Re	egulations under Part 4A	15			
	Omit section	n 1090	Q(1)(a). Insert instead:	16			
		(a)	the documents to be provided to, and the matters to be notified to, a consent authority, council or certifying authority for the purposes of this Part,	17 18 19			
[21]	Section 10	9Q (1)	(c)–(e)	20			
	Insert after	section	n 109Q (1) (b):	21			
		(c)	applications for Part 4A certificates,	22			
		(d)	the form and content of Part 4A certificates,	23			
		(e)	the manner in which complaints in respect of development are to be dealt with by certifying authorities.	24 25			
[22]	Section 109ZK Limitation on time when building action or subdivision action may be brought						
	Omit section 109ZK (1). Insert instead:						
	(1)		oite any Act or law to the contrary, a building action may not rought in relation to any building work:	29 30			
		(a)	more than 10 years after the date on which the relevant final occupation certificate is issued, or	31 32			
		(b)	in a case where no final occupation certificate is issued, more than 10 years after:	33 34			
			(i) the last date on which the building work was inspected by a certifying authority, or	35 36			
			(ii) if no such inspection has been conducted, the date on which that part of the building in relation to	37 38			

			which the building work was carried out is first occupied or used.	1 2
		(1A)	Despite any Act or law to the contrary, a subdivision action may not be brought in relation to any subdivision work more than 10 years after:	3 4 5
			(a) in the case of work completed before the relevant subdivision certificate is issued, the date on which the relevant subdivision certificate is issued, or	6 7 8
			(b) in the case of work completed after the relevant subdivision certificate is issued, the date on which the compliance certificate that certifies that the work has been completed is issued.	9 10 11 12
[23]	Sect	tion 117	7B	13
	Inse	rt after s	section 117A:	14
	117B	Actio	n that may be taken against council following investigation	15
		(1)	If the Building Professionals Board has made its final report of the results of an investigation under section 45 of the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> in relation to a council publicly available and is of the opinion that the council has not taken appropriate action about a matter investigated, the Board may:	16 17 18 19 20
			(a) make recommendations to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government as to the measures that it considers appropriate to be taken in relation to the matter, or	21 22 23 24
			(b) recommend to the Minister that the Minister take action against the council under this section.	25 26
			<b>Note.</b> Section 45 of the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> enables the Building Professionals Board to investigate the work and activities of a council in its capacity as a certifying authority.	27 28 29
		(2)	The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Board under this section and following consultation with the Minister administering the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> , make an order suspending a council's authority to exercise all or specified functions of a certifying authority.	30 31 32 33 34
		(3)	A council must comply with an order under this section that relates to the council.	35 36
		(4)	Despite any other provision of this Act, a council that is the subject of an order must not exercise any function of a certifying authority while the council's authority to exercise that function is suspended by operation of the order.	37 38 39 40

(5)	An order does not operate to suspend a council's authority to exercise the functions of a certifying authority in relation to any matter being dealt with by the council as a certifying authority before the commencement of the order, unless the order provides otherwise.						
(6)	(6) An order may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the suspension contained in the order.						
(7)	Without limiting subsection (6), an order may contain provisions for or with respect to the following:	8 9					
	(a) the way in which any pending matter being dealt with by the relevant council as a certifying authority is to be completed, including, for example, enabling the council to complete any such matter or providing for the matter to be completed by an accredited certifier,	10 11 12 13 14					
	(b) directing any fee paid to the council to act as a certifying authority in relation to any pending matter to be refunded,	15 16					
	(c) directing the council to pay any fees required to be paid to an accredited certifier to complete any pending matter being dealt with by the council as a certifying authority.	17 18 19					
(8)	The Minister must revoke an order if satisfied that the relevant council has implemented measures to address the matters that led to the making of the order.	20 21 22					
(9)	Nothing prevents the Minister from amending an order made under this section by another order, including amending the first order to change the functions of a certifying authority to which the first order relates.	23 24 25 26					
(10)	An order under this section must be in writing and published in the Gazette and takes effect on the day on which it is published in the Gazette or on a later day specified in the order.	27 28 29					
(11)	Section 109E (1AA) does not require a council to accept an appointment as principal certifying authority if the council would contravene subsection (4) by accepting the appointment.	30 31 32					
(12)	An order under this section may be made whether or not any action has been taken by the Minister under section 118 in relation to the exercise of all or any of the functions of the council concerned.	33 34 35 36					
Section 11	8A Power of entry	37					

Insert "(other than section 118BA)" after "this Division" in section 118A (2C).

38

[24]

25]	Sect	Section 118BA					
	Inse	rt after	section 118B:	2			
11	8BA	Pow- evide	er of authorised persons to require answers and record ence	3 4			
		(1)	A person authorised to enter premises under this Division (an authorised person) may require an accredited certifier, a person carrying out building work or subdivision work or any other person whom the authorised person suspects on reasonable grounds to have knowledge of matters in respect of which information is reasonably required to enable the council concerned to exercise its functions under this Act to answer questions in relation to those matters.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
		(2)	An authorised person may require a corporation to nominate a director or officer of the corporation who is authorised to represent the corporation for the purposes of answering questions under this section.	13 14 15 16			
		(3)					
		(4)	The place and time at which a person may be required to attend under subsection (3) is to be:  (a) a place and time nominated by the person, or  (b) if the place and time nominated is not reasonable in the circumstances or a place and time is not nominated by the person, a place and time nominated by the authorised	22 23 24 25 26 27			
		(5)	person that is reasonable in the circumstances.  An authorised person may cause any questions and answers to questions given under this section to be recorded if the authorised person has informed the person who is to be questioned that the record is to be made.	28 29 30 31 32			
		(6)	A record may be made using sound recording apparatus or audio visual apparatus, or any other method determined by the authorised person.	33 34 35			
		(7)	A copy of any such record must be provided by the authorised person to the person who is questioned as soon as practicable after it is made.	36 37 38			
		(8)	A record may be made under this section despite the provisions of any other law.	39 40			

