# FACTORS (MERCANTILE AGENTS) ACT.

# Act No. 2, 1923.

An Act to amend and consolidate the law relating to factors; to repeal the Factors Act, 1899, and certain other Acts; and for purposes consequent thereon or incidental thereto. [Assented to, 20th September, 1923.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Factors (Mer-Short title. cantile Agents) Act, 1923."
- (2) This Act shall come into operation on the Commence-thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ment. and twenty-three.
- 2. (1) The enactments mentioned in the Schedule to Repeal. this Act are, to the extent therein expressed, hereby Schedule. repealed.
- (2) This repeal shall not affect anything done or suffered or any right title or interest acquired or accrued or liability incurred before the commencement of this Act, or any legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such thing right title interest or liability.

George V, No. 2. 3. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise requires—

Definitions. Vict. Act No. 2,663, s. 63.

"Advance" includes a payment of money and the delivery of a bill of exchange or other negotiable security.

52 & 53 Vic., c. 45, s. 1; Viet. Act No. 2,663, s. 63. "Document of title" includes any bill of lading, dock warrant, warehouse-keeper's certificate, and warrant or order for the delivery of goods, and any other document used in the ordinary course of business as proof of the possession or control of goods, or authorising or purporting to authorise, either by endorsement or by delivery, the possessor of the document to transfer or receive goods thereby represented.

"Goods" includes wares and merchandise.

"Mercantile agent" means a mercantile agent having in the customary course of his business as such agent authority either to sell goods, or to consign goods for the purpose of sale, or to buy goods, or to raise money on the security of goods.

"Pledge" includes any contract pledging or giving a lien or security on goods, whether in consideration of an original advance or of any further or continuing advance or of any pecuniary liability.

Consignor and consignee. 52 & 53 Vie., e. 45, s. 7.

**4.** (1) Where the owner of goods has given possession of the goods to another person for the purpose of consignment or sale, or has shipped the goods in the name of another person, and the consignee of the goods has not had notice that such person is not the owner of the goods, the consignee shall, in respect of advances made to or for the use of such person, have the same lien on the goods as if such person were the owner of the goods, and may transfer the lien to another person.

Viet. Act No. 2,663, s. 64 (2).

- (2) The person in whose name any goods have been shipped shall, for the purposes of this section, be taken to have been given possession of the goods for the purpose of consignment or sale unless the contrary is shown.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the validity of any sale pledge or disposition by a mercantile agent.

  5.

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**5.** (1) Where a mercantile agent is entrusted as such with the possession of any goods or the documents of Powers of title to goods, any sale pledge or other disposition of the agent. goods made by him in the ordinary course of business of 52 & 53 Vie., a mercantile agent shall, subject to the provisions of 6.45, s. 2; this Act, be as valid as if he were expressly authorised No. 2,663, by the owner of the goods to make the same:

3. 65.

Provided that the person taking under the disposition acts in good faith, and has not at the time of the disposition notice that the person making the disposition has not authority to make the same.

- (2) Where a mercantile agent so entrusted continues in possession of goods or of the documents of title to goods, any sale pledge or other disposition, which would have been valid if the entrusting had continued, shall be valid not with standing the determination thereof, provided that the person taking under the disposition has not at the time thereof notice of such determination.
  - **6.** For the purposes of this Act—

Presump-(1) a mercantile agent in possession of goods or viet. Act

- of the documents of title to goods shall be No. 2,663, deemed to have been entrusted with the goods s. 66. or documents as such agent until the contrary is shown;
- (2) a mercantile agent entrusted as such agent and possessed of the documents of title to goods whether derived immediately from the owner of the goods or obtained by reason of the agent having been entrusted with the possession of the goods or of any other document of title thereto shall be deemed to be entrusted with the possession of the goods represented by the documents;
- (3) an agent shall be deemed to be possessed of Agent when goods or documents of title to goods whether in possession. the same are in his actual custody or control or are held by any other person subject to his control or for him or on his behalf;
- (4) any contract whether made directly with an Contracts agent or with any clerk or other person on his how made. behalf shall be deemed to be a contract with the agent;

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Pledge of documents.

