

Evidence Amendment (Miscellaneous) Regulation 2008

under the

Evidence Act 1995

Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the *Evidence Act 1995*.

JOHN HATZISTERGOS, M.L.C., Attorney General

Explanatory note

The object of this Regulation is to amend the Evidence Regulation 2005 to make amendments consequential on the commencement of the Evidence Amendment Act 2007 (the amending Act). The amending Act inserts section 128A into the Evidence Act 1995 (the Principal Act), which makes provision with respect to the ability to assert the privilege against self-incrimination in respect of disclosure of information in connection with search and freezing orders in civil proceedings.

This Regulation:

- (a) removes the reference to "related" events with respect to the coincidence rule in section 98 of the Principal Act to bring the Regulation into line with that section (as substituted by the amending Act), and
- (b) amends the form of the certificate for privilege against self-incrimination to include reference to section 128A of the Principal Act.

This Regulation is made under the *Evidence Act 1995*, including sections 99 and 197 (the general regulation-making power).

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1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Evidence Amendment (Miscellaneous)* Regulation 2008.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 January 2009.

3 Amendment of Evidence Regulation 2005

The Evidence Regulation 2005 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.

Amendments Schedule 1

Schedule 1 Amendments

(Clause 3)

- [1] Clause 5 The tendency rule and the coincidence rule—form of notices Omit "related" from clause 5 (3) (a).
- [2] Clause 6 Privilege against self-incrimination—form of certificate Insert "or 128A" after "section 128" in clause 6 (1).
- [3] Schedule 1 Forms

Omit Form 1. Insert instead:

Form 1 Certificate under section 128 or 128A of the Evidence Act 1995

(Clause 6)

[Set out heading to action or matter]

This Court certifies under section 128*/128A* of the *Evidence Act 1995* of New South Wales that evidence in these proceedings by [*state name of witness*] on [*state date or dates*], a record of which is attached to this certificate, is evidence*/information* to which section 128 (7)*/ 128A (8)* of that Act applies.

A transcript, or other record, of the evidence is to be attached to this certificate, and duly authenticated by the court or its proper officer.

Dated:

L.S.

(affix seal)

Judge or magistrate of the Court

* Delete if not applicable

Note. Section 128 (7) of the Evidence Act 1995 provides as follows:

- (7) In any proceeding in a NSW court or before any person or body authorised by a law of this State, or by consent of parties, to hear, receive and examine evidence:
 - evidence given by a person in respect of which a certificate under this section has been given, and

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Schedule 1 Amendments

 evidence of any information, document or thing obtained as a direct or indirect consequence of the person having given evidence,

cannot be used against the person. However, this does not apply to a criminal proceeding in respect of the falsity of the evidence.

Section 128A (8) of the Evidence Act 1995 provides as follows:

- (8) In any proceeding in a NSW court or before any person or body authorised by a law of this State, or by consent of parties, to hear, receive and examine evidence:
 - (a) evidence of information disclosed by a relevant person in respect of which a certificate has been given under this section, and
 - (b) evidence of any information, document or thing obtained as a direct result or indirect consequence of the relevant person having disclosed that information,

cannot be used against the person. However, this does not apply to a criminal proceeding in respect of the falsity of the evidence concerned.