26]	Sec	tion 11	8N		1	
,	Omit the section. Insert instead:					
	118N	Obstruction of authorised persons				
		(1)	A pe	erson must not:	4	
			(a)	without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with any notice given or requirement made, or to answer any question asked, by an authorised person under this Division, or	5 6 7 8	
			(b)	wilfully delay, hinder or obstruct an authorised person in the exercise of the authorised person's functions under this Division, or	9 10 11	
			(c)	furnish an authorised person with information that the person knows (or ought reasonably to know) is false or misleading in a material particular.	12 13 14	
			Max	imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	15	
		(2)	Secti	ion 122U applies to and in respect of:	16	
			(a)	an offence under subsection (1) of failing or refusing to comply with a requirement to furnish information or answer a question under this Division in the same way as it applies to an offence of failing or refusing to comply with a requirement to furnish information or answer a question under Division 2C, and	17 18 19 20 21	
			(b)	a requirement to furnish information or answer a question under this Division in the same way as it applies to a requirement to furnish information or answer a question under Division 2C.	23 24 25 26	

[27]		ion 12 ster et		ay be g	given by consent a	uthority or by	1 2	
	Inser	t at the	e end of the Table t	o sectio	on 121B (1):		3	
		1	9 To cease carrying out specified building work or subdivision work	(a)	Building work or subdivision work is being carried out in contravention of this Act	Owner of land or any person apparently engaged in carrying out the building work or subdivision work		
				(b)	Building work or subdivision work is being carried out that affects the support of adjoining premises			
[28]	Sect	ion 12	1CA				4	
	Inser	t after	section 121C:				5	
12	21CA	1CA Compliance cost notices						
(1		(1)	Division to anoth the other person	er pers , requi and exp	son may, by notice ire the other perso	es an order under this in writing served on n to pay all or any the relevant authority	7 8 9 10 11	
			(a) monitoring	action	under the order, an	nd	12	
			` '		order is complied w	rith, and	13	
			(c) any other a	ssociat	ted matters.		14	
		(2)	specify the amou within which the	nt requ	iired to be paid and	ace cost notice) is to d a reasonable period or, if the regulations ent, that period.	15 16 17 18	
		(3)				aid amounts specified a court of competent	19 20 21	
		(4)	notice but was a situation giving	not the rise to	e person who was the issue of the	responsible for the notice, the cost of ed by the person who	22 23 24 25	

				plied with the notice as a debt in a court of competent diction from the person who was responsible.	1 2
	(5)			regulations may make provision for or with respect to the wing:	3 4
			(a)	the issue of compliance cost notices,	5
			(b)	the form of compliance cost notices,	6
			(c)	limiting the amounts that may be required to be paid under compliance cost notices or the matters in respect of which costs and expenses may be required to be paid under those	7 8 9
				notices.	10
[29]				rcumstances in which compliance with sections quired	11 12
	Omi	t sectio	n 121I	D (a). Insert instead:	13
			(a)	order No 8 or No 19 in the Table to section 121B (1), or	14
[30]	Sect	ion 12	1ZKA		15
	Inser	t after	section	n 121ZK:	16
121	ZKA	Appe	eals co	oncerning compliance cost notices	17
		(1)	cost	prison on whom a notice under section 121CA ( <i>a compliance notice</i> ) is served may appeal against the notice to the Local rt within 28 days after the service of the notice on the person.	18 19 20
		(2)		appeal is lodged under section 121ZK against an order in ion to which a compliance cost notice has been issued:	21 22
			(a)	an appeal may be lodged against the compliance cost notice in the same way as, and at the same time as, the appeal against the order, and	23 24 25
			(b)	the Court may deal with the appeal against the compliance cost notice at the same time as it deals with the appeal against the order.	26 27 28
		(3)		earing an appeal against a compliance cost notice, the Local et or the Court may:	29 30
			(a)	revoke the notice, or	31
			(b)	modify the notice, or	32
			(c)	make any other order with respect to the notice as the Court thinks fit.	33 34

[31]	Sect	ion 157 R	egulations	1
	Inser	t at the en	d of section 157 (1) (f):	2
			, or	3
		(g	the documents to be provided to, and the matters to be notified to, a consent authority, council or certifying authority under this Act.	5 6
[32]	Sche	edule 6 Sa	avings, transitional and other provisions	7
	Inser	t in approp	priate order in Part 21 (as inserted by Schedule 5.1 [12]):	8
	Divi	sion 5	Provisions relating to certification	g
	132	Section	109L notices	10
			ection 109L is taken to continue to have effect in relation to otices served under that section before its repeal.	11 12
	133	Section	109ZK	13
		do	ne amendment made to section 109ZK by the amending Act bes not apply to any building work or subdivision work ommenced before the commencement of the amendment.	14 15 16
4.2		endmen ulation	t of Environmental Planning and Assessment 2000	17 18
[1]	Clau	se 129B		19
	Inser	t after clau	use 129A:	20
1	129B	Restrict	ion on issue of complying development certificate	21
		ce ce	certifying authority must not issue a complying development entificate for development unless a council or an accredited entifier has carried out an inspection of the site of the evelopment.	22 23 24 25
[2]	Clau	se 139 Ap	oplications for construction certificates	26
	Inser	t after clau	use 139 (1):	27
		ap	ne application may only be made by a person who is eligible to point a principal certifying authority for the relevant evelopment.	28 29 30

