## ADOPTION OF CHILDREN (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1980, No. 78

## New South Wales



ANNO VICESIMO NONO

## ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. 78, 1980.

An Act to amend the Adoption of Children Act, 1965, to constitute the Adoption Tribunal and to specify its functions; and for certain other purposes. [Assented to, 29th April, 1980.]

**BE** it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 1. This Act may be cited as the "Adoption of Children Short (Amendment) Act, 1980".
- 2. (1) Except as provided by subsections (2), (3), (4) and Commence-(5), this Act shall commence on the date of assent to this Act.
- (2) Section 5 (1) shall, in its application to a provision of Schedule 1, 3 or 4, commence on the day on which that provision commences.
- (3) Sections 5 (2) and 6 (1), Schedules 1, 2 and 3 (Schedule 3 (7), (8), (11) and (18) (c) excepted) and Part 1 of Schedule 5 shall commence on such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
- (4) Schedule 3 (7), (8) and (11) shall commence on such day, being not earlier than the day appointed and notified under subsection (3), as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
- (5) Schedule 3 (18) (c) shall commence on such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
- 3. The Adoption of Children Act, 1965, is referred to in this Principal Act as the Principal Act.

  Act.
  - **4.** This Act contains the following Schedules:— Schedules.
    - SCHEDULE 1.—AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL.

- SCHEDULE 2.—FURTHER AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL.
- SCHEDULE 3.—MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT.
- SCHEDULE 4.—AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT BY WAY OF STATUTE LAW REVISION.
- SCHEDULE 5.—Savings, Transitional and other Provisions.
- Amendment of Act No. 23, 1965. (1) The Principal Act is amended in the manner set forth of Act No. 23, 1965.
  - (2) The Principal Act is further amended—
  - (a) by omitting from a provision of the Principal Act specified in Column 1 of Schedule 2 the matter specified opposite the provision in the column headed "Matter to be omitted." in Column 2 of that Schedule, other than such matter, if any, as appears in brackets and is printed in italics; and
  - (b) by inserting instead the matter specified opposite the provision in the column headed "Matter to be inserted." in Column 2 of that Schedule.

Savings, transitional and other provisions.

- **6.** (1) Part 1 of Schedule 5 has effect.
  - (2) Part 2 of Schedule 5 has effect.

### SCHEDULE 1.

Sec. 5 (1).

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL.

### (1) (a) Section 3—

After the matter relating to Part I, insert:

PART IA.—THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—ss. 6A-6Y.

DIVISION 1.—Constitution and Jurisdiction—ss. 6A-6E.

DIVISION 2.—Conduct of Proceedings—ss. 6F-6P.

Division 3.—Appeals—ss. 69-6s.

DIVISION 4.—Miscellaneous—ss. 6T-6Y.

### (b) Section 3—

At the end of the section, insert :---

SCHEDULE 1.—Provisions Relating to the Membership of the Tribunal.

(2) (a) Section 6, definition of "Court"—

Omit the definition.

(b) Section 6, definition of "Deputy President"—

Before the definition of "Director", insert :—

"Deputy President" means a person appointed, for the time being, as a Deputy President of the Tribunal.

(c) Section 6, definition of "President"—

Before the definition of "Principal officer", insert :-

"President" means the person appointed, for the time being, as the President of the Tribunal.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

- (d) Section 6, definition of "the nominated officer"—
  Omit the definition.
- (e) Section 6, definitions of "Registrar", "Tribunal"—

At the end of section 6, insert:—

"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Tribunal.

"Tribunal" means the Adoption Tribunal constituted under this Act.

(3) Part IA—

After Part I, insert :-

### PART IA.

### THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL.

DIVISION 1.—Constitution and Jurisdiction.

Interpretation: Pt. IA. 6A. In this Part, "member" means a person appointed, for the time being, as a member of the Tribunal.

The Tribunal.

- 6в. (1) There shall be an Adoption Tribunal.
- (2) The Tribunal shall have a seal of which judicial notice shall be taken.

Members of the Tribunal.

- 6c. (1) Subject to this section, the members of the Tribunal shall be appointed by the Governor.
  - (2) The members shall comprise—
  - (a) a qualified person appointed as President of the Tribunal; and

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL —continued.

- (b) persons appointed from one or more of the following classes of persons:—
  - (i) legally qualified medical practitioners;
  - (ii) persons having knowledge of and experience in social work;
  - (iii) persons having, in the opinion of the Governor, other suitable qualifications or experience.
- (3) The members may include one or more qualified persons appointed as a Deputy President or Deputy Presidents of the Tribunal.
- (4) The Public Service Act, 1979, does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a member and a member is not, in his capacity as a member, subject to that Act while he holds office as a member.
- (5) Schedule 1 has effect with respect to the membership of the Tribunal.
- 6D. The Tribunal shall have the jurisdiction vested in it Jurisdiction by or under this or any other Act.
- 6E. (1) Except as provided by subsections (5) and Composition (6), the Tribunal shall, for the purposes of hearing and of the Tribunal determining all proceedings before the Tribunal and all for the business arising out of any such proceedings, be constituted purposes of hearing, by not less than 3 and not more than 5 members nominated etc., by the President.

### SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

- (2) Of the members nominated by the President for the purposes of subsection (1)—
  - (a) where the Tribunal is constituted by 3 or 4 members—one member, but not more than one member, shall be the President or a Deputy President; and
  - (b) where the Tribunal is constituted by 5 members
     —at least one member shall be the President or
     a Deputy President, but not more than 2 members shall be the President or Deputy Presidents.
- (3) A nomination made for the purposes of subsection (1) may be made generally or in a particular case or class of cases.
- (4) The President shall notify a member nominated under subsection (1) (other than the President) of his nomination as soon as practicable after the nomination is made.
- (5) In respect of an application for an adoption order which is not opposed, the Tribunal shall, unless the President otherwise determines or the Director, the principal officer of a private adoption agency or an applicant otherwise requests, be constituted by the President or a Deputy President sitting alone.
  - (6) In respect of—
  - (a) the exercise of jurisdiction pursuant to section 6J (1) (d); or
  - (b) an application under section 47 (1),

the Tribunal shall, unless the President otherwise determines, be constituted by the President or a Deputy President sitting alone.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL -continued.

- (7) A determination of the President under subsection (5) or (6) may be made at any time prior to or during the hearing of proceedings before the Tribunal.
- (8) Where a determination of the President under subsection (5) or (6) is made during the hearing of proceedings before the Tribunal, the proceedings shall be heard de novo before the Tribunal constituted as referred to in subsection (1).

### DIVISION 2.—Conduct of Proceedings.

- 6F. Where one or more Deputy Presidents have been Meetings appointed, more than one meeting of the Tribunal may be of the Tribunal. held at the same time.
- 6G. The procedure for the calling of, and for conduct of Procedure business at, any meeting of the Tribunal shall, subject to at meetings of the this Part and any rules of the Tribunal made under section Tribunal. 6N, be as determined by the Tribunal.
- 6H. Where, at a meeting of the Tribunal, the Tribunal Chairman is constituted as referred to in section 6E (1)—

and votes of members.

- (a) the President or, in the absence of the President, a Deputy President shall preside as chairman of that meeting;
- (b) except as provided by paragraph (c), questions arising at that meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present and voting;

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL —continued.

- (c) the decision of the chairman of that meeting upon any question of law or procedure which may arise at that meeting shall be the decision of the Tribunal; and
- (d) the chairman of that meeting shall have, in the event of an equality of votes, in addition to a deliberative vote, a second or casting vote.

Adjournment. 61. The Tribunal may from time to time adjourn its proceedings to such times, dates and places and for such reasons as it thinks fit.

Powers, etc., of the Tribunal as to the production of evidence.

- 6J. (1) Subject to the rules of the Tribunal, the Tribunal shall have and may exercise and perform the powers, authorities, duties and functions vested in the Supreme Court in respect of the following matters:—
  - (a) compelling the attendance of witnesses and their examination on oath, affirmation or declaration;
  - (b) compelling the production, discovery and inspection of books, records, documents and other papers;
  - (c) compelling witnesses to answer questions which the Tribunal considers to be relevant in any proceedings before it;
  - (d) apprehending, detaining and punishing persons guilty of contempt, or of disobedience of any order made by the Tribunal, or of any process issuing out of the Tribunal; and

#### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL —continued.

- (e) directing witnesses to be prosecuted for perjury, and the exercise or performance by the Tribunal of any such power, authority, duty or function has the same effect as it would have if exercised or performed by the Supreme Court.
- (2) All process issuing out of the Tribunal shall be in or to the effect of the form prescribed by the rules of the Tribunal and be signed by the President or a Deputy President.
- 6K. (1) Proceedings before the Tribunal shall be Records of recorded but any such record which is made by means of proceedings shorthand, stenotype or sound-recording apparatus shall Tribunal. not be transcribed unless the President directs that the record be transcribed or the transcription of those records is otherwise required by law, or on the application of a party to the proceedings.
- (2) Any transcription so made shall, except as to such part, if any, of the transcription as is specified by the Tribunal, be supplied to the Director or any party to the proceedings upon payment of the fee prescribed by the rules of the Tribunal corresponding to the fee referred to in section 73 (2) of the Justices Act, 1902, for copies of depositions.
- 6L. Every decision of the Tribunal in respect of any Record of proceedings before the Tribunal shall be in the form of an decision. instrument in writing signed by—
  - (a) the President or Deputy President before whom the proceedings were heard; or

#### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

Amendments to the Principal Act Relating to the Constitution and Functions of the Adoption Tribunal —continued.

(b) where, in relation to a meeting of the Tribunal, the Tribunal was constituted as referred to in section 6E (1), the chairman of that meeting,

and shall include the reasons for the decision of each member before whom the proceedings were heard.

Costs.

6M. The Tribunal may make such order as to costs in respect of any proceedings before the Tribunal as the Tribunal thinks fit and such an order has the same effect as if it had been made by the Supreme Court.

Rules.

- 6N. (1) Five members nominated by the President, who shall include the President or a Deputy President, or both, may make rules of the Tribunal, not inconsistent with this Act or the regulations, for or with respect to the calling of, and conduct of business at, any meeting of the Tribunal and generally to prescribe all matters that by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed by rules of the Tribunal or are necessary or convenient to be prescribed by rules of the Tribunal for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the Tribunal may, by its rules, fix, from time to time, the costs, charges and fees to be paid in respect of proceedings before the Tribunal, including—
  - (a) professional costs, charges and fees; and
  - (b) the maximum fee, determined having regard to the actual cost incurred, which may be charged by or on behalf of a private adoption agency in respect of the making of an application for an adoption order.

#### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

- (3) Different rules of the Tribunal may be made to apply in different circumstances.
- 60. Subsections (I), (II) and (III) of section 41 of the Gazettal, Interpretation Act, 1897, apply to and in respect of a rule etc., of of the Tribunal made under this Act in the same way as they apply to and in respect of a regulation referred to in those subsections.
  - 6P. (1) Judicial notice shall be taken of—

Judicial notice, etc.,

- (a) a rule of the Tribunal made or purporting to of rules. have been made under this Act and published in the Gazette; and
- (b) the date of its publication.
- (2) It shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that all conditions and steps precedent to the making of a rule of the Tribunal under this Act have been complied with and performed.