Goods or documents of title not received at the time. (5) a pledge of the documents of title to goods shall be deemed to be a pledge of the goods represented by the documents;

(6) where any advance is bona fide made to a mercantile agent entrusted as such agent on the faith of an agreement in writing to consign deposit transfer or deliver goods or documents of title to goods, and the goods or documents are actually received by the person making the advance without notice that the agent was not authorised to make the pledge, the advance shall be deemed to be an advance on the security of the goods or documents within the meaning of this Act, although the goods or documents are not actually received by the person making the advance until after the advance is made;

Transfer how made.

(7) the transfer of a document of title to goods may be by indorsement, or where the document is by custom or by its express terms transferable by delivery, or makes the goods deliverable to bearer, then by delivery.

Pledge by way of exchange, 52 & 53 Vic., c. 45, s. 5. cf. Vict. Act No. 2,663, s. 67. 7. Where a mercantile agent pledges goods in consideration of the delivery or transfer of any other goods or documents of title to goods or negotiable securities upon which the person delivering or transferring the same had at the time a valid and available lien and security for or in respect of a previous advance by virtue of an agreement made with the agent, the pledge, if the pledgee acts in good faith and without notice that the agent had not authority to make the same, shall be deemed to be in consideration of an advance within the meaning of this Act as if there had been a present advance of money, but the pledgee shall acquire no right or interest in excess of the value of the goods documents or negotiable securities when so delivered or transferred.

Pledge for antecedent debt.

Ibid. s. 4. Ibid. s. 68. 8. Where a mercantile agent pledges goods as security for a debt or liability due from the pledger to the pledgee before the time of the pledge, the pledgee shall acquire no further right to the goods than could have been enforced by the pledger at the time of the pledge.

9.

9. (1) Nothing in this Act—

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- (a) shall authorise an agent to exceed or depart from his authority as between himself and his saving for principal, or exempt him from any liability, owner. civil or criminal, for so doing;
- (b) shall prevent the owner of goods from recover- No. 2,663, ing the goods from an agent or his official assignee or trustee in bankruptey at any time before the sale or pledge thereof;
- (e) shall prevent the owner of goods sold by an agent from recovering from the buyer the price agreed to be paid for the same, or any part of that price, subject to any right of setoff on the part of the buyer against the agent;
- (d) shall prevent the owner of goods pledged by an agent from having the right to redeem the goods at any time before the sale thereof, on satisfying the claim for which the goods were pledged, and paying to the agent, if by him required, any money in respect of which the agent would by law be entitled to retain the goods or the documents of title thereto, or any of them, by way of lien as against the owner, or from recovering from any person with whom the goods have been pledged any balance of money remaining in his hands as the produce of the sale of the goods after deducting the amount of the lien.
- (2) In case of the bankruptey of any such agent the owner of the goods so redeemed shall, in respect of any sum paid by him on account of the agent for redemption, be held to have paid such sum for the use of the agent before bankruptcy, and shall be held pro tanto to have discharged any debt due by him to the agent; or in case there has been no such redemption the owner shall be deemed to be a creditor of the bankrupt for the value of the goods so pledged at the time of the pledge, and shall, if he thinks fit, be entitled in either of such cases to prove for or set off the sum so paid or the value of the goods, as the case may be.
- 10. The provisions of this Act shall be construed saving for Common Law in amplification and not in derogation of the powers powers of agent. exercisable by an agent independently of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

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## Section 2.

## SCHEDULE.

## Enactments repealed.

Reference to Acts.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
4 Geo. IV, c. 83 (as declared to be in force in New South Wales).	of the property of merchants	The whole Act.
6 Geo. IV, c. 94 (as declared to be in force in New South Wales).	An Act to alter and amend an Act for the better protection of the property of merchants and others who may hereafter enter into contracts or agreements in relation to goods, wares, or merchandise entrusted to factors or agents.	
Act No. 28 of 1899	Factors Act, 1899	The whole Act.