[3]	Clau	se 143	BB				
	Inser	t after	clause 143A:	2			
	143B		riction on issue of certain construction certificates without ection	3			
			A certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for development on a site which affects an existing building unless a council, a consent authority or an accredited certifier has carried out an inspection of the building.	- -			
[4]	Clau Aust		Compliance with development consent and Building Code of	9 10			
	Omit	"not i	nconsistent with" wherever occurring in clause 145 (1) (a) and (2).	1			
	Inser	t instea	ad "consistent with".	12			
[5]	Clau	se 149	Applications for occupation certificates	13			
	Inser	Insert after clause 149 (2A):					
	(2B)		The application may only be made by a person who is eligible to appoint a principal certifying authority for the relevant development.	15 16 17			
[6]	Clau	se 154	ID.	18			
	Inser	t after	clause 154C:	19			
	154D	Com	pliance with development consent	20			
		(1)	If a certifying authority issues an interim occupation certificate for a building or part of a building where the design and construction of the building or part are not consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate, the certifying authority must record on the certificate information identifying the nature and extent of the inconsistency.	2 <sup>2</sup> 22 24 24 24 26 27			
		(2)	A certifying authority must not issue a final occupation certificate for a building or part of a building unless the design and construction of the building or part are consistent with the relevant development consent or complying development certificate.	28 29 30 3- 32			

[7]	Clause 157	7 Appli	ications for subdivision certificates	1
	Insert after	clause	157 (2):	2
	(2A)	The a	application may only be made:	3
		(a)	by the owner of the land to which the application relates, or	4
		(b)	by any other person, with the consent in writing of the owner of that land.	5 6
[8]	Clause 162	2A Crit	tical stage inspections required by section 109E (3) (d)	7
	Omit clause	e 162A	(4) (a), (5) (a) and (6) (a).	8
[9]	Clause 162	2A (7)		9
	Omit the su	ıbclaus	e.	10
[10]	Clause 162	2A (7A	)	11
	Insert before	re claus	se 162A (8):	12
	(7A)	inspe	the commencement of this subclause, the following ections of building work must be made in addition to those ared by the other provisions of this clause for the building ::	13 14 15 16
		(a)	in the case of a swimming pool, after the construction of the swimming pool is completed and the fence (if one is required) has been erected and before the pool is filled with water,	17 18 19 20
		(b)	in the case of a class 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 building, after excavation for, and prior to the placement of, any footings,	21 22
		(c)	in the case of a class 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 building, before all walls, floors and ceilings required by the <i>Building Code</i> of <i>Australia</i> to have a fire-resistance level specified in that Code are enclosed,	23 24 25 26
		(d)	in the case of a class 2, 3, 4 or 9c building, before all walls, floors and ceilings required by the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> to comply with sound insulation requirements specified in that Code are enclosed.	27 28 29 30
[11]	Clause 162	2C Pro	gress inspection unavoidably missed	31
	Omit clause	e 162C	(5). Insert instead:	32
	(5)	other	oon as practicable after becoming aware that an inspection, than a final inspection, has been missed, the principal fying authority:	33 34 35

[12]

	(a) (b)	must notify that fact to the person who appointed the principal certifying authority and in the case of work for which a principal contractor is required to be appointed, the principal contractor or, in the case of work being done by an owner builder, the owner builder, and must send a copy of the record made under this clause to	1 2 3 4 5
	( )	the person who appointed the principal certifying authority.	7 8
Clause 260	) What	t is the fee for a building certificate?	9
Insert after	clause	260 (3):	10
(3A)	may relati perso	dditional fee determined in accordance with subclause (3B) be charged for an application for a building certificate in ion to a building where the applicant for the certificate is the on who erected the building or on whose behalf the building erected and any of the following circumstances apply:	11 12 13 14 15
	(a)	where a development consent, complying development certificate or construction certificate was required for the erection of the building and no such consent or certificate was obtained,	16 17 18 19
	(b)	where a penalty notice has been issued for an offence under section 76A (1) of the Act in relation to the erection of the building and the person to whom it was issued has paid the penalty required by the penalty notice in respect of the alleged offence (or if the person has not paid the penalty and has not elected to have the matter dealt with by a court, enforcement action has been taken against the person under Division 4 of Part 4 of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> ),	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	(c)	where order No 2, 12, 13, 15, 18 or 19 in the Table to section 121B (1) of the Act has been given in relation to the building unless the order has been revoked on appeal,	28 29 30
	(d)	where a person has been found guilty of an offence under the Act in relation to the erection of the building,	31 32
	(e)	where the court has made a finding that the building was erected in contravention of a provision of the Act.	33 34
(3B)		additional fee payable under subclause (3A) is the total of the wing amounts:	35 36
	(a)	the amount of the maximum fee that would be payable if the application were an application for development consent, or a complying development certificate (if appropriate), authorising the erection or alteration of any	37 38 39 40