### Division 3.—Appeals.

- 6Q. Except as provided by sections 6R and 6s, a decision Nature of of the Tribunal with respect to any proceedings before it decision of the shall be final and conclusive.

  Tribunal.
- 6R. (1) The Tribunal shall, if so required in writing Appeals. by the Director or a party to any proceedings before the Tribunal, within the time and in the manner prescribed by the rules of the Tribunal, or may of its own motion, state a case for the decision of the Court of Appeal.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

(2) The decision of the Court of Appeal on the hearing of a case stated under subsection (1) shall be binding upon the Tribunal and upon the Director and all the parties to the proceedings in respect of which the case was stated.

Certain jurisdiction of Supreme Court not affected.

6s. Nothing in this Division derogates from or otherwise affects the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under section 69 or 75 of the Supreme Court Act, 1970.

### DIVISION 4.—Miscellaneous.

Registrar and other officers of the Tribunal.

- 6T. (1) The registrar of a Division of the Supreme Court specified in section 38 (b) of the Supreme Court Act, 1970, being a Division nominated by the Minister, shall be the Registrar of the Tribunal.
- (2) Except as provided by subsection (1), such officers and employees as may be necessary for the performance of the powers, authorities, duties and functions of the Tribunal may be appointed and employed under and subject to the Public Service Act, 1979.

Authentication of documents.

6U. Every document requiring authentication by the Tribunal may be sufficiently authenticated without the seal of the Tribunal if signed by the President or a Deputy President.

Judicial notice of certain signatures. 6v. Judicial notice shall be taken of the signature of the President, a Deputy President or the Registrar when appearing on a document issued by the Tribunal.

#### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

6w. No proceedings lie against the Tribunal, a member Certain or an officer of the Tribunal for or on account of any act, proceedings matter or thing done or ordered to be done or omitted or suffered to be done by the Tribunal, member or officer, and purporting to be done, ordered, omitted or suffered for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this Act, if the Tribunal, member or officer has acted in good faith and with reasonable care.

6x. For the purposes of section 18 of the Defamation Application Act, 1974, the proceedings of the Tribunal shall be deemed to be an inquiry within the meaning of that section.

Act, 1974.

- 6y. (1) The President shall, as soon as practicable Biennial after 1st March in each second year, prepare and forward report. to the Minister a report on the administration of this Act and the regulations for the two-yearly period ending on that date.
- (2) The Minister shall lay the report, or cause it to be laid, before each House of Parliament as soon as practicable after the receipt by him of the report.
- (4) (a) Section 46 (3)—

After "the court", insert "or the Tribunal".

(b) Section 46 (4)—

After "court", insert "or the Tribunal".

(5) Section 72—

Omit the section.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL—continued.

(6) Schedule 1—

At the end of the Act, insert :-

Sec. 6c (5).

#### SCHEDULE 1.

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE TRIBUNAL.

#### PART 1.

THE PRESIDENT AND DEPUTY PRESIDENTS.

Qualification. 1. A person is qualified to be appointed as the President or a Deputy President if he is the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or a Judge of that Court.

Appointment. 2. The President or a Deputy President shall, subject to this Part of this Schedule, be appointed for such term, not exceeding 3 years, as is specified in the instrument of his appointment and shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for reappointment as the President or a Deputy President.

Deputy Presidents.

- 3. (1) A Deputy President, while holding office as a Deputy President, shall, subject to the conditions of appointment specified in the instrument of his appointment and to any direction given to him by the President, have the powers, authorities, privileges and immunities and perform the duties of the President.
- (2) No person shall be concerned to inquire whether or not any occasion has arisen authorising a Deputy President to exercise or perform the powers, authorities or duties of the President and all acts or things done or omitted or suffered to be done by a Deputy President when exercising or performing those powers, authorities or duties shall be as valid and effectual and shall have the same consequences as if they had been done or omitted or suffered to be done by the President.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRI-BUNAL—continued.

- 4. (1) The appointment of the Chief Justice or a Judge of the Effect of Supreme Court as the President or a Deputy President shall not, appointment nor shall his service as the President or a Deputy President, affect to the Tribunal his tenure of the office of Chief Justice or Judge of the Supreme of Judges Court, as the case may be, or his rank, title, status, precedence, of the Supreme salary or other rights or privileges as a holder of that office.
- (2) The Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court may, notwithstanding that he is the President or a Deputy President, exercise his powers as the Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court, as the case may be.
- (3) The service, as the President or a Deputy President, of the Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court shall, for all purposes, be taken to be service as the Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court, as the case may be.
- 5. The Governor may remove the President or a Deputy President Removal from office upon the address of both Houses of Parliament, but not from otherwise.

Court.

6. Where a person who has been appointed, in accordance with Cessation this Act, as the President or a Deputy President ceases, in accord- of office. ance with the law for the time being in force relating to the Chief Justice or Judges of the Supreme Court, to be the Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court, he shall thereupon cease to be the President or a Deputy President, as the case may be.

#### PART 2.

MEMBERS OTHER THAN THE PRESIDENT AND DEPUTY PRESIDENTS.

- 7. In this Part of this Schedule, "member" means a person Interpretaappointed, for the time being, as a member of the Tribunal other tion: Sch. 1, than the President or a Deputy President.
- 8. A person who is of or above the age of 65 years shall not be Age of appointed as a member.