part of the building to which the application relates that has

			(b)	been erected or altered in contravention of the Act in the period of 24 months immediately preceding the date of the application, the amount of the maximum fee that would be payable if the application were an application to the council for a construction certificate relating to the erection or alteration of any part of the building to which the application relates that has been erected or altered in contravention of the Act in the period of 24 months immediately preceding the date of the application.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	•	(3C)	part o is tak	application for a building certificate is made in relation to only of a building, a reference in subclause (3A) to a building seen to be a reference to the part of a building that is the cet of the application.	11 12 13 14
[13]	Sche	dule 1	Form	s	15
	Omit	clause	5 (g).		16
4.3		endme 3 No 6		f Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act	17 18
[1]	Secti	on 36A	١		19
	Inser	t after s	ection	1 36:	20
	36A	Perso	ns wl	ho may apply for strata certificate	21
			An ap	opplication for a strata certificate may only be made:	22
			(a)	by the owner of the land to which the application relates, or	23
			(b)	by any other person, with the consent in writing of the owner of that land.	24 25
[2]	Secti	on 37A	A		26
	Insert	t after s	ection	1 37A:	27
3	37AA	Requi	ireme	nts relating to issue of strata certificates	28
			strata	uncil or accredited certifier is to be satisfied before issuing a certificate that any inspections required by the regulations been carried out.	29 30 31
[3]	Secti	on 37E	Accr	reditation of certifiers	32
	Inser	t "and F	arts 7	and 8" after "Part 6" in section 37E (1).	33

4.4	4 Amendment of Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 No 219						
[1]	Section 65A			3			
	Inser	t after section	n 65:	4			
	65A	Persons w	ho may apply for strata certificate	5			
		An a	pplication for a strata certificate may only be made:	6			
		(a)	by the owner of the land to which the application relates, or	7			
		(b)	by any other person, with the consent in writing of the owner of that land.	8 9			
[2]	Sect	on 66AA		10			
	Inser	t after section	n 66A:	11			
6	6AA	Requireme	ents relating to issue of strata certificates	12			
		strata	uncil or accredited certifier is to be satisfied before issuing a a certificate that any inspections required by the regulations been carried out.	13 14 15			
[3]	Sect	on 66E Acc	reditation of certifiers	16			
	Inser	t "and Parts '	7 and 8" after "Part 6" in section 66E (1).	17			

Sch	redule 5	Miscellaneous amendments	1
		(Section 3)	2
5.1	Amendm Act 1979	ent of Environmental Planning and Assessment No 203	3
[1]	Section 4 [	Definitions	5
	Omit the entertainm	definitions of <i>place of public entertainment</i> and <i>public</i> ent from section 4 (1).	6 7
[2]	Section 79 prone land	BA Consultation and development consent—certain bush fire	8
	Omit sectio	n 79BA (1). Insert instead:	10
	(1)	Development consent cannot be granted for the carrying out of development for any purpose (other than a subdivision of land that could lawfully be used for residential or rural residential purposes or development for a special fire protection purpose) on bush fire prone land unless the consent authority:  (a) is satisfied that the development conforms to the specifications and requirements of the document entitled <i>Planning for Bush Fire Protection</i> , ISBN 0 9751033 2 6, prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning (or, if another document	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
		is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph, that document) that are relevant to the development (the relevant specifications and requirements), or  (b) has been provided with a certificate by a person who is recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment stating that the development conforms to the relevant specifications and requirements.	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(1A)	If the consent authority is satisfied that the development does not conform to the relevant specifications and requirements, the consent authority may, despite subsection (1), grant consent to the carrying out of the development but only if it has consulted with the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service concerning measures to be taken with respect to the development to protect persons, property and the environment from danger that may arise from a bush fire.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36

[3]	Section 108 Regulations respecting existing use	1
	Omit "and" from section 108 (1) (c) and section 108 (1) (d).	2
[4]	Section 109 Continuance of and limitation on other lawful uses	3
	Omit section 109 (4).	4
[5]	Section 116GA Crown development for public entertainment (renumbered as section 115ZA by Schedule 3.1 [5] or as section 109S by Schedule 2.2 [58])	5 6 7
	Omit the section.	8
[6]	Section 121B Orders that may be given by consent authority or by Minister etc	9 10
	Omit item 13A of the Table to section 121B (1).	11
[7]	Section 155	12
	Insert after section 154:	13
	155 Paper subdivisions	14
	Schedule 5 has effect.	15
[8]	Section 157 Regulations	16
	Omit section 157 (1) (d2). Insert instead:	17
	(d2) entertainment venues (including in connection with the existing use of premises), or	18 19
[9]	Schedule 5	20
	Insert in appropriate order:	21
	Schedule 5 Paper subdivisions	22
	(Section 155)	23
	1 Definitions	24
	In this Schedule:	25
	development plan—see clause 6.	26
	<i>planning purpose</i> —see clause 3 (1) (c).	27
	relevant authority for subdivision land means the authority	28
	designated by a subdivision order as the relevant authority for the land.	29 30
	subdivision land means land subject to a subdivision order.	31

			a order means an order under clause 3.	1
			works means works for the following purposes:	2
		(a) road		3
		` ′	r supply, sewerage services and drainage,	4
		(c) telec	ommunications,	5
		(d) elect	ricity supply.	6
2	Subo	ivision auth	norities	7
			ne following authorities may be designated in a	8
		subdivision	order as the relevant authority for the subdivision	9
		10111011	armaration.	10
		` '	corporation,	11
		( )	uncil,	12
		( )	lcom,	13
			velopment corporation established under the <i>Growth</i> res (Development Corporations) Act 1974,	14 15
			other body prescribed by the regulations.	16
		. , .	, i	10
3	Subo	livision ord	ers	17
	(1)	The Minist	er may, by order published in the Gazette:	18
		(a) decla	are specified land to be subdivision land, and	19
		(b) spec	ify the relevant authority for the subdivision land, and	20
			ify the purpose for which the order is made (the <i>ning purpose</i> ), and	21 22
			ify the functions (if any) under this Schedule erred on the relevant authority, and	23 24
		(e) spectors those	ify the conditions (if any) to which the exercise of e functions are subject, and	25 26
		(f) spector the r	ify the subdivision works (if any) to be undertaken by elevant authority in respect of the subdivision land.	27 28
	(2)	The Minist	er may make a subdivision order only if:	29
			Minister is of the opinion that it is desirable to do so to	30
			note and co-ordinate the orderly and economic use and	31
			elopment of the land affected by the order, and	32
			and has been subdivided and is held by more than one er and the Minister is satisfied that the land is land for	33 34
			th no provision or inadequate provision has been made	35
			ubdivision works, and	36

		(c)	that land is subject to an environmental planning instrument, or a planning proposal, that will facilitate the proposed planning purpose, and	2
		(d)	the Minister has consulted with the proposed relevant authority, any other Minister responsible for that authority and the council of the area in which that land is situated, and	
		(e)	the Minister is satisfied that a development plan for that land has been prepared by the relevant authority in accordance with this Schedule, and	8 9 10
		(f)	the Minister has considered any provisions of the development plan that modify or disapply the provisions of Division 4 of Part 3 of the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> , and	1: 1: 1: 14
		(g)	at least 60% of the total number of owners of that land, and the owners of at least 60% of the total area of that land, have consented to the proposed development plan.	15 16 17
	(3)		he purposes of subclause (2) (b) and (g), 2 or more owners e same lot are to be treated as one owner.	18 19
4	Fund	tions	of relevant authority	20
	(1)		levant authority has the functions conferred on it by a ivision order.	2 <sup>2</sup>
	(2)	unde	evant authority may only exercise functions conferred on it r a subdivision order for the purposes of, or purposes lary to, the planning purpose specified in the subdivision :	23 24 25 26
	(3)	order	tions conferred on a relevant authority by a subdivision are in addition to any other functions conferred on the prity under any other law.	27 28 29
	(4)	relev	ses 7–13 set out the functions that may be conferred on a ant authority under a subdivision order but do not otherwise er those functions on a relevant authority.	30 3 <sup>2</sup> 32
	(5)	9 unl	evant authority may not exercise functions under clause 7 or less there is a development plan in force in relation to the ivision land.	33 34 38
5	Oblig	gations	s of relevant authority	36
		order	levant authority must, in accordance with the subdivision and any development plan applicable to the subdivision give effect to the planning purpose specified in the order	37 38 39

		and must undertake or arrange for the undertaking of any subdivision works specified in the order.	1 2				
6	Development plans						
	(1)	An authority referred to in clause 2 may, and must at the request of the Minister, prepare a development plan for subdivision land or proposed subdivision land.	4 5 6				
	(2)	A development plan is to contain the following matters:	7				
		(a) a proposed plan of subdivision for the land,	8				
		(b) details of subdivision works to be undertaken for the land,	9				
		(c) details of the costs of the subdivision works and of the proposed means of funding those works,	10 11				
		(d) details of the proportion of those costs to be borne by the owners of the land and of the manner in which the owners may meet those costs (including details of any proposed voluntary land trading scheme or voluntary contributions or, if voluntary measures are not agreed to by owners, of compulsory land acquisition or compulsory contributions),	12 13 14 15 16 17				
		(e) rules as to the form of compensation for land that is compulsorily acquired and how entitlement to compensation is to be calculated,	18 19 20				
		(f) rules as to the distribution of any surplus funds after the completion of subdivision works for the land,	21 22				
		(g) any other matters prescribed by the regulations.	23				
	(3)	Regulations may be made for or with respect to procedures for the preparation, public notification, adoption, publication, amendment and repeal of development plans.	24 25 26				
	(4)	The validity of a development plan must not be questioned in any legal proceedings except those commenced in the Court by any person within 3 months of the date of its publication in the Gazette.	27 28 29 30				
7	Land	d acquisition powers	31				
	(1)	A relevant authority may, for a planning purpose specified in a subdivision order, acquire subdivision land by agreement or by compulsory process in accordance with the <i>Land Acquisition</i> ( <i>Just Terms Compensation</i> ) Act 1991.	32 33 34 35				
	(2)	A relevant authority may not give a proposed acquisition notice under the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> without the approval of the Minister.	36 37 38				