### SCHEDULE 1—continued.

Amendments to the Principal Act Relating to the Constitution and Functions of the Adoption Tribunal—continued.

Term of office of members.

9. A member shall, subject to this Part of this Schedule, be appointed for such term, not exceeding 3 years, as is specified in the instrument of his appointment and shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for reappointment as a member.

Remuneration of and allowances for members. 10. Each member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of him.

Removal from office.

11. The Governor may remove a member from office for inability, misbehaviour or failure to comply with the terms and conditions of his appointment.

Vacation of office.

- 12. A member shall be deemed to have vacated his office—
- (a) if he dies;
- (b) if he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor;
- (c) if he becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his creditors or makes an assignment of his remuneration for their benefit;
- (d) if he becomes a temporary patient, a continued treatment patient, a protected person or an incapable person within the meaning of the Mental Health Act, 1958, or a person under detention under Part VII of that Act;
- (e) if he is convicted in New South Wales of a felony or a misdemeanour punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or upwards, or if he is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which if committed in New South Wales, would be a felony or a misdemeanour so punishable:
- (f) if he is removed from office by the Governor; or
- (g) upon his attaining the age of 65 years.

### SCHEDULE 2.

Sec. 5 (2).

FURTHER AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADOPTION TRIBUNAL.

Column 1.  Provision of the Principal Act.	Column 2.	
	Matter to be omitted.	Matter to be inserted.
Sections 8 (1), (2); 9; 14 (1), (3); 18 (1), (2), (4); 19 (2), (3), (4); 20; 21 (1), (2); 22 (1), (3), (4); 23; 24; 25 (1), (2), (3), (4); 26 (1), (7); 31 (1), (2), (3); 32 (1), (4), (5); 33; 34 (3), (5) (c); 38 (1), (2); 41 (1), (2), (3); 42 (1); 43 (1), (2); 47 (1), (3), (4); 50 (2) (b), (2) (c); 56; 62; 64; 66; 68; 73 (1) (e).	occurring)	Tribunal
Section 14 (2)	rules of Court	the rules of the Tribunal
Sections 28 (1), (2), (3); 47 (6); 61; 62; 63.	nominated officer (wherever occurring)	Registrar
Section 46 (3)		the Tribunal
Section 53 (2)	the Court	the Tribunal or a
Section 64	heard in open court	open to the public

## SCHEDULE 3.

Sec. 5 (1).

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

(1) Section 6, definition of "Foster parent"—

After the definition of "Father", insert :-

"Foster parent" means any person who has the care and custody of a child, being a child—

- (a) who—
  - (i) has been admitted to State control; and

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(ii) is a ward within the meaning of the Child Welfare Act, 1939; or

## (b) who—

- (i) has been committed to the care of the Minister to be dealt with as a ward admitted to State control; and
- (ii) has not been absolutely discharged from the supervision and control of the Minister under the Child Welfare Act, 1939.
- (2) Section 8 (2)—

Omit "thirty days", insert instead "60 days".

(3) (a) Section 18 (2) (a)—

Omit "or" where secondly occurring.

(b) Section 18 (2) (a1)—

After section 18 (2) (a), insert:—

- (a1) the applicant, or either of the applicants, is the mother or father of the child; or
- (c) Section 18 (3)—

Omit "a person, or by persons, in whose favour a consent referred to in subsection (2) of section 27 has been given", insert instead "an applicant, or by applicants, referred to in subsection (2),".

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

## (4) (a) Section 21 (1) (a)—

Before "the Director", insert "except as provided by subsection (1A),".

## (b) Section 21 (1A)-(1C)—

After section 21 (1), insert:—

- (1A) The Tribunal may dispense with the making of a report referred to in subsection (1) (a)—
  - (a) generally in respect of applications made on behalf of applicants by the principal officer of a private adoption agency where the Tribunal is satisfied that the standard of applications made by that principal officer justifies such a dispensation; or
  - (b) in respect of a particular application made on behalf of an applicant or applicants by the principal officer of a private adoption agency where the Tribunal is satisfied that the particulars of that application and the report of that principal officer justify such a dispensation.
- (1B) The Director may make a report referred to in subsection (1) (a) to the Tribunal notwithstanding that the Tribunal has, under subsection (1A), dispensed with the making of the report.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(1c) The Tribunal may, in respect of an application made by a person other than the Director, require the Director to make a report referred to in subsection (1) (a) within a period of 6 months after the date of the making of the application or such other period as the Tribunal may, having regard to the circumstances of the case, specify.

### (c) Section 21 (2)—

After "him", insert "or by the principal officer of a private adoption agency".

## (d) Section 21 (3)—

After "parent", insert "or foster parent".

### (5) Section 21A—

After section 21, insert:

Religious upbringing of child.

- 21A. (1) Where the mother or father or a guardian of a child in respect of whom an application for an adoption order is made has not, in an instrument of consent to adoption of the child, expressed any wish with respect to the religious upbringing of the child—
  - (a) it shall not be relevant, in the exercise or performance by the Tribunal of its powers, authorities, duties and functions under section 21, that the applicant or each of the applicants does not have a religious conviction or affiliation; and

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

- (b) section 17 does not operate so as to require, and the Tribunal shall not, in making an order for the adoption of the child, require, the applicant or each of the applicants to give any undertaking with respect to the religious upbringing of the child.
- (2) Nothing in subsection (1) affects the consideration by the Tribunal under section 21 (1) (c) (i) (b) of the religious upbringing or convictions (if any) of the child.