(3)	The following provisions apply if compensation provided for that acquisition is in accordance with the rules set out in a development plan in force in relation to the land:	1 2 3
	(a) sections 44 (2), 45 (3), 49–51, 64, 66 (4) and 68 (2) of the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> do not apply in relation to compensation other than monetary compensation,	4 5 6 7
	(b) all or any provisions of Division 4 of Part 3 of that Act do not apply, or apply with modifications, if the development plan so provides.	8 9 10
(4)	The rules set out in a development plan may provide that all or any of the provisions of Division 4 of Part 3 of the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> do not apply to the determination of compensation under that plan, or apply with such modifications as are set out in that plan.	11 12 13 14 15
(5)	If the rules set out in a development plan make provision as referred to in subclause (4), the Valuer-General must determine compensation to be offered to a person under the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> in respect of land acquired under this clause in accordance with the rules set out in any applicable development plan adopted by a relevant authority for the land.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
(6)	For the purposes of this clause, a reference in the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> to an amount of compensation includes a reference to compensation other than monetary compensation and a reference to payment of compensation includes a reference to the provision of such compensation.	23 24 25 26 27 28
(7)	Subclauses (3)–(6) have effect despite any provision of the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991</i> .	29 30
Other	powers to acquire and dispose of land	31
	A relevant authority may sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with or dispose of subdivision land vested in the authority, or an interest in that land, and may grant easements, rights-of-way or covenants over that land.	32 33 34 35
Contr	ibution powers	36
(1)	A relevant authority may, by notice in writing, require an owner of subdivision land to make a reasonable monetary contribution for the provision, extension or augmentation of subdivision works.	37 38 39 40
	4) 5) 6) Contr	acquisition is in accordance with the rules set out in a development plan in force in relation to the land:  (a) sections 44 (2), 45 (3), 49–51, 64, 66 (4) and 68 (2) of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 do not apply in relation to compensation other than monetary compensation,  (b) all or any provisions of Division 4 of Part 3 of that Act do not apply, or apply with modifications, if the development plan so provides.  4) The rules set out in a development plan may provide that all or any of the provisions of Division 4 of Part 3 of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 do not apply to the determination of compensation under that plan, or apply with such modifications as are set out in that plan.  5) If the rules set out in a development plan make provision as referred to in subclause (4), the Valuer-General must determine compensation to be offered to a person under the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 in respect of land acquired under this clause in accordance with the rules set out in any applicable development plan adopted by a relevant authority for the land.  6) For the purposes of this clause, a reference in the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 to an amount of compensation includes a reference to compensation other than monetary compensation and a reference to payment of compensation includes a reference to the provision of such compensation (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991.  Other powers to acquire and dispose of land  A relevant authority may sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with or dispose of subdivision land vested in the authority, or an interest in that land, and may grant easements, rights-of-way or covenants over that land.  Sontribution powers  1) A relevant authority may, by notice in writing, require an owner of subdivision land to make a reasonable monetary contribution for the provision, extension or augmentation of subdivision

	(2)	A requirement under this clause must be in accordance with the development plan applicable to the subdivision land.	1 2
	(3)	The amount payable by the owner of subdivision land under this clause is to be reduced by the amount or value of any voluntary contribution (whether a monetary or other contribution) made by the owner for the provision, extension or augmentation of subdivision works in accordance with the development plan applicable to the subdivision land or an agreement with the relevant authority.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	(4)	Compliance with a requirement for a contribution under this clause, or a voluntary contribution made in accordance with a development plan, operates to satisfy any other requirement imposed by a public authority under this or any other Act (in relation to or in connection with the subdivision land) for the dedication of land or the payment of money in respect of the provision of the same subdivision works, to the extent of the value of the land dedicated or the amount of money paid in compliance with the requirement.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
	(5)	The regulations may make provision for the determination of the value for the purposes of this clause of the land dedicated or traded to the authority in accordance with a development plan.	19 20 21
	(6)	A contribution required to be made under this clause may be in addition to any other contribution required to be made under this Act.	22 23 24
10	Use	of monetary contributions and other amounts	25
	(1)	The following are to be paid by the authority to a fund or funds approved by the Minister:	26 27
		(a) a monetary contribution paid to a relevant authority by the owner of subdivision land for subdivision works,	28 29
		(b) any money paid by the relevant authority to meet contribution amounts under the development plan in respect of land acquired by the authority under this Schedule,	30 31 32 33
		(c) the proceeds of any disposal by the relevant authority of land acquired under this Schedule.	34 35
	(2)	The following may be paid from any fund to which contributions or amounts are paid under this clause:	36 37
		(a) payments to persons or bodies with respect to the provision of subdivision works,	38 39

		(b)	payments in connection with the exercise of functions by the relevant authority for the planning purpose specified in the subdivision order,	1 2 3
		(c)	payments for the whole or part of compensation payable under clause 7 and any payments required to be made under the <i>Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation)</i> Act 1991,	4 5 6
		(d)	payments for the distribution of any surplus funds after the completion of subdivision works and any other payments under this clause,	8 9 10
		(e)	any money required to meet the administrative expenses of the relevant authority in relation to its functions under the subdivision order.	11 12 13
11	Pow	ers to	carry out subdivision works	14
	(1)		relevant authority may carry out, or arrange for the carrying of, subdivision works with respect to subdivision land.	15 16
	(2)		relevant authority may enter into contracts and other ngements for the carrying out of subdivision works.	17 18
	(3)	carry	elevant authority may make a development application to out development on subdivision land for the purposes of ivision works without the consent of the owner of the land.	19 20 21
	(4)	deve	consent authority may grant consent to any such elopment application even if the owner of the land has failed onsent to the application.	22 23 24
	(5)	resea	is clause, <i>subdivision works</i> includes the carrying out of any arch or investigation related to the provision or augmentation abdivision works.	25 26 27
12	Roa	ds pov	vers	28
	(1)	dedic 1993	pad within subdivision land cannot be provided, opened, cated, closed (within the meaning of Part 4 of the <i>Roads Act</i> 8) or realigned by the Crown, a public authority or any person pt with the consent of the relevant authority.	29 30 31 32
	(2)		ivate road, or part of a private road, within subdivision land ot be:	33 34
		(a)	provided, opened, closed or realigned, or	35
		(b)	regulated in its use, or	36
		(c)	used for a purpose other than a road,	37
		exce	pt with the consent of the relevant authority.	38

**Ancillary powers** 

13

			levant authority has, for the purpose of any other functions erred under this Schedule, the following functions:	2
		(a)	the authority may enter into agreements with the owners of subdivision land for the purposes of a voluntary land trading scheme or the provision of voluntary contributions or for other purposes connected with the authority's functions under the subdivision order,	4 5 6 7 8
		(b)	the authority may cause surveys to be made, and plans of survey to be prepared, in relation to subdivision land or proposed subdivision land (whether or not vested in the authority),	9 10 11 12
		(c)	the authority may manage subdivision land vested in the authority in accordance with the development plan,	13 14
		(d)	the authority may carry out research or investigation relating to subdivision works or proposed subdivision works,	15 16 17
		(e)	the authority may (subject to this Act) subdivide and re-subdivide land, and consolidate subdivided or re-subdivided land vested in the authority,	18 19 20
		(f)	with the consent of the owner or occupier of the land, a person authorised in writing by the authority may enter subdivision land or proposed subdivision land.	21 22 23
14	Pow	er to ii	nvestigate land for subdivision order proposals	24
		An a	uthority specified in clause 2 may, before a subdivision order ade.	25 26
		(a)	cause surveys to be made, and plans of survey to be prepared, in relation to proposed subdivision land (whether or not vested in the authority), and	27 28 29
		(b)	carry out research or investigation relating to proposed subdivision works.	30 31
15	Othe	r pow	ers of entry	32
	(1)	occu	authorised person may, without the consent of the owner or pier of subdivision land or proposed subdivision land and in rdance with the regulations:	33 34 35
		(a)	enter that land for a planning purpose, or	36
		(b)	enter that land in connection with the carrying out of subdivision works or research or investigation relating to proposed subdivision works, or	37 38 39

		(c) enter that land in connection with the preparation of, or research or investigation for the purposes of, a development plan or proposed development plan.	1 2 3		
	(2)	In this clause, <i>authorised person</i> means the following persons:	4		
		(a) a person authorised in writing by a relevant authority,	5		
		(b) a person authorised in writing by the Minister in	6		
		connection with the exercise of the powers of an authority under clause 14.	7 8		
16	Failu	re to pay contributions	9		
		A monetary contribution required to be paid by an owner of	10		
		subdivision land under clause 9 may be recovered by the relevant authority in any court of competent jurisdiction as a debt due to	11 12		
		the relevant authority by the owner.	13		
17	Volu	ntary contributions agreements to run with land	14		
	(1)	A voluntary contributions agreement is a voluntary agreement	15 16		
		between a relevant authority and a person who owns subdivision land under which the owner is required to pay a monetary			
		contribution to be used for or applied for subdivision works.	17 18		
	(2)	A voluntary contributions agreement can be registered under this clause if the following persons agree to its registration:	19 20		
		(a) if the agreement relates to land under the <i>Real Property Act</i> 1900—each person who has an estate or interest in the land registered under that Act,	21 22 23		
		(b) if the agreement relates to land not under the <i>Real Property</i>	24		
		Act 1900—each person who is seised or possessed of an estate or interest in the land.	25 26		
	(3)	On lodgment by a relevant authority of an application for	27		
		registration in a form approved by the Registrar-General, the Registrar-General is to register the voluntary contributions	28 29		
		agreement:	30		
		(a) by making an entry in the relevant folio of the Register	31		
		kept under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> if the agreement relates to land under that Act, or	32 33		
		(b) by registering the agreement in the General Register of	34		
		Deeds if the agreement relates to land not under the <i>Real</i>	35		
		Property Act 1900.	36		
	(4)	A voluntary contributions agreement that has been registered by the Registrar-General under this clause is binding on, and is	37 38		

				rceable against, the owner of the land from time to time as if owner for the time being had entered into the agreement.	1
		(5)	inclu	ference in this clause to a voluntary contributions agreement udes a reference to any amendment or revocation of a ntary contributions agreement.	3 4 5
	18	State	taxes	5	6
		(1)	by a Sche	e tax is not chargeable in respect of any matter or thing done relevant authority in the exercise of its functions under this edule if the Minister, with the approval of the Treasurer, apts the authority from payment of any or all State taxes.	7 8 9 10
		(2)	any o	is clause, <i>State tax</i> means duty under the <i>Duties Act 1997</i> or other tax, duty, rate (including a local government rate), fee her charge imposed by or under any Act or law of the State, r than payroll tax.	11 12 13 14
	19	Obst	ructio	on of authorised persons	15
			autho autho funct	erson must not obstruct, hinder or interfere with a person orised in writing by an authority specified in clause 2 or orised under clause 15 in the exercise of the person's tions or functions of the authority under this Schedule. imum penalty: 100 penalty units.	16 17 18 19 20
	20	Regu	ulation	ıs	21
			Regu	ulations may be made for or with respect to the following ers:	22 23
			(a)	the manner in which consent to a development plan is to be given by owners of land,	24 25
			(b)	information to be provided to the Minister by, and reports by, relevant authorities.	26 27
[10]	Sch	edule 6	Savii	ngs, transitional and other provisions	28
	Inse	rt at the	e end o	of clause 1 (1):	29
			Envi	ronmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008	30
[11]	Sch	edule 6	6, Part	: 10, clause 40 (2)	31
	Omi	t the su	bclaus	se.	32