## (6) (a) Section 22 (1) (a)—

Omit the paragraph, insert instead:—

- (a) to any person whose consent to the adoption of the child—
  - (i) is required under section 26;
  - (ii) has not been dispensed with by an order made by virtue of section 32 (1); and
  - (iii) has not been given; and

## (b) Section 22 (1A)—

Omit the subsection, insert instead:---

- (1A) Except as the Tribunal may otherwise determine, nothing in subsection (1) requires a notice referred to in that subsection to be given or sent to—
  - (a) a person referred to in subsection (1) (a) if that person is a person to whom section 32 (1) (h) applies; or

## SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

- (b) a person referred to in subsection (1) (b) if that person is—
  - (i) an applicant for the order for the adoption of the child; or
  - (ii) a person with whom the child resides only as a patient or inmate of a hospital of which that person is in charge or a person who has the care or custody of the child only as the person in charge of a hospital.

## (7) (a) Section 23—

Omit "The", insert instead "Except as provided by subsection (2), the".

## (b) Section 23 (2)—

At the end of section 23, insert:—

- (2) The Tribunal shall, on application by a person—
  - (a) who is the father of a child referred to in section 26 (3);
  - (b) who is not given a notice referred to in section 31A (4); and

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(c) in respect of whom the Tribunal has not, under section 31B, dispensed with the giving of a notice referred to in section 31A (4),

join the person as a party to the proceedings for an adoption order in respect of the child for the purpose of opposing the application for the order.

## (8) Section 26 (3A)—

After section 26 (3), insert :—

- (3A) A person who is the putative father of a child referred to in subsection (3) and who—
  - (a) does not have the custody of the child under a court order; or
  - (b) is not or is not deemed to be the guardian of the child, to the exclusion of, or in addition to, the mother or other guardian, under a law of the Commonwealth or of another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth,

is not a guardian of the child for the purposes of that subsection.

### (9) Section 30—

Omit "For", insert instead "Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for".

## (10) Section 31 (1) (d)—

Omit "on the date of the instrument of consent,", insert instead "at the time the instrument of consent was signed,".

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

## (11) Sections 31A-31E--

After section 31, insert:

Notice of consents to certain putative fathers.

31A. (1) Where, under section 34 (1), the Director becomes the guardian of a child referred to in section 26 (3)—

- (a) except as provided by paragraph (b)—the Director; or
- (b) in any case where negotiations are being conducted or arrangements are being made by a private adoption agency with a view to the adoption of the child—the principal officer of the private adoption agency,

shall make all such inquiries as, in the opinion of the Director or the principal officer, as the case may be, having regard to all such information as may have been furnished to him by a person giving a consent to the adoption of the child or any other person, are reasonably necessary in order to ascertain whether any person, as at the date on which the Director so becomes the guardian of the child—

- (c) is presumed, pursuant to section 11, 12 or 13 of the Children (Equality of Status) Act, 1976, to be the father of the child;
- (d) is a party to proceedings as a consequence of which he may, pursuant to section 12 or 13 of the Children (Equality of Status) Act, 1976, be presumed to be the father of the child; or
- (e) is otherwise registered as the father of the child under the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act, 1973.

#### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

## MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT— continued.

(2) Where, in relation to a child referred to in section 26 (3)—

### (a) who---

- (i) has been admitted to State control; and
- (ii) is a ward within the meaning of the Child Welfare Act, 1939; or

## (b) who--

- (i) has been committed to the care of the Minister to be dealt with as a ward admitted to State control; and
- (ii) has not been absolutely discharged from the supervision and control of the Minister under the Child Welfare Act, 1939,

a consent to the adoption of the child is given by the mother of the child, the Director shall make the inquiries referred to in subsection (1) in order to ascertain whether any person, as at the date on which the consent is given, is, in relation to the child, a person to whom paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of subsection (1) applies.

(3) Except as provided by subsection (1) or (2), the applicant or applicants for an adoption order in respect of a child referred to in section 26 (3) shall make such inquiries as, in the opinion of the Tribunal, are reasonably necessary in order to ascertain whether any person, as at the date on which the application for the adoption order was made is, in relation to the child, a person to whom paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of subsection (1) applies.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT— continued.

- (4) Where, as a consequence of making inquiries pursuant to subsection (1), (2) or (3), or otherwise, the Director, the principal officer of a private adoption agency or an applicant or the applicants for an adoption order ascertains or ascertain that there is, in relation to the child, a person to whom paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of subsection (1) applies, the Director, that principal officer, the applicant or those applicants, as the case may be, shall—
  - (a) in circumstances to which subsection (1) or (2) applies—give the person notice of each consent given by an appropriate person referred to in section 26 (3) in relation to the child; or
  - (b) in circumstances to which subsection (3) applies—give the person notice that an application has been made for an adoption order in respect of the child.
- (5) Nothing in subsection (4) requires the giving of a notice of a consent referred to in that subsection to the person by whom the consent was given.

Dispensing with notice.

- 31B. The Tribunal, on application by the Director, the principal officer of a private adoption agency or an applicant or the applicants for an adoption order in respect of a child, may, by order, dispense with the giving of a notice referred to in section 31A (4) to a person where it appears to the Tribunal that—
  - (a) the Director, the principal officer of the private adoption agency or the applicant or the applicants, as the case may require, is unable to locate the person;

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

## MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT continued.

- (b) the person is in such a physical or mental condition as not to be capable of properly considering the question of whether he should file a notice under section 31c (1); or
- (c) there are circumstances, other than those referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b), in which, by dispensing with the giving of the notice, the interests and welfare of the child will be promoted.
- 31c. (1) A person to whom a notice referred to in Application section 31A (4) is given may, within a period of 14 days for custody, etc., by after the date of service of the notice, file, with the Regis- putative trar, an application for an order with respect to the care. father. custody and guardianship of the child in relation to whom the notice is given.