[12]			5, Part 21	1
	Inser	t after	Part 20:	2
	Part 21		Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008	
	Divi	sion	1 Preliminary	5
	117	17 Interpretation		6
			In this Part:	7
			amending Act means the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008.	8 9
	118	Savi	ngs and transitional regulations	10
			Regulations made under Part 1 of this Schedule have effect despite anything to the contrary in this Part.	11 12
5.2	Am	endm	ent of Coastal Protection Act 1979 No 13	13
[1]	Sect	ion 37	В	14
	Inser	t after	section 37A:	15
	37B	Cond	currence of Minister not required for certain development	16
			The concurrence of the Minister under this Part is not required in	17
			relation to the carrying out in the coastal zone of any development (within the meaning of the <i>Environmental Planning</i>	18
			and Assessment Act 1979) that:	19 20
			(a) requires development consent under that Act, or	21
			(b) is exempt development under that Act, or	22
			(c) is carried out in accordance with a coastal zone management plan under Part 4A of this Act.	23 24
			<b>Note.</b> The concurrence of the Minister under this Part is also not required for an approved project within the meaning of Part 3A of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> —see section 75U (1) (a) of that Act.	25 26 27 28
[2]		ion 42 icatior	Period for consideration by Minister of proposal or	29 30
	Omit	"40 d	ays" from section 42 (1) (a). Insert instead "21 days".	31

[3]	Section 42	2 (3)	1		
[-]		section 42 (2):	2		
	(3)	The amendment made to subsection (1) by the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008</i> does not apply in relation to any proposal or application that has been notified or forwarded to the Minister before the commencement of that amendment.	3 4 5 6 7		
5.3	Amendn	nent of Coastal Protection Regulation 2004	8		
	Clause 5A		9		
	Insert after	clause 5:	10		
	5A Con	currence of Minister not required for certain development	11		
		The concurrence of the Minister under this Regulation is not required in relation to the carrying out of any development (within the meaning of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ) that:	12 13 14 15		
		(a) requires development consent under that Act, or	16		
		(b) is exempt development under that Act, or	17		
		(c) is carried out in accordance with a coastal zone management plan under Part 4A of the Act.	18 19		
5.4	Amendn	nent of Local Government Act 1993 No 30	20		
[1]	Section 68 council?	3 What activities, generally, require the approval of the	21 22		
	Omit item	1 of Part F of the Table to the section.	23		
[2]	Section 90	) Concurrence	24		
	Omit "40 d	lays" from section 90 (5). Insert instead "21 days".	25		
[3]	Section 90	0 (6)	26		
	Insert after section 90 (5):				
	(6)	The amendment made to subsection (5) by the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008</i> does not apply in relation to any application for an approval made before the commencement of that amendment.	28 29 30 31		

[4]				mption from liability—flood liable land, land subject to and land in coastal zone	1
	Inser	t after	section	n 733 (2):	3
		(2A)	A co	uncil does not incur any liability in respect of:	4
			(a)	any advice furnished in good faith by the council relating to the likelihood of any land being subject to the risk of bush fire or the nature or extent of any such risk, or	5 7
			(b)	anything done or omitted to be done in good faith by the council in so far as it relates to the likelihood of land being subject to the risk of bush fire.	8 9 10
[5]	Sect	ion 73	3 (3)		11
	Omi	t "and	(2)". Iı	nsert instead ", (2) and (2A)".	12
[6]	Sect	ion 73	3 (3) (1	f1)	13
				n 733 (3) (f):	14
			(f1)	the carrying out of bush fire hazard reduction works, and	15
[7]	Sect	ion 73	3 (5) (	c)	16
	Inser	t at the	e end o	of section 733 (5) (b):	17
				, or	18
			(c)	a manual relating to the management of land subject to the risk of bush fire.	19 20
5.5	Am	endm	ent o	of Local Government (General) Regulation 2005	21
	Part	2, Divi	ision 5	5, Subdivision 3 (Public car parks)	22
	Omi	t the Su	ubdivis	sion.	23
5.6	Am	endm	ent c	of Roads Act 1993 No 33	24
[1]	Sect	ion 25	A		25
	Inser	t after	section	n 25:	26
	25A	Revi	ew of	road widening orders	27
		(1)	The	Minister must review the operation of road widening orders.	28
		(2)	perio	review of an order must be carried out before the end of each od of 10 years following the date on which the order was ished in the Gazette.	29 30 31

	(3)	As soon as practicable after carrying out the review of an order, the Minister must notify the owner of any land affected by the order whether or not the order is to continue.	1 2 3
	(4)	This section extends to any road widening order in force immediately before the commencement of this section. However, any such order that would, because of the operation of this section, be required to be reviewed during the period of 12 months following that commencement is not required to be reviewed until the end of that 12-month period.	5 6 7 8
[2]	Section 12	5 Approval to use footway for restaurant purposes	10
	Omit sectio	n 125 (3).	11
5.7		ent of Standard Instrument (Local Environmental rder 2006	12 13
	Standard in	nstrument at end of Order	14
	Omit the entertainm	definitions of <i>place of public entertainment</i> and <i>public ent</i> from the Dictionary.	15 16