- (2) The Tribunal may determine an application under subsection (1) in relation to a child at any time that is not later than the determination of any application for an order for the adoption of the child.
- (3) In determining an application under subsection (1), the Tribunal may join any person it thinks fit as a party to the application.
- (4) The Tribunal may determine an application under subsection (1) in relation to a child by making such order, or such interim order, with respect to the care. custody or guardianship of the child as it thinks fit.
- (5) Where the Tribunal determines an application under subsection (1) by making an order with respect to the guardianship of a child, the guardianship of any person before the date on which the order takes effect shall, on that date, cease.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

Consequence of failure to make application for custody, etc.

### 31D. (1) Where—

- (a) a person to whom, in relation to a child, paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of section 31A (1) applies—
  - (i) is given a notice referred to in section 31A (4); and
  - (ii) does not, within a period of 14 days after the date of service of the notice, file, with the Registrar, an application for an order with respect to the care, custody and guardianship of the child in relation to whom the notice is given; or
- (b) the Tribunal, under section 31B, dispenses with the giving of a notice referred to in section 31A (4) to a person to whom, in relation to a child, paragraph (c), (d) or (e) of section 31A (1) applies,

the person may not, at any time before the making of an adoption order in respect of the child, do any thing, under this or any other law, that is inconsistent with the making of such an order.

### (2) A person—

- (a) who is the father of a child referred to in section 26 (3);
- (b) who is not given a notice referred to in section 31A (4); and

#### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(c) in respect of whom the Tribunal has not, under section 31B, dispensed with the giving of a notice referred to in section 31A (4),

may not, except in pursuance of section 23 (2), at any time before the making of an adoption order in respect of the child, do any thing, under this or any other law, that is inconsistent with the making of such an order.

31E. Subject to this Division, the Tribunal shall not Making make an order for the adoption of a child referred to in of certain adoption section 26 (3) unless it is satisfied that any notice which orders. may be required to be given under section 31A has been given or dispensed with by an order under section 31B.

(12) (a) Section 32 (1) (d)—

Omit "or" where thirdly occurring.

(b) Section 32 (1) (e)-(h)---

Omit section 32 (1) (e), insert instead:—

- (e) the child is in the care of a foster parent or foster parents, the child has established a stable relationship with that person or those persons and the interests and welfare of the child will be promoted by the child's remaining in the care of that person or those persons;
- (f) the child is in the care of a person or persons other than a parent, relative or foster parent and the interests and welfare of the child will be promoted if negotiations can be conducted and arrangements made with a view to the adoption of the child;

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

- (g) there are circumstances, other than those referred to in paragraphs (a)-(f), in which, by dispensing with the consent, the interests and welfare of the child will be promoted; or
- (h) a notice of intention to seek an order dispensing with the consent has been served personally on that person and that person has not, within 14 days after the date of service of the notice, filed, with the Registrar, a notice of intention to oppose the making of the order.
- (c) Section 32 (1A) (c)—

Omit the paragraph, insert instead:—

- (c) where an application has been made to the Tribunal for the adoption of the child by the mother, the father or a relative of the child (whether alone or jointly with another person), the applicant or applicants.
- (d) Section 32 (5) (a) (ii)—
  Omit "or" where secondly occurring.
- (e) Section 32 (5) (a) (iii), (iv)—

Omit section 32 (5) (a) (iii), insert instead:—

- (iii) in relation to a person referred to in subsection (1) (h); or
- (iv) where the Tribunal considers that in the particular circumstances of the case it is desirable to make an order under subsection (1) without a notice referred to in this paragraph having been given or sent as so referred to,

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(13) Section 35 (1) (d)—

Omit "not being", insert instead "including".

(14) (a) Section 38 (1)—

Omit "subsection (2)", insert instead "subsections (2) and (2A)".

(b) Section 38 (2A)—

After section 38 (2), insert:—

(2A) An approval of a change in the forename or forenames of a child who has attained the age of 12 years shall not be given by the Tribunal unless the child has, in a consent given under section 33, consented to the change or, where the child has not attained the age of 18 years, the Tribunal is satisfied that there are special reasons, related to the welfare and interests of the child, why the change should be made notwithstanding that the child has refused to consent to the change or his consent has not been sought.

### (15) (a) Section 41 (1)—

Before "applicants", insert "applicant or".

(b) Section 41 (1A)—

After section 41 (1), insert:—

(1A) Upon an application to the Tribunal by the Director or the principal officer of a private adoption agency, the Tribunal may make an interim order for the custody of a child in favour of the applicant.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

## (16) Section 43 (3)—

After "Commonwealth", insert "or in New Zealand".

## (17) (a) Section 45—

After "Commonwealth", insert "or in New Zealand".

## (b) Section 45—

After "Territory" where secondly and thirdly occurring, insert "or New Zealand".

## (18) (a) Section 46 (1)—

After "Commonwealth" where secondly occurring, insert "(other than New Zealand)".

## (b) Section 46 (2)—

After "country" where firstly occurring, insert "(other than New Zealand)".

## (c) Section 46 (2) (b)—

Omit the paragraph.

## (d) Section 46 (5)—

After "Commonwealth" where secondly occurring, insert "(other than New Zealand)".

## (19) (a) Section 47 (1)—

After "Commonwealth" where secondly occurring, insert "(other than New Zealand)".

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

## MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT continued.

(b) Section 47 (5) (d)—

After "court", insert "or other body".

(20) Section 49 (1)—

Before "guardian" wherever occurring, insert "relative or".

(21) Section 49A—

After section 49, insert:

49A. A person who was the father or mother or a Attempts relative or guardian of a child but has, by reason of an by certain adoption of the child, ceased to be the father or mother comor a relative or guardian of the child, and who, without municate the prior consent of-

with adopted child.

- (a) except as provided by paragraph (b)—the adoptive parent or adoptive parents of the child; or
- (b) where the adoptive parent or adoptive parents of the child is or are dead or cannot be found or there is, in the opinion of the Director, any other sufficient reason—the Director,

attempts to communicate with the child at any time before the child reaches the age of 18 years is guilty of an offence against this Act.

## (22) Section 51 (1)—

Omit "is guilty", insert instead "and each person with whom negotiations are conducted or arrangements are made as referred to in paragraph (a) or to whom the possession or control of a child is transferred in the circumstances to which paragraph (b) applies is guilty".

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(23) Section 56—

After "consent" where firstly occurring, insert ", or revocation of consent,".

(24) (a) Section 57 (a)—

Omit "or" where thirdly occurring.

(b) Section 57 (b)—

Omit "child,", insert instead "child; or".

(c) Section 57 (c)—

After section 57 (b), insert:—

- (c) to inducing the parent or guardian to revoke a consent to the adoption of the child given by that parent or guardian,
- (25) (a) Section 60 (2)—

Omit "children's court established under the Child Welfare Act, 1939, as amended by subsequent Acts", insert instead "court of petty sessions held before a stipendiary magistrate sitting alone".

(b) Section 60 (5)–(8)—

After section 60 (4), insert :—

(5) At the hearing of any proceedings in respect of an offence against this Act or the regulations, any persons not directly interested in the proceedings shall be excluded from the court unless the court otherwise directs.

#### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

### (6) A court may—

- (a) direct a child to leave the court at any time during the hearing of any proceedings in respect of an offence against this Act or the regulations; or
- (b) direct any person to leave the court during the examination of any witness in any such proceedings,

if the court is of the opinion that, in the interests of a child, such a direction should be given.

- (7) The powers of a court under subsection (6) may be exercised notwithstanding that the child or person directed to leave the court may be directly interested in the proceedings.
- (8) Subsections (5)-(7) apply to and in respect of the hearing of any appeal against the decision of a court in the same way as they apply to and in respect of the hearing of proceedings before the court.

## (26) (a) Section 62—

After "Commonwealth", insert "or in New Zealand".

(b) Section 62—

After "Territory" where secondly occurring, insert "or New Zealand".

### (27) (a) Section 63—

After "Commonwealth", insert "or in New Zealand".

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

### (b) Section 63—

After "Territory" where secondly occurring, insert "or New Zealand".

## (28) Section 65—

Omit "The Court,", insert instead "Except as otherwise provided by this Act or the regulations, the Tribunal,".

### (29) Section 67—

After "Act", insert "or the former Acts".

## (30) Sections 68A, 68B-

After section 68, insert:

Provision of financial and other assistance to certain children.

- 68A. (1) The Director may, with respect to a child of a prescribed class or description, enter into an agreement with a person or persons with whom the child has been placed for the purposes of adoption, the applicant, or applicants, for an adoption order in respect of the child or the adoptive parent, or adoptive parents, of the child, for the provision of such financial or other assistance, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed, in order to assist or promote the welfare and interests of the child.
- (2) Nothing in subsection (1) prevents the Director from entering into an agreement under that subsection in relation to a child so as to provide financial or other assistance both before and after an adoption order in respect of the child is made.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

## MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT— continued.

68B. (1) In this section, a reference to the executor or Adminisadministrator of the estate of a deceased person includes a tration of reference to a person who is a trustee of the whole or any estates. part of the property comprised in the estate.

### (2) Where—

- (a) an adopted person is a beneficiary under the estate of a deceased person;
- (b) the executor or administrator of the estate does not know the name or whereabouts of the adopted person; and
- (c) the Director certifies, in writing, to the executor or administrator that he knows the name and whereabouts of the adopted person and that the adopted person is alive,

the executor or administrator may, with the approval of the Director, transfer to the Director, on behalf of the adopted person, any property to which the adopted person may be entitled under the estate or which may be otherwise applied for his benefit.

- (3) A transfer made under subsection (2) shall be valid against all persons and the executor or administrator shall be absolutely discharged from all liability in respect of a transfer so made by him.
- (4) The Director shall apply any property transferred to him under subsection (2) on behalf of the adopted person in respect of whom it was transferred in accordance with the trusts on which the property was held immediately before it was transferred as if he were the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased person in respect of which the transfer was made.

### SCHEDULE 3—continued.

# MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

- (5) Nothing in this section affects any right of a person to claim or recover any property transferred under subsection (2) from a person other than the executor or administrator who transferred the property.
- (31) Section 71 (1)—

After "Commonwealth", insert "or in New Zealand".

(32) (a) Section 73 (1) (b)—

After "administrative", insert ", legal".

(b) Section 73 (1) (b)—

After "makes,", insert "is requested to make or is involved in the preparation of,".

(c) Section 73 (1) (b)—

After "Act", insert ", the rules of the Tribunal or the regulations".

(d) Section 73 (1) (d)—

After "him", insert "or by the principal officer of a private adoption agency".

(e) Section 73 (1) (f1)—

After section 73 (1) (f), insert:—

(f1) the establishment and administration of a register of persons who have been separated as a consequence of the making of an adoption order and who desire a reunion;

### SCHEDULE 4.

Sec. 5 (1).

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT BY WAY OF STATUTE LAW REVISION.

- (1) (a) Section 6, definition of "Charitable organisation"—
  Omit ", as amended by subsequent Acts".
  - (b) Section 6, definition of "Prescribed"—
    Omit the definition.
- (2) Section 18 (1) (b) (ii)—
  Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts,".
- (3) Section 24—
  Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts,".
- (4) (a) Section 34 (2) (a)—
  Omit ", as amended by subsequent Acts".
  - (b) Section 34 (2D)—
    Omit ", as amended by subsequent Acts".
  - (c) Section 34 (4)—
    Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts,".
  - (d) Section 34 (5) (d)—
    Omit ", as amended by subsequent Acts".
- (5) Section 35 (1) (d)—
  Omit ", as amended by subsequent Acts".

### SCHEDULE 4—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT BY WAY OF STATUTE LAW REVISION—continued.

(6) Section 37—

Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts,".

(7) Section 40 (1)—

Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts," wherever occurring.

(8) Section 43 (2)—

Omit "as amended by subsequent Acts,".

(9) Section 69—

Omit the section, insert instead :-

Delegation.

- 69. (1) The Director may, by instrument in writing, delegate to any officer of the Department of Youth and Community Services specified in the instrument of delegation the exercise or performance of such of the powers, authorities, duties and functions (other than this power of delegation) conferred or imposed on him by or under this Act as may be so specified and may, by such an instrument, revoke wholly or in part any such delegation.
- (2) A power, authority, duty or function, the exercise or performance of which has been delegated under this section, may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised or performed from time to time in accordance with the terms of the delegation by the delegate to whom the exercise or performance thereof has been delegated.

#### SCHEDULE 4—continued.

# Amendments to the Principal Act by way of Statute Law Revision—continued.

- (3) A delegation under this section may be made subject to such conditions or such limitations as to the exercise or performance of any of the powers, authorities, duties or functions delegated, or as to time or circumstance, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Notwithstanding any delegation made under this section, the Director may continue to exercise or perform all or any of the powers, authorities, duties or functions delegated.
- (5) Any act or thing done or omitted or suffered to be done by a delegate while acting in the exercise of a delegation under this section shall be deemed to have been done or omitted or suffered to be done by the Director.
- (6) An instrument purporting to be signed by a delegate of the Director in his capacity as such a delegate shall in all courts and before all persons acting judicially be received in evidence as if it were an instrument executed by the Director and, until the contrary is proved, shall be deemed to be an instrument signed by a delegate of the Director under this section.

### SCHEDULE 5.

Sec. 6.

SAVINGS, TRANSITIONAL AND OTHER PROVISIONS.

#### PART 1.

### 1. In this Part of this Schedule-

"appointed day" means the day appointed and notified under section 2 (3);

Interpretation: Sch. 5, Pt. 1.

#### SCHEDULE 5-continued.

SAVINGS, TRANSITIONAL AND OTHER PROVISIONS—continued.

"Court" means the Supreme Court of New South Wales;

"Tribunal" has the meaning ascribed thereto in section 6 of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act.

Interpretation Act, 1897, not affected.

2. Except as provided in this Schedule, nothing in this Schedule limits any saving in the Interpretation Act, 1897.

Effect of amendments. 3. An amendment made by section 5 and Schedules 1 and 2 shall not revive anything not in force or existing immediately before the appointed day.

Proceedings before the Supreme Court as at the appointed day, etc.

- 4. (1) Any proceeding pending, as at the appointed day, before the Court which, if commenced after the appointed day, could only have been commenced before the Tribunal, shall—
  - (a) if the hearing of the proceeding has commenced, continue to be heard and dealt with in all respects as if this Act had not been enacted; or
  - (b) if the hearing of the proceeding has not commenced, be deemed to be a proceeding before the Tribunal.
- (2) For the purpose only of continuing to hear and deal with a proceeding as referred to in subclause (1) (a) of this clause, the provisions of the Principal Act and any instrument under the Principal Act, as in force immediately before the appointed day, relating to—
  - (a) the Court;
  - (b) the Judges of the Court;
  - (c) the officers of the Court;
  - (d) any such proceeding; and
- (e) appeals from the decision of the Court in any such proceeding, shall continue in force notwithstanding any other provision of this Act.
- (3) A decision of the Court and anything done or omitted or suffered to be done by an officer of the Court in any proceeding referred to in subclause (1) (a) of this clause shall have the same force and effect as it would have had if this Act had not been enacted.

#### SCHEDULE 5—continued.

#### SAVINGS, TRANSITIONAL AND OTHER PROVISIONS—continued.

- (4) The nominated officer within the meaning ascribed thereto in section 6 of the Principal Act, as in force immediately before the appointed day, shall, as soon as practicable after the appointed day, forward to the Registrar of the Tribunal all documents held by him and relating to any proceeding referred to in subclause (1) (b) of this clause.
- (5) Where proceedings in respect of any act or thing done or omitted or suffered to be done before the appointed day had not been brought before that day but could, but for the enactment of this Act, have been brought, immediately before that day, before the Court, proceedings in respect of that act or thing may, if, had that act or thing occurred after that day, proceedings could have been brought before the Tribunal, be brought before the Tribunal under the Principal Act, as amended by this Act.

### PART 2.

5. A delegation made by the Director under section 69 of the Principal Delegations Act, being a delegation which is in force immediately before the date of by the assent to this Act, shall be deemed to be a delegation made by the Director Director under section 69 of